

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022



ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022



Prepared by the Finance Department
Fiscal Services Division

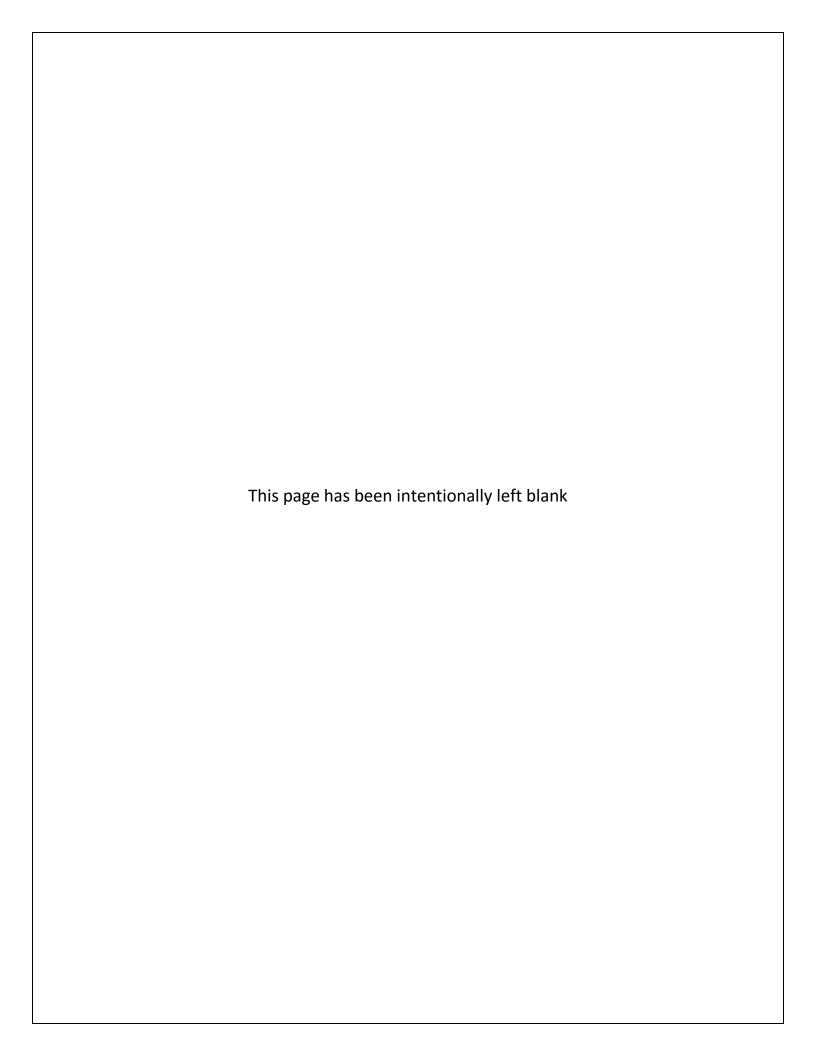
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ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022

INTRODUCTORY SECTION



June 13, 2023

The Honorable Mayor, City Council, Citizens, Taxpayers, and Other Interested Parties of the City of Gardner, Kansas:

We are pleased to present the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of the City of Gardner (City) for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022. The report was prepared by the City's Finance Department. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds of the government. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

City management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls designed to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft, or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that (1) the cost of control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

In addition, the City maintains budgetary controls. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal requirements of Kansas Statutes. Activities of the General Fund, special revenue funds (unless exempted by a specific statute), enterprise funds, and the Debt Service Fund are included in the annual appropriated budget, as required by Kansas Statutes. Spending in funds, which are not subject to said Statutes, are controlled by federal regulations, other statutes, or by the use of internal spending limits established by the City.

As demonstrated by the statements and schedules included in the Financial Section of this report, the City continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management.

Kansas Statutes Annotated 75-1122 requires an annual audit of the accounts, financial records, and transactions of all administrative departments of the City by independent certified public accountants. The accounting firm of Allen, Gibbs & Houlik, L.C. was selected by the City Council. Allen, Gibbs & Houlik, L.C. issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the City of Gardner's financial statements for the year ended December 31,

2022. The independent auditor's report on the financial statements is included in the Financial Section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

Profile of the Government

The City of Gardner was established on March 16, 1858 and came under the jurisdiction of the State of Kansas in 1861. The City was incorporated as a Municipal Corporation of the third class in January 1887 and as a Municipal Corporation of the second class in December 2002. The City is located in Johnson County, Kansas, along Interstate 35, about 25 miles southwest of downtown Kansas City, Missouri. Johnson County, Kansas is considered to be one of the top growth areas in the state, and one of the top growth areas in the country. Johnson County is the largest county in Kansas with a population of approximately 619,195.

Because of Gardner's location on the edge of the Kansas City metropolitan area, the city serves as a suburban living area for individuals employed in the metropolitan area, as well as the surrounding rural agricultural community. Gardner is experiencing development tangentially related to the intermodal/logistics park facility noted below. Currently, Gardner is approximately 14.01 square miles in size. In 2022, Gardner's population was estimated at 25,602.

The City has a Mayor-Council-Administrator form of government. There are five members of the City Council; the Mayor and Council Members are elected on an at-large ballot to serve a four-year term on a staggered basis.

Gardner provides a full range of services including police protection and codes enforcement through its Police Department, fire services provided by Johnson County Fire District No. 1, and ambulance services provided by Johnson County Med-Act. The City provides municipal electric, water, and wastewater services, street maintenance, and engineering. Other services include planning, zoning, municipal court, comprehensive parks and recreational activities and facilities, general administrative services, and a municipal airport.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has established the criteria to determine the financial reporting entity for a municipal government's financial report. This criterion is used to examine the relationship of the City to other associated, but legally separate, entities to determine if their inclusion in this report would be necessary to fairly present the financial position of the City. This criterion generally has to do with the financial benefit or burden and levels of influence over the activities of these associated, but legally separate, entities.

Using said criterion, it was determined that the City has a blended component unit. The blended component unit - the Public Building Commission (PBC) - although a legally separate entity, is, in substance, part of the City's operations. In 2022, there was no fund balance or activity to report for the PBC.

Economic Condition and Outlook

2023 projections from the county appraiser also indicate significant growth in assessed valuation, at 13.55% for taxable properties. Based on the 2023 projections, the City's overall market value increased from \$2.421 billion to \$2.739 billion, an additional 13.16%.

In 2022, Gardner saw the issuance of 1,163 building and improvement project permits valued at \$113.19 million in valuation. This included 123 new single-family homes and 384 new multifamily units. Final Development Plan and Final Plat approvals for residential projects during 2022 totaled 547 new single-family lots and 686 multi-family units of future development inventory.

The City's financial capacity and ability to leverage its municipally-owned utilities, combined with ample undeveloped land around Gardner's two interchanges on Interstate 35, position the City as a central point for commerce and additional growth. The city is also in close proximity to a several thousand acre railroad and logistics park - an inland port supporting the global supply chain - on its western border and a premiere multimodal business park. These adjacent businesses create job opportunities that have contributed to a strong demand for housing throughout the city.

2022 Major Initiatives

Investment in the community's transportation network continued in 2022 with base repairs and resurfacing of 167th St. from Center to Moonlight, rehabilitation of 167th St. from Kill Creek Rd. to Center St., preliminary engineering and design services of the 167th St. Corridor between Four Corners Rd. and Moonlight Rd. and neighborhood street improvements under the 2022 Pavement Management Program.

The City continued its focus on promoting economic development by starting the design of the Strong Lift Station, which will serve development on the recently annexed Strong property located on the southside of I-35.

Future/Planned Initiatives

In 2023, transportation network improvements are expected to continue with Center Street sidewalk improvements, rehabilitation of Moonlight Rd. from I-35 to Buffalo Trail and the 2023 Neighborhood Pavement Management Program.

The City continues to develop infrastructure plans for providing service to recently annexed properties and anticipated new development. Planned infrastructure improvements include the design and construction of Phase II Expansion of the Kill Creek Wastewater Resource Recovery Facility, Cedar Niles Lift Station, Winwood Park Relief Sewer, and a new Water Intake Structure at Hillsdale Lake.

The Capital Improvement Program includes a schedule of planned capital projects for the next 5 years. The City is planning to make significant investments over the next 5 years in sanitary sewer and transportation infrastructure including the replacement/upgrade of Garder Rd. Bridge over I-35.

Financial Planning

Revenues greater than budget estimates contributed to the City's EOY 2022 General Fund balance that met and exceeded the City's target fund balance for the General Fund of 30% of expenditures. This level of fund balance exceeded the Government Finance Officers Association's "best practice" recommendation "of no less than two months of regular general fund operating revenues or regular general fund operating expenditures" (or 16.67%).

The City continues to implement planned water rate increases of 3.7% each year until 2030 to assist with paying for the Hillsdale Water Treatment Plant expansion project. In 2022, the City updated the rate studies for the electric utility and the wastewater utility to ensure that rates are appropriate for supporting anticipated capital projects. In 2023, the City implemented a 4.2% increase in the wastewater rate to support planned capital projects and anticipated debt service. In 2023, the City implemented a 2% reduction in the residential kWh rate, temporarily eliminated the Power Cost Adjustment (PCA) for all customers, and reduced the Electric Service Charge fee by \$4 for all residential customers. These electric rate and fee changes were implemented to intentionally reduce the fund balance over time in the Electric Fund down to the target fund balance of 30% of expenditures and to lower the cost of energy for Gardner residents.

Management will continue to monitor reserves and will take necessary action to maintain desired levels, as evidenced by past financial performance and the current Standard & Poor's investment grade credit rating of AA-/Stable.

Awards/Acknowledgements

The City received the GFOA Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for the fiscal year beginning January 1, 2022. This is the eighth consecutive year the City has earned the budget presentation award. The award reflects the commitment of the Governing Body and staff to meeting the highest principles of governmental budgeting. In order to receive the budget award, the City had to satisfy nationally recognized guidelines for effective

budget presentation. These guidelines are designed to assess how well an entity's budget serves as: a policy document, a financial plan, an operations guide, and a communications device. Budget documents must be rated "proficient" in all four categories, and the fourteen mandatory criteria within those categories, to receive the award. We believe the FY 2023-2024 biennial budget document will meet the award criteria for FY 2023. The City's Finance Department, working in conjunction with City administration and the Governing Body, is responsible for developing the budget document.

This is the nineteenth year that the City has prepared the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report, and staff will submit this report for a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting with the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA). The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a governmental unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Annual Comprehensive Financial Report that conforms to program standards. The annual report must satisfy both accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for one year only. We believe this report conforms to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements.

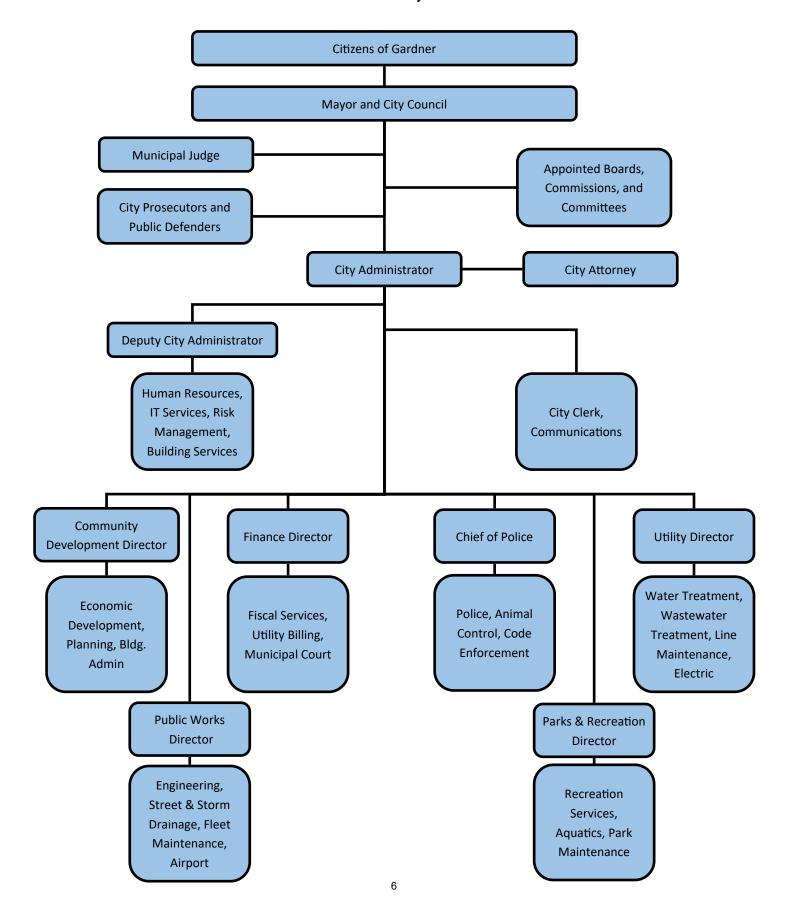
The preparation of this Annual Comprehensive Financial Report could not have been accomplished without the cooperation and support of the Governing Body in maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of Gardner's finances. In addition, special thanks are extended to Administration, other City departments, external auditors, and for the efficient, dedicated efforts of the entire staff of the City's accounting division.

Sincerely,

James Pruetting
City Administrator

Matthew Wolff Finance Director

City of Gardner Organizational Chart December 31, 2022



City of Gardner, Kansas

List of Elected and Appointed Officials

December 31, 2022

Elected Officials

		Term Expires
Mayor	Todd Winters	2025
Council President	Mark Baldwin	2025
Council Vice President	Steve Shute	2025
Councilmember	Kacy Deaton	2023
Councilmember	Tory Roberts	2023
Councilmember	Mark Wiehn	2023

Appointed Officials

City Administrator	Jim Pruetting
Deputy City Administrator	Amy Nasta
City Clerk	Sharon Rose
Municipal Judge	Robin Lewis
Lead Prosecutor	Nora Cooper
City Prosecutor	Vacant
City Attorney	Ryan Denk
Community Development Director	David Knopick
Finance Director	Matthew Wolff
Public Works Director	Kellen Headlee
Chief of Police	James Belcher
Parks and Recreation Director	Jason Bruce
Utility Director	Gonzalo Garcia



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Gardner Kansas

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2021

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022

FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and City Council Members City of Gardner, Kansas

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Gardner, Kansas (the City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Gardner, Kansas, as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS), the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide*, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards (*Government Auditing Standards*), issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial double about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information listed on the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information consists of the introductory, statistical and annual operating data sections as listed in the table of contents but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 13, 2023 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Allen, Gibbs & Houlik, L.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Overland Park, Kansas June 13, 2023

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the City of Gardner (City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, the City's basic financial statements and the related notes to the basic financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of 2022 by \$159,799,160 (net position). Of this amount, \$29,240,985 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The City's net position increased by \$16,069,123 during the fiscal year.
- As of the close of 2022, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$23,755,567. Approximately 36% of this total amount, \$8,509,475, is unassigned fund balance available for spending at the City's discretion.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, fund balance for the City's primary operating fund, the general fund, was \$8,794,861 or 51% of the total general fund revenues of \$17,192,128.
- The City's total long-term debt increased \$1,320,972 during the current fiscal year. The City issued \$12,810,000 of new debt for the purpose of paying the costs of certain water system, street, and sewer system improvements and for definitive financing of bond anticipation notes. Of this amount, \$1,385,000 was to renew a portion of the City's temporary notes. The new debt issued was offset by the retirement of existing debt.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The City's financial report consists of the following parts:

- Management's discussion and analysis;
- The basic financial statements, which include the government-wide and the fund financial statements, along with the notes to the basic financial statements;
- Combining and individual statements and schedules for non-major funds;
- Statistical section, including the Annual Operating Data;

The basic financial statements of the City include the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements follow the basic financial statements and are essential for the reader's understanding of the financial statements. Other supplementary information, including the statistical section, is also included at the end of this report to provide additional information for the reader.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements present the results of the City's operations using the accrual basis of accounting, the basis of accounting used by private-sector businesses. These statements focus on the long-term financial picture of the City as a whole.

The *Statement of Net Position* reports all of the City's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and net position. Net position, the difference between (a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, are important measures of the City's overall financial health. Over time, the increases and decreases in net position can be monitored to determine whether the City's financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities shows how the net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. The unique feature of this statement is how it shows the revenues and expenses related to specific programs and how much of the programs were supported by the general taxes of the City. Since this statement is prepared on the accrual basis of accounting, all revenues and expenses are included, regardless of when cash is actually received or disbursed.

Both statements show the operations of the City broken down by governmental activities and business-type activities. Governmental activities are the operations of the City generally supported by taxes, such as public works, police, parks and recreation, community development and general administration. Business-type activities are operations of the City that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. These consist of the four utilities the City operates: electric, water, wastewater, and stormwater along with the airport.

Fund Financial Statements

The City uses two types of funds to manage its resources: Governmental Funds and Proprietary Funds. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. These funds are separated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

Governmental Fund financial statements are prepared on the modified accrual basis. Under the modified accrual basis, revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available, and expenditures are recognized when the related fund liability is incurred, with the exception of long-term debt and other similar items, which are recorded when due. The focus, therefore, is on the short-term financial picture of the operations reported rather than the City as a whole. Most of the City's basic operations are reported in the governmental fund financial statements. The information reported in these statements can be compared to the governmental activities information in the government-wide statements. The reconciliation at the end of the fund financial statements details the relationship between the two types of financial statements.

The City maintains several individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures

and changes in fund balances for the general fund, debt service fund, capital projects fund, infrastructure special sales tax fund and special highway fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the remaining governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Proprietary Funds are used by the City to account for activities that operate similar to commercial enterprises found in the private sector. Funds that charge fees for services provided to outside customers including other local governments are called enterprise funds. These funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Funds that charge fees for services provided to departments within the reporting government are known as internal service funds. Proprietary funds use the accrual basis of accounting; thus, the only reconciling items needed between the government-wide financial statements for business-type activities and the proprietary fund financial statements relate to the elimination of internal service fund activity and capital asset ownership transfers.

The City has five enterprise funds: electric fund, water fund, wastewater fund, stormwater fund and the airport fund. The City has four internal service funds: risk services fund, information technology services fund, building services fund, and the utility billing services fund. The electric fund, water fund, and wastewater fund are the only funds being considered major funds for presentation purposes.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the basic financial statements because they contain valuable additional information necessary for gaining a complete understanding of the City's financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the financial statements and notes described above, required supplementary information concerning the City's net pension liability and schedule of contributions for KPERS and KP&F and the City's total OPEB liability have been included to give the reader further information. Combining statements for non-major funds and internal service funds are presented following the required supplementary information. Finally, the Statistical Section includes statistical data about the City and the annual operating data.

ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS

Analysis of Net Position

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial condition. For the City, assets plus deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources by \$159,799,160 at the close of the current fiscal year. The City's net position increased by \$16,069,123 from the prior year, with governmental activities increasing \$11,479,385 and business-type activities increasing \$4,589,738.

City of Gardner, Kansas Net Position

	Government	al Activities	Business-typ	e Activities	Total			
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021		
Current and other assets	\$47,710,529	\$35,730,508	\$33,557,667	\$22,314,755	\$81,268,196	\$58,045,263		
Capital assets	80,947,297	79,694,508	114,002,711	118,119,743	194,950,008	197,814,251		
Right to use assets	1,291,737	-	199,716	-	1,491,453			
Total assets	129,949,563	115,425,016	147,760,094	140,434,498	277,709,657	255,859,514		
Deferred outflows	3,909,931	2,708,090	1,018,942	636,758	4,928,873	3,344,848		
Long-term liabilities	48,962,043	50,207,077	52,618,150	53,421,108	101,580,193	103,628,185		
Otherliabilities	10,041,827	2,771,415	5,429,463	893,886	15,471,290	3,665,301		
Total liabilities	59,003,870	52,978,492	58,047,613	54,314,994	117,051,483	107,293,486		
Deferred inflows	5,596,209	7,249,724	191,678	806,255	5,787,887	8,055,979		
Net position:								
Net investment in								
Capital Assets	41,395,607	40,365,621	61,586,615	67,367,298	102,982,222	107,732,919		
Restricted for:								
Debt service	15,666,085	12,401,283	-	-	15,666,085	12,401,283		
Capital projects	4,780,676	2,660,031	-	-	4,780,676	2,660,031		
Streets improvements	6,376,774	2,556,031	-	-	6,376,774	2,556,031		
Economic development	428,317	275,405	-	-	428,317	275,405		
Other purposes	324,101	257,786	-	-	324,101	257,786		
Unrestricted	287,855	(611,267)	28,953,130	18,582,709	29,240,985	17,971,442		
Total net position	\$69,259,415	\$57,904,890	\$90,539,745	\$85,950,007	\$159,799,160	\$143,854,897		

The largest portion of the City's net position (64%) reflects its net investment of \$102,982,222 in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, intangibles, infrastructure, vehicles, machinery and equipment and construction in progress); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these are not available for future spending.

An additional \$27,575,953 of the City's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of the City's net position of \$29,240,985 is unrestricted and may be used to meet ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

Analysis of Changes in Net Position

Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$11,479,385, while business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$4,589,738. The following table reflects the revenues and expenses for the City's activities for the year ended December 31, 2022, and illustrates the comparison between 2022 and the prior year:

City of Gardner, Kansas Changes in Net Position

Price Pric		Gov	ernmental Activit	ies	Business-type Activities					
Program Revenues: Charges for services				Increase		Increase				
Program Revenuers: Charges for services \$ 5,002,969 \$ 4,183,186 \$ 819,788 \$ 36,859,122 \$ 37,330,613 \$ (471,491) Operating grants and contributions 12,30,770 3,590,921 421,586 — 1,098 (1,098) Capital grants and contributions 12,30,770 8,379,221 2,851,549 2,333,423 1,405,534 927,898 General Revenuers: 970 5,373,238 5,394,940 (21,702) —		2022	2021	(Decrease)	2022	2021	(Decrease)			
Charges for services 5,002,969 4,183,186 8 819,783 36,859,122 37,330,613 5 (471,491) Operating grants and contributions 4,012,507 3,590,921 421,586 - 1,098 (1,098) Capital grants and contributions 11,230,770 3,590,921 421,586 - 1,098 (1,098) General Revenues: Property taxes 5,373,238 5,394,940 (21,702) - - - - Sales taxes 6,702,300 5,931,142 7771,158 - <	Revenues:									
Operating grants and contributions 4,012,507 3,590,921 421,586 - 1,098 (1,098) Capital grants and contributions 11,230,770 8,379,221 2,851,549 2,333,423 1,405,534 927,889 General Revenues: Property taxes 5,373,238 5,394,940 (21,702) - - - - Sales taxes 6,702,300 5,931,142 771,158 - - - - Franchise taxes 325,352 264,835 60,517 - - - - Existe taxes 559,109 359,835 199,274 - - - - Unrestricted Investment earnings 240,500 17,313 223,217 214,318 23,649 190,669 Lease interest revenue - - 126 - 126 Other 449,241 496,004 (46,763) - - - Expenses: - - 22,862,094 5,333,783 39,406,989 38,760,894	Program Revenues:									
Capital grants and contributions 11,230,770 8,379,221 2,851,549 2,333,423 1,405,534 927,889 General Revenues: Property taxes 5,373,238 5,394,940 (21,702) - - - Sales taxes 6,702,300 5,931,142 771,158 - - - Excise taxes 325,352 264,835 60,517 - - - Excise taxes 559,109 359,835 199,274 - - - Unrestricted Investment earnings 240,530 17,313 223,217 214,318 23,649 190,669 Lease interest revenue -	Charges for services	\$ 5,002,969	\$ 4,183,186	\$ 819,783	\$ 36,859,122	\$ 37,330,613	\$ (471,491)			
General Revenues: Property taxes 5,373,238 5,394,940 (21,702) - - - Sales taxes 6,702,300 5,931,142 771,158 - - - Excise taxes 325,352 264,835 60,517 - - - Excise taxes 559,109 359,835 199,274 - - - Transient guest tax 299,861 244,697 55,164 - - - - Unrestricted Investment earnings 240,530 17,313 223,217 214,318 23,649 190,669 Lease interest revenue - - - 126 - 126 Other 449,241 496,004 (46,763) -	Operating grants and contributions	4,012,507	3,590,921	421,586	-	1,098	(1,098)			
Property taxes 5,373,238 5,394,940 (21,702) - - - Sales taxes 6,702,300 5,931,142 771,158 - - - Franchise taxes 325,352 264,835 60,517 - - - Excise taxes 559,109 359,835 199,274 - - - Unrestricted Investment earnings 240,530 17,313 223,217 214,318 23,649 190,669 Lease interest revenue 449,241 496,004 (46,763) - - - - Other 449,241 496,004 (46,763) - - - - Total Revenue 4,915,877 28,862,094 5,333,783 39,406,989 38,760,894 646,009 Expenses: 2 -	Capital grants and contributions	11,230,770	8,379,221	2,851,549	2,333,423	1,405,534	927,889			
Sales taxes 6,702,300 5,931,142 771,158 - - - Franchise taxes 325,352 264,835 60,517 - - - Excise taxes 559,109 359,835 199,274 - - - Transient guest tax 299,861 244,697 55,164 - - - Unrestricted Investment earnings 240,530 17,313 223,217 214,318 23,649 190,669 Lease interest revenue - - - 126 - - 126 Other 449,241 496,004 (46,763) - - - - Total Revenue 34,195,877 28,862,094 5,333,783 39,406,989 38,760,894 646,095 Expenses: Expenses: General government 4,016,862 3,760,357 256,505 - - - - Public works 6,424,667 4,780,947 1,643,720 -	General Revenues:									
Franchise taxes 325,352 264,835 60,517 - - - Excise taxes 559,109 359,835 199,274 - - - Transient guest tax 299,861 244,697 55,164 - - - Unrestricted Investment earnings 240,530 17,313 223,217 214,318 23,649 190,669 Lease interest revenue - - - 126 - 126 Other 449,241 496,004 (46,763) - - - Total Revenue 34,195,877 28,862,094 5,333,783 39,406,989 38,760,894 666,095 Expenses: General government 4,016,862 3,760,357 256,505 - - - - Police 6,843,357 6,128,179 715,178 - - - - Public works 6,424,667 4,780,947 1,643,720 - - - Culture and recreation </td <td>Property taxes</td> <td>5,373,238</td> <td>5,394,940</td> <td>(21,702)</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td>	Property taxes	5,373,238	5,394,940	(21,702)	-	-	-			
Excise taxes 559,109 359,835 199,274 - - - Transient guest tax 299,861 244,697 55,164 - - - Unrestricted Investment earnings 240,530 17,313 223,217 214,318 23,649 190,669 Lease interest revenue - - - 126 - 126 Other 449,241 496,004 (46,763) - - - - Total Revenue 34,195,877 28,862,094 5,333,783 39,406,989 38,760,894 646,095 Expenses: - - 449,241 496,004 (46,763) -	Sales taxes	6,702,300	5,931,142	771,158	-	-	-			
Transient guest tax 299,861 244,697 55,164 - - - - - - - - - - 190,669 190,669 190,669 126 - 126 - 126 - 126 - 126 - 126 - - 126 - - 126 - - - - 126 -	Franchise taxes	325,352	264,835	60,517	-	-	-			
Unrestricted Investment earnings 240,530 17,313 223,217 214,318 23,649 190,669 Lease interest revenue - - - - 126 - 126 Other 449,241 496,004 (46,763) - - - Total Revenue 34,195,877 28,862,094 5,333,783 39,406,989 38,760,894 646,095 Expenses: General government 4,016,862 3,760,357 256,505 - - - - Police 6,843,357 6,128,179 715,178 - - - - Public works 6,424,667 4,780,947 1,643,720 - - - - Culture and recreation 3,347,444 3,082,003 265,441 - - - - Community Development 899,992 861,708 38,284 - - - - Blectric - - - - - -	Excise taxes	559,109	359,835	199,274	-	-	-			
Lease interest revenue - - - 126 - 126 Other 449,241 496,004 (46,763) - - - Total Revenue 34,195,877 28,862,094 5,333,783 39,406,989 38,760,894 646,095 Expenses: General government 4,016,862 3,760,357 256,505 - - - - Police 6,843,357 6,128,179 715,178 - - - - Public works 6,424,667 4,780,947 1,643,720 - - - - Culture and recreation 3,347,444 3,082,003 265,441 -	Transient guest tax	299,861	244,697	55,164	-	-	-			
Other Total Revenue 449,241 496,004 (46,763) - - - Total Revenue 34,195,877 28,862,094 5,333,783 39,406,989 38,760,894 646,095 Expenses: Sepenses:	Unrestricted Investment earnings	240,530	17,313	223,217	214,318	23,649	190,669			
Expenses: Separal government 4,016,862 3,760,357 256,505 - - - Police 6,843,357 6,128,179 715,178 - - - Public works 6,424,667 4,780,947 1,643,720 - - - Culture and recreation 3,347,444 3,082,003 265,441 - - - Community Development 899,992 861,708 38,284 - - - Interest on long-term debt 1,179,226 1,208,794 (29,568) - - - Water - - - 21,914,251 28,977,189 (7,062,938) Wastewater - - - 6,333,9583 8,267,952 (1,928,369) Stormwater - - - 6,153,081 5,601,851 551,230 Total Expenses 22,711,548 19,821,988 2,889,560 34,822,195 43,183,243 (8,361,048) Increase (decrease) in net position before transfers 1,494,432 </td <td>Lease interest revenue</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>126</td> <td>-</td> <td>126</td>	Lease interest revenue	-	-	-	126	-	126			
Expenses: General government 4,016,862 3,760,357 256,505 -	Other	449,241	496,004	(46,763)	-	-	-			
General government 4,016,862 3,760,357 256,505 - - - Police 6,843,357 6,128,179 715,178 - - - Public works 6,424,667 4,780,947 1,643,720 - - - Culture and recreation 3,347,444 3,082,003 265,441 - - - Community Development 899,992 861,708 38,284 - - - Interest on long-term debt 1,179,226 1,208,794 (29,568) - - - Electric - - - - 21,914,251 28,977,189 (7,062,938) Water - - - - 6,339,583 8,267,952 (1,928,369) Wastewater - - - 6,153,081 5,601,851 551,230 Stornwater - - - 95,403 66,470 28,933 Airport - - - - 319,827	Total Revenue	34,195,877	28,862,094	5,333,783	39,406,989	38,760,894	646,095			
General government 4,016,862 3,760,357 256,505 - - - Police 6,843,357 6,128,179 715,178 - - - Public works 6,424,667 4,780,947 1,643,720 - - - Culture and recreation 3,347,444 3,082,003 265,441 - - - Community Development 899,992 861,708 38,284 - - - Interest on long-term debt 1,179,226 1,208,794 (29,568) - - - Electric - - - - 21,914,251 28,977,189 (7,062,938) Water - - - - 6,339,583 8,267,952 (1,928,369) Wastewater - - - 6,153,081 5,601,851 551,230 Stornwater - - - 95,403 66,470 28,933 Airport - - - - 319,827										
Police 6,843,357 6,128,179 715,178 -	Expenses:									
Public works 6,424,667 4,780,947 1,643,720 - - - Culture and recreation 3,347,444 3,082,003 265,441 - - - Community Development 899,992 861,708 38,284 - - - Interest on long-term debt 1,179,226 1,208,794 (29,568) - - - - Electric - - - 21,914,251 28,977,189 (7,062,938) Water - - - 6,339,583 8,267,952 (1,928,369) Wastewater - - - 6,153,081 5,601,851 551,230 Stormwater - - - 6,153,081 5,601,851 551,230 Stormwater - - - 95,403 66,470 28,933 Airport - - - 319,877 269,781 50,096 Total Expenses 22,711,548 19,821,988 2,889,560 34,822,195 43,1	General government	4,016,862	3,760,357	256,505	-	-	-			
Culture and recreation 3,347,444 3,082,003 265,441 - <td>Police</td> <td>6,843,357</td> <td>6,128,179</td> <td>715,178</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td>	Police	6,843,357	6,128,179	715,178	-	-	-			
Community Development 899,992 861,708 38,284 - - - Interest on long-term debt 1,179,226 1,208,794 (29,568) - - - Electric - - - 21,914,251 28,977,189 (7,062,938) Water - - - 6,339,583 8,267,952 (1,928,369) Wastewater - - - 6,153,081 5,601,851 551,230 Stormwater - - - 95,403 66,470 28,933 Airport - - - 319,877 269,781 50,096 Total Expenses 22,711,548 19,821,988 2,889,560 34,822,195 43,183,243 (8,361,048) Increase (decrease) in net position before transfers 11,484,329 9,040,106 2,444,223 4,584,794 (4,422,349) 9,007,143 Transfers (4,944) (1,498,407) 1,493,463 4,944 1,498,407 (1,493,463) Change in net position	Public works	6,424,667	4,780,947	1,643,720	-	-	-			
Interest on long-term debt 1,179,226 1,208,794 (29,568) - <th< td=""><td>Culture and recreation</td><td>3,347,444</td><td>3,082,003</td><td>265,441</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td></th<>	Culture and recreation	3,347,444	3,082,003	265,441	-	-	-			
Electric - - - 21,914,251 28,977,189 (7,062,938) Water - - - 6,339,583 8,267,952 (1,928,369) Wastewater - - - 6,153,081 5,601,851 551,230 Stormwater - - - 95,403 66,470 28,933 Airport - - - 319,877 269,781 50,096 Total Expenses 22,711,548 19,821,988 2,889,560 34,822,195 43,183,243 (8,361,048) Increase (decrease) in net position before transfers 11,484,329 9,040,106 2,444,223 4,584,794 (4,422,349) 9,007,143 Transfers (4,944) (1,498,407) 1,493,463 4,944 1,498,407 (1,493,463) Change in net position 11,479,385 7,541,699 3,937,686 4,589,738 (2,923,942) 7,513,680 Net position, 1/1, as restated 57,780,030 * 50,363,191 7,416,839 85,950,007 88,873,949 (2,923,942)	Community Development	899,992	861,708	38,284	-	-	-			
Water - - - 6,339,583 8,267,952 (1,928,369) Wastewater - - - 6,153,081 5,601,851 551,230 Stormwater - - - 95,403 66,470 28,933 Airport - - - 319,877 269,781 50,096 Total Expenses 22,711,548 19,821,988 2,889,560 34,822,195 43,183,243 (8,361,048) Increase (decrease) in net position before transfers 11,484,329 9,040,106 2,444,223 4,584,794 (4,422,349) 9,007,143 Transfers (4,944) (1,498,407) 1,493,463 4,944 1,498,407 (1,493,463) Change in net position 11,479,385 7,541,699 3,937,686 4,589,738 (2,923,942) 7,513,680 Net position, 1/1, as restated 57,780,030 * 50,363,191 7,416,839 85,950,007 88,873,949 (2,923,942)	Interest on long-term debt	1,179,226	1,208,794	(29,568)	-	-	-			
Wastewater - - - 6,153,081 5,601,851 551,230 Stormwater - - - 95,403 66,470 28,933 Airport - - - 319,877 269,781 50,096 Total Expenses 22,711,548 19,821,988 2,889,560 34,822,195 43,183,243 (8,361,048) Increase (decrease) in net position before transfers 11,484,329 9,040,106 2,444,223 4,584,794 (4,422,349) 9,007,143 Transfers (4,944) (1,498,407) 1,493,463 4,944 1,498,407 (1,493,463) Change in net position 11,479,385 7,541,699 3,937,686 4,589,738 (2,923,942) 7,513,680 Net position, 1/1, as restated 57,780,030 * 50,363,191 7,416,839 85,950,007 88,873,949 (2,923,942)	Electric	-	-	-	21,914,251	28,977,189	(7,062,938)			
Stormwater - - - - 95,403 66,470 28,933 Airport - - - - 319,877 269,781 50,096 Total Expenses 22,711,548 19,821,988 2,889,560 34,822,195 43,183,243 (8,361,048) Increase (decrease) in net position before transfers 11,484,329 9,040,106 2,444,223 4,584,794 (4,422,349) 9,007,143 Transfers (4,944) (1,498,407) 1,493,463 4,944 1,498,407 (1,493,463) Change in net position 11,479,385 7,541,699 3,937,686 4,589,738 (2,923,942) 7,513,680 Net position, 1/1, as restated 57,780,030 * 50,363,191 7,416,839 85,950,007 88,873,949 (2,923,942)	Water	-	-	-	6,339,583	8,267,952	(1,928,369)			
Airport - - - 319,877 269,781 50,096 Total Expenses 22,711,548 19,821,988 2,889,560 34,822,195 43,183,243 (8,361,048) Increase (decrease) in net position before transfers 11,484,329 9,040,106 2,444,223 4,584,794 (4,422,349) 9,007,143 Transfers (4,944) (1,498,407) 1,493,463 4,944 1,498,407 (1,493,463) Change in net position 11,479,385 7,541,699 3,937,686 4,589,738 (2,923,942) 7,513,680 Net position, 1/1, as restated 57,780,030 * 50,363,191 7,416,839 85,950,007 88,873,949 (2,923,942)	Wastewater	-	-	-	6,153,081	5,601,851	551,230			
Total Expenses 22,711,548 19,821,988 2,889,560 34,822,195 43,183,243 (8,361,048) Increase (decrease) in net position before transfers 11,484,329 9,040,106 2,444,223 4,584,794 (4,422,349) 9,007,143 Transfers (4,944) (1,498,407) 1,493,463 4,944 1,498,407 (1,493,463) Change in net position 11,479,385 7,541,699 3,937,686 4,589,738 (2,923,942) 7,513,680 Net position, 1/1, as restated 57,780,030 * 50,363,191 7,416,839 85,950,007 88,873,949 (2,923,942)	Stormwater	-	-	_	95,403	66,470	28,933			
Increase (decrease) in net position before transfers 11,484,329 9,040,106 2,444,223 4,584,794 (4,422,349) 9,007,143 Transfers (4,944) (1,498,407) 1,493,463 4,944 1,498,407 (1,498,407) 1,493,463 Change in net position 11,479,385 7,541,699 3,937,686 4,589,738 (2,923,942) 7,513,680 Net position, 1/1, as restated 57,780,030 * 50,363,191 7,416,839 85,950,007 88,873,949 (2,923,942)	Airport	-	-	_	319,877	269,781	50,096			
position before transfers 11,484,329 9,040,106 2,444,223 4,584,794 (4,422,349) 9,007,143 Transfers (4,944) (1,498,407) 1,493,463 4,944 1,498,407 (1,493,463) Change in net position 11,479,385 7,541,699 3,937,686 4,589,738 (2,923,942) 7,513,680 Net position, 1/1, as restated 57,780,030 * 50,363,191 7,416,839 85,950,007 88,873,949 (2,923,942)	Total Expenses	22,711,548	19,821,988	2,889,560	34,822,195	43,183,243	(8,361,048)			
position before transfers 11,484,329 9,040,106 2,444,223 4,584,794 (4,422,349) 9,007,143 Transfers (4,944) (1,498,407) 1,493,463 4,944 1,498,407 (1,493,463) Change in net position 11,479,385 7,541,699 3,937,686 4,589,738 (2,923,942) 7,513,680 Net position, 1/1, as restated 57,780,030 * 50,363,191 7,416,839 85,950,007 88,873,949 (2,923,942)	Increase (decrease) in net									
Transfers (4,944) (1,498,407) 1,493,463 4,944 1,498,407 (1,493,463) Change in net position 11,479,385 7,541,699 3,937,686 4,589,738 (2,923,942) 7,513,680 Net position, 1/1, as restated 57,780,030 * 50,363,191 7,416,839 85,950,007 88,873,949 (2,923,942)	position before transfers	11,484,329	9,040,106	2,444,223	4,584,794	(4,422,349)	9,007,143			
Change in net position 11,479,385 7,541,699 3,937,686 4,589,738 (2,923,942) 7,513,680 Net position, 1/1, as restated 57,780,030 * 50,363,191 7,416,839 85,950,007 88,873,949 (2,923,942)	Transfers	(4,944)	(1,498,407)	1,493,463	4,944	1,498,407	(1,493,463)			
Net position, 1/1, as restated 57,780,030 * 50,363,191 7,416,839 85,950,007 88,873,949 (2,923,942)	Change in net position	11,479,385		3,937,686	4,589,738					

^{*}Beginning balance for 2022 has been restated due to the implementation of GASB 87 $\,$

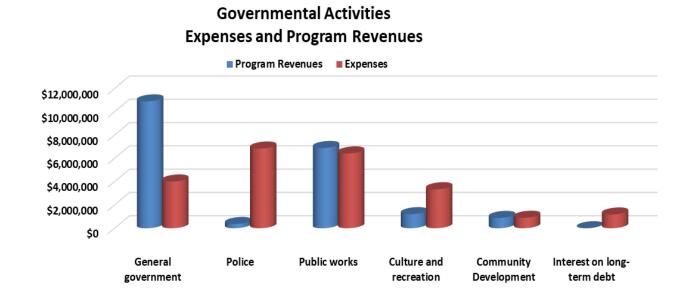
Governmental Activities

The City's net position related to governmental activities increased \$11,479,385 during the year, an increase of \$3,937,686 from the prior year.

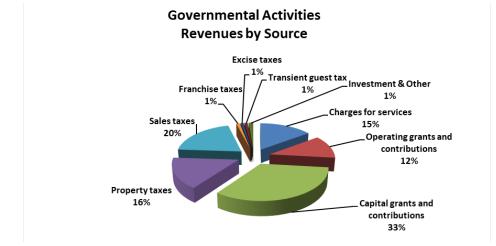
Total governmental revenues increased \$5,333,783 from the prior year. The City saw increases in program revenues of \$4,092,918, of this amount \$2,851,549 is primarily due to capital contributions from developers and grant funding from KDOT for an off-street school route project. The City also saw increased revenues from park impact and building permit fees due to new development; strong sales tax collections within the Johnson County area due to a rebounding economy from the pandemic and increasing inflation; and new special assessments certified in 2022. Additionally, the City's sales tax revenues increased \$771,158 due to increasing population and inflation. Excise tax revenues increased \$199,274 due to an increase in platting from new development in comparison with the prior year.

Total governmental expenses increased \$2,889,560 from the prior year. The City saw increases in most of the governmental activities in 2022. The largest increase was in public works due to a large street overlay project.

The chart below illustrates how the City's various governmental activities program revenues vs. program expenses fared in 2022.



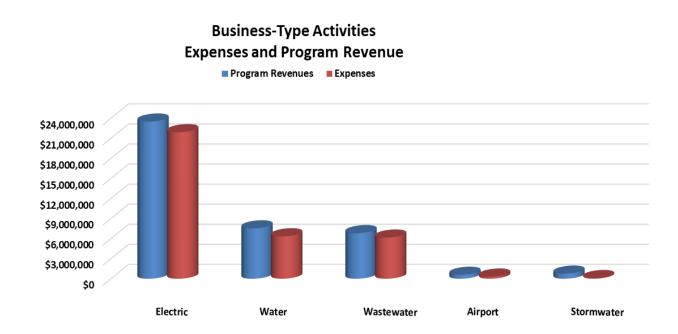
The chart below illustrates the City's overall program and general revenues for governmental activities:



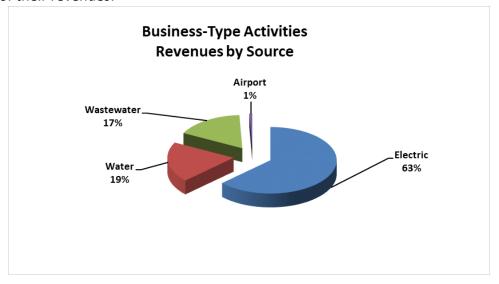
Business-Type Activities

The City's net position related to business-type activities increased \$4,589,738. The electric, water and wastewater funds experienced positive changes (2.3%, 3.4% and 7.0%, respectively). These positive changes are primarily due to decreased electric wholesale energy costs, decreased water operating expenses and a decrease in the loss on the sale of capital assets. The City's utility department converted to smart meters in 2021, this resulted in a write-off related to the old meters that did not recur in 2022.

The City's residential water base rates increased 3.7%, while electric and wastewater base rates were unchanged in 2022. The program revenues vs. program expenses for business-type activities chart below illustrates the overall increase in net position for all business-type activities.



The chart below illustrates the City's charges for services from business-type activities, which account for 93.53% of their revenues:



FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS:

The City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of resources that are available for spending. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the City's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. Types of governmental funds reported by the City include the general fund, debt service funds, capital projects funds and special revenue funds.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$23,755,567, an increase of \$6,958,699 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 37% of this total amount or \$8,672,753 constitutes fund balance that is available to meet the City's current and future needs. The remainder of the fund balance totaling \$15,082,814 is restricted for specific spending or nonspendable in form.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, the total fund balance was \$8,794,861. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare the available fund balance to total general fund expenditures. Available fund balance represents 58% of total general fund expenditures of \$15,207,918.

The fund balance in the City's general fund had an increase of \$1,683,380 during the current fiscal year. Total revenues in the general fund increased \$2,020,345 and total expenditures increased \$1,232,951 compared to the previous year. This is due to strong local sales tax collections and sales

and use tax collections within the Johnson County area, mostly due to increasing populations and inflation.

The debt service fund had an ending fund balance of \$1,930,139, all of which is restricted for the payment of debt service. This is an increase of \$317,486 from the prior year, due to a large debt issue paying off in 2021.

The capital projects fund had an ending fund balance of \$1,819,926. This is a decrease of \$84,663 from the prior year.

The infrastructure special sales tax fund had an ending fund balance of \$1,700,787, all of which is restricted for rehabilitation of streets and pedestrian bridges and trails. This is an increase of \$342,640 from the previous year and is due to fewer street projects and an increase in the City's sales tax as aforementioned.

The special highway fund had an ending fund balance of \$5,564,132, all of which is restricted for construction and maintenance of streets, curbs and sidewalks within the City. This is an increase of \$3,929,400 due to the timing of debt proceeds received in 2022 for projects completed in 2021.

Proprietary funds

The City's proprietary funds financial statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

At the end of the current fiscal year, unrestricted net position for proprietary funds amounted to \$28,934,413. The total increase in unrestricted net position was \$10,366,323 from the prior year.

The electric fund had total net position of \$35,962,121 at the end of the current fiscal year. This is an increase of \$798,135 or, 2.27%, from the previous year. The increase is mostly due to decreased wholesale energy costs.

The water fund had total net position of \$20,827,242 at the end of the current fiscal year. This is an increase of \$685,024 or 3.4% from the previous year which can be attributed to decreased operating expenses and increased water rates. A new water line connection was funded in 2021 for a new development project that did not recur in 2022.

The wastewater fund had total net position of \$26,362,023 at the end of the current fiscal year. This is an increase of \$1,729,545 or 7.02%, from the previous year due to an increase in operating revenues along with decreased operating expenses. The increase in operating revenues was due to increased wastewater development fees from new development while the decreased operating expenses were due to a large cured in place pipe rehab project that happened in 2021 that did not recur in 2022.

The airport fund (a non-major proprietary fund) had total net position of \$4,272,734 at the end of the current fiscal year. This is an increase of \$271,210 or 6.78% from the previous year due to the receipt of capital grants.

The stormwater fund (a non-major proprietary fund) had total net position of \$3,076,418 at the end of the current fiscal year. This is an increase of \$1,105,825 or 56.12% from the previous year due to the receipt of capital contributions from developers.

The City's internal service funds had total net position of \$305,957 at the end of the current fiscal year.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS:

The City's general fund budget was not amended during 2022; therefore, the original budget and the final budget are the same. During the year, total revenues were more than budgetary estimates by \$2,791,069. Total expenditures were \$5,343,355 less than budgeted, which resulted in a positive variance of \$8,134,424. General fund project reserves of \$5,218,057 remain available at the end of 2022, up 35.66% from the prior year. These large reserves will provide funding to undertake major initiatives planned for the future and any unforeseen expenditures. A summary of differences between budgetary estimates for revenues and expenditures is as follows:

- Intergovernmental revenues were \$1,572,873 more than estimated due to strong sales tax collections within the Johnson County area, as aforementioned.
- City licenses and permits revenues were more than estimated by \$397,523 due to increased building and construction permits from new development in the City.
- Fines and fees revenues were more than estimated by \$264,379 due to increased court fines and fees.
- Transfers out were more than budgeted by \$1,000,000 due to a transfer to the capital improvement fund for the 167th Corridor preliminary design and final design of 167th from Center to Moonlight.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2022, amounted to \$194,950,008 (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization). This investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, intangibles, vehicles, roads, water lines, sewer collectors and electric lines.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- The City received donated infrastructure from new development valued at \$6,691,069.
- The City completed construction on the expansion of the Hillsdale Water Treatment Plant.
- The City negotiated the termination of an interlocal agreement resulting in the disposal of an intangible asset valued at \$5,470,062, net of accumulated amortization.
- The City's capital assets decreased \$1,468,326 (net of accumulated depreciation) due to the implementation of GASB 87.

City of Gardner's Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities			Business-typ	Activities	Total					
		2022		2021	2022		2021		2022		2021
Land	\$	6,538,458	\$	7,203,958	\$ 4,480,881	\$	3,689,744	\$	11,019,339	\$	10,893,702
Construction in progress		6,069,189		8,706,492	5,498,984		32,012,206		11,568,173		40,718,698
Buildings		15,124,534		15,586,090	40,740,903		16,308,993		55,865,437		31,895,083
Improvements		3,230,994		2,915,557	6,284,995		6,402,682		9,515,989		9,318,239
Infrastructure		49,321,180		44,325,859	55,208,657		52,670,921	2	104,529,837		96,996,780
Intangibles		-		-	54,512		5,548,348		54,512		5,548,348
Machinery and equipment		310,374		448,145	1,096,347		728,216		1,406,721		1,176,361
Vehicles		352,568		508,407	637,432		758,633		990,000		1,267,040
	\$	80,947,297	\$	79,694,508	\$ 114,002,711	\$	118,119,743	\$:	194,950,008	\$	197,814,251

More detailed information about the City's capital assets is presented in Note 4 to the Basic Financial Statements.

Long-Term Debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total long-term debt outstanding of \$90,819,296. This amount was comprised of \$59,975,000 of general obligation debt and \$1,385,000 of bond anticipation notes backed by the full faith and credit of the City. Special assessment debt in the amount \$11,505,000 is debt for which the City is liable in the event of default by the property owners subject to the assessment. An additional \$7,264,494 of the City's debt is from construction loans with the Kansas Department of Health and Environment for improvements to the wastewater system. Of the remaining debt, \$9,359,870 is from capital financing and \$1,329,932 is from lease liabilities.

In 2022, the City issued General Obligation Bonds to finance the cost of certain water, street, sewer and related improvements previously financed with the City's General Obligation Temporary Notes, Series 2020C.

In 2022, the City also issued General Obligation Temporary Notes for the purpose of renewing a portion of the City's General Obligation Temporary Notes, Series 2020C.

City of Gardner's Long-Term Debt

_	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-typ	oe Activities	Total					
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021				
General obligation bonds	\$ 25,930,000	\$ 23,942,500	\$ 34,045,000	\$ 31,720,000	\$ 59,975,000	\$ 55,662,500				
Special assessment debt with										
government commitment	11,505,000	9,637,500	-	-	11,505,000	9,637,500				
Bond anticipation notes payable	1,385,000	5,205,000	-	-	1,385,000	5,205,000				
Construction loan payable	-	-	7,264,494	7,905,171	7,264,494	7,905,171				
Lease liabilities	1,129,758	-	200,174	-	1,329,932	-				
Capital financing	18,987	1,371,441	9,340,883	9,716,712	9,359,870	11,088,153				
	\$ 39,968,745	\$ 40,156,441	\$ 50,850,551	\$ 49,341,883	\$ 90,819,296	\$ 89,498,324				

The City's total long-term debt increased \$1,320,972 during the current fiscal year. This is due to the aforementioned new GO Debt issued which was offset by the retirement of existing debt.

The City was assigned an "AA-" rating from Standard & Poor's for its general obligation bonds. State statutes limit the amount of net bonded debt (exclusive of revenue, utility, and refunding bonds) a government entity may issue to 30% of its total assessed valuation of property. The current debt limitation for the City is \$93,225,575, which is significantly in excess of the City's outstanding net bonded debt.

More detailed information about the City's long-term debt is presented in Note 12 to the basic financial statements.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all interested parties. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to: Finance Department, 120 East Main, Gardner, Kansas 66030.

CITY OF GARDNER, KANSAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2022

	Governmental	Primary Government Business-type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
Assets:			
Deposits and investments	\$ 12,700,401	\$ 14,284,575	\$ 26,984,976
U.S. Treasury bill	12,029,526	13,743,763	25,773,289
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles:	6 245 255		6.245.255
Taxes	6,245,255	2 244 444	6,245,255
Accounts receivable	- 4 275 460	3,241,111	3,241,111
Intergovernmental	1,275,169	92,142	1,367,311
Special assessments Other	14,162,365	-	14,162,365
Lease receivable	10,124	34,813	10,124 34,813
Prepaid items	- 5,175	34,613	5,175
Inventories	119,781	1,704,188	1,823,969
Restricted deposits and investments	1,162,733	457,075	1,619,808
Capital assets, net of accumulated	1,102,733	437,073	1,013,000
depreciation, where applicable:			
Land	6,538,458	4,480,881	11,019,339
Construction in progress	6,069,189	5,498,984	11,568,173
Buildings	15,124,534	40,740,903	55,865,437
Improvements	3,230,994	6,284,995	9,515,989
Infrastructure	49,321,180	55,208,657	104,529,837
Intangible	-	54,512	54,512
Machinery and equipment	310,374	1,096,347	1,406,721
Vehicles	352,568	637,432	990,000
Right to use leased assets, net of accumulated	55-,555	55.7.5=	553,555
amortization, where applicable:			
Land	355,262	_	355,262
Infrastructure	876,290	_	876,290
Vehicles	60,185	199,716	259,901
Total assets	129,949,563	147,760,094	277,709,657
Deferred outflows of resources:			
Unamortized portion of refunding gain	109,265	-	109,265
Pension deferred outflow	3,766,268	992,123	4,758,391
OPEB deferred outflow	34,398	26,819	61,217
Total deferred outflows of resources	3,909,931	1,018,942	4,928,873
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	380,558	1,084,367	1,464,925
Accrued payroll	157,910	58,536	216,446
Deposits	62,071	-	62,071
Accrued interest payable	384,385	351,093	735,478
Unearned revenue	3,395,373	-	3,395,373
Liabilities payable from restricted assets	-	231,520	231,520
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Due within one year	5,661,530	3,703,947	9,365,477
Due in more than one year	48,962,043	52,618,150	101,580,193
Total liabilities	59,003,870	58,047,613	117,051,483
Deferred inflows of resources:			
Property tax receivable	5,315,324	-	5,315,324
Pension deferred inflow	77,867	46,024	123,891
OPEB deferred inflow	203,018	110,491	313,509
Leases deferred inflow		35,163	35,163
Total deferred inflows of resources	5,596,209	191,678	5,787,887
Net position:	** *** ***	64 = 66 = 67 =	400 000 05
Net investment in capital assets	41,395,607	61,586,615	102,982,222
Restricted for:	45 666 555		45.000.000
Debt service	15,666,085	-	15,666,085
Capital projects	4,780,676	-	4,780,676
Street improvements	6,376,774	-	6,376,774
Economic development	428,317	-	428,317
Other purposes	324,101	- 20.052.422	324,101
Unrestricted	287,855	28,953,130	29,240,985
Total net position	\$ 69,259,415	\$ 90,539,745	\$ 159,799,160

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CITY OF GARDNER, KANSAS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year Ended December 31, 2022

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

						D		_		 Changes in Net 1 ostilon						
			Indirect				ram Revenue	25	Conital		Duima	m. Covernment				
				,	·h		Operating Frants and	,	Capital	 		ry Government				
Formation of Decomposition		F	Expenses		harges for	_			irants and	 vernmental		isiness-Type		Total		
Functions/Programs Primary government:		Expenses	Allocation	_	Services	Co	ntributions		ntributions	 Activities		Activities		Total		
Governmental activities:																
General government	\$	5,781,762	\$ (1,764,900)	\$	2,956,854	\$	3,593,219	\$	4,345,811	\$ 6,879,022	\$	-	\$	6,879,022		
Police		6,843,357	-		9,576		354,500		-	(6,479,281)		-		(6,479,281)		
Public works		6,424,667	-		7,585		-		6,884,959	467,877		-		467,877		
Culture and recreation		3,347,444	-		1,141,611		64,788		-	(2,141,045)		-		(2,141,045)		
Community development		899,992	-		887,343		-		-	(12,649)		-		(12,649)		
Interest on long-term debt		1,179,226	-		-		-		-	(1,179,226)		-		(1,179,226)		
Total governmental activities		24,476,448	(1,764,900)		5,002,969		4,012,507		11,230,770	(2,465,302)		-		(2,465,302)		
Business-type activities:																
Electric		21,478,255	435,996		23,213,696		-		289,450	-		1,588,895		1,588,895		
Water		5,643,979	695,604		7,225,638		-		301,457	-		1,187,512		1,187,512		
Wastewater		5,519,781	633,300		6,156,537		-		660,678	-		664,134		664,134		
Stormwater		95,403	-		-		-		757,647	-		662,244		662,244		
Airport		319,877	-		263,251		-		324,191	-		267,565		267,565		
Total business-type activities		33,057,295	1,764,900		36,859,122		-		2,333,423	-		4,370,350		4,370,350		
Total primary government	\$	57,533,743	\$ -	\$	41,862,091	\$	4,012,507	\$	13,564,193	(2,465,302)		4,370,350		1,905,048		
	Gene	eral revenues:			_		_		_							
		operty taxes								5,373,238		-		5,373,238		
	Sa	les taxes								6,702,300		-		6,702,300		
	Fra	anchise taxes								325,352		-		325,352		
	Ex	cise taxes								559,109		-		559,109		
	Tra	ansient guest ta	ax							299,861		-		299,861		
	Ur	nrestricted inve	stment earnings							240,530		214,318		454,848		
	Le	ase interest rev	enue							-		126		126		
	Ot	ther								449,241		-		449,241		
	Tran	sfers								 (4,944)		4,944				
		Total general re	evenues and transf	ers						13,944,687		219,388		14,164,075		
		Change in ne	t position							11,479,385		4,589,738		16,069,123		
	Net	position, beginn	ing of year, as rest	ated						57,780,030	*	85,950,007		143,730,037		
	Net	position, end of	year							\$ 69,259,415	\$	90,539,745	\$	159,799,160		

^{*}The governmental activities beginning balance has been restated due to the implementation of GASB 87

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CITY OF GARDNER, KANSAS BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2022

	General	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Infrastructure Special Sales Tax	Special Highway	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets							
Deposits and investments	\$ 3,986,666	\$ 918,349	\$ 903,430	\$ 737,682	\$ 2,174,433	\$ 3,714,028	\$ 12,434,588
U.S. Treasury bill	3,770,005	869,542	864,302	698,477	2,058,870	3,516,644	11,777,840
Receivables (net of allowance							
for uncollectibles):							
Taxes	4,218,544	1,615,017	-	265,828	-	145,866	6,245,255
Special assessments	-	14,162,365	-	-	-	-	14,162,365
Intergovernmental	869,255	108,499	-	-	297,415	-	1,275,169
Other	8,222	-	-	-	-	1,902	10,124
Inventories	119,781	-	-	-	-	-	119,781
Prepaids	2,327	-	-	-	-	-	2,327
Restricted deposits and investments		42,034	69,890		1,050,809		1,162,733
Total assets	\$ 12,974,800	\$ 17,715,806	\$ 1,837,622	\$ 1,701,987	\$ 5,581,527	\$ 7,378,440	\$ 47,190,182
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	303,350	8,285	17,696	1,200	17,395	-	347,926
Accrued payroll	151,556	-	-	-	-	-	151,556
Deposits	62,071	-	-	-	-	-	62,071
Unearned revenue	33,240	-	-	-	-	3,362,133	3,395,373
Total liabilities	550,217	8,285	17,696	1,200	17,395	3,362,133	3,956,926
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Unavailable revenue - special assessments	-	14,162,365	-	-	-	-	14,162,365
Deferred revenue - property taxes	3,629,722	1,615,017				70,585	5,315,324
Total deferred inflows of resources	3,629,722	15,777,382	-			70,585	19,477,689
Fund Balances							
Nonspendable	122,108	-	-	-	-	-	122,108
Restricted							
Debt service	-	1,930,139	-	-	-	-	1,930,139
Capital projects	-	-	1,819,926	1,700,787	-	1,329,259	4,849,972
Street improvements	-	-	-	-	5,564,132	1,863,451	7,427,583
Economic development	-	-	-	-	-	428,317	428,317
Other	-	-	-	-	-	324,695	324,695
Assigned							
General government	15,042	-	-	-	-	-	15,042
Public works	127,730	-	-	-	-	-	127,730
Business and economic development	14,824	-	-	-	-	-	14,824
Culture and recreation	5,682	-	-	-	-	-	5,682
Unassigned	8,509,475	-	-	-	-	-	8,509,475
Total fund balances	8,794,861	1,930,139	1,819,926	1,700,787	5,564,132	3,945,722	23,755,567
Total liabilities, deferred inflows							
of resources and fund balances	\$ 12,974,800	\$ 17,715,806	\$ 1,837,622	\$ 1,701,987	\$ 5,581,527	\$ 7,378,440	\$ 47,190,182

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CITY OF GARDNER, KANSAS RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2022

Total fund balances in Governmental Funds Balance Sheet		\$ 23,755,567
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources		
and therefore are not reported in the funds.		80,822,729
Right to use leased assets used in governmental activites are not financial resources		1,291,737
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period		
expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.		14,162,365
Deferred outflows of resources are not available and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Deferred refunding	109,265	
Deferred outflows related to pensions	3,629,778	
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	32,578	
Total		3,771,621
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Accrued interest payable Bonds:	(384,385)	
General obligation, bond anticipation notes and special assessments bond payable,		
net of unamortized premium of \$2,146,680	(40,966,680)	
Net pension liability	(10,926,288)	
Right to use lease liability	(1,129,758)	
Total OPEB liability	(458,231)	
Capital lease obligation	(18,987)	
Compensated absences	(666,573)	
Total		(54,550,902)
Other deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period		
and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Deferred inflows - pensions		(70,937)
Deferred inflows - OPEB		(189,515)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of risk services,		
building services and information technology services to individual funds. The		
assets and liabilities of these internal service funds are included in		
governmental activities in the statement of net position.		 266,750
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 69,259,415

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CITY OF GARDNER, KANSAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended December 31, 2022

Property tax		Ge	eneral	Debt Service	Capital Projects	astructure ial Sales Tax	Special Highway	Go	Non-Major vernmental funds	Gove	Total ernmental Funds
Property tax	Revenues										
Seles tax	Taxes:										
Franchise tax 325,352 299,861 299,861 Exicle Tax	Property tax	\$	3,742,781	\$ 1,536,466	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	93,991	\$	5,373,238
Parameter Para	Sales tax		4,677,222	-	-	1,628,207	-		396,871		6,702,300
Septical sessiments 1,280,106 5	Franchise tax		325,352	-	-	-	-		-		325,352
Special assessments	Transient guest tax		-	-	-	-	-		299,861		299,861
Intergovermental 3,303,70 589,458 -	Excise Tax		-	-	-	-	-		559,109		559,109
Contract Contract	Special assessments		-	1,280,106	-	-	-		-		1,280,106
Princes and fees 3,143,369	Intergovernmental		3,305,370	589,458	-	-	1,951,231		119,179		5,965,238
Fines and fees \$20,379	Licenses and permits		664,523	-	-	-	-		-		664,523
Protect Prot	Charges for services		3,143,369	-	-	-	-		-		3,143,369
Chefront Chefront	Fines and fees		820,379	-	-	-	-		374,698		1,195,077
Total revenues 17,192,128 3,428,734 27,797 1,641,841 1,993,446 1,879,303 26,163,249	Investment earnings		98,586	22,704	27,797	13,634	42,215		35,594		240,530
Expenditures Current:	Other		414,546	-	-	-	-		-		414,546
Current: General government 3,132,740 -	Total revenues	1	7,192,128	 3,428,734	 27,797	 1,641,841	 1,993,446	_	1,879,303		26,163,249
General government 3,132,740 - - - - - 653,961 3,786,701 Police 5,754,066 - - - - - - 5,754,066 - - - - - 5,754,066 4,033,710 -	Expenditures										
Police 5,754,066 5,754,066 Public works 2,515,926 - 633 485,299 460,196 571,656 4,033,710 Culture and recreation 2,584,267 6 2,584,267 Community development 863,715 863,715 Capital outlay 312,153 - 478,573 186,614 1,510,624 28,848 2,516,812 Debt service: Principal 43,221 8,024,763 - 510,000 8,577,984 Interest and fiscal charges 1,830 982,811 - 117,288 6,8577,984 Interest and fiscal charges 1,830 982,811 - 117,288 6,9864 - 159,715 Total expenditures 15,207,918 9,040,652 535,979 1,299,201 2,040,684 1,254,465 29,378,899 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures 1,984,210 (5,611,918) (508,182) 342,640 (47,238) 624,838 (3,215,650) Other financing sources (uses) General obligation bonds issued - 2,922,537 27,463 - 4,040,000 - 6,990,000 Bond anticipation note issued - 1,355,620 29,380 1,385,000 Bond anticipation note issued - 1,463,23 552,438 - 698,761 Proceeds from sale of capital assets 43,688 552,438 - 698,761 Transfers in 886,382 1,504,924 1,231,000 552,438 - 698,761 Transfers out (1,230,900) - 886,382 1,504,924 1,231,000 389,400 4,011,706 Transfers out (1,230,900) - (1,230,900) - (1,230,900) - (243,782) (2,954,806) Total other financing sources (uses) Ret change in fund balances 1,683,380 317,486 (84,63) 342,640 3,929,400 770,456 6,958,699 Fund balances, beginning of year 7,111,481 1,612,653 1,904,589 1,358,147 1,634,732 3,175,266 16,796,868	Current:										
Public works 2,515,926 - 633 485,299 460,196 571,656 4,033,710 Culture and recreation 2,584,267 - - - - - 2,584,267 Community development 863,715 - - - - - - 2,584,267 Capital outlay 312,153 - 478,573 186,614 1,510,624 28,488 2,516,812 Debt service: Principal 43,221 8,024,763 - 510,000 - - - 8,577,984 Interest and fiscal charges 1,830 982,811 - 117,288 - - - 1,01,929 Other - - 33,078 56,773 - 6,986 - - 1,91,929 Excess of revenues over (under) - 1,984,210 (5,611,918) (508,182) 342,640 (47,238) 624,838 (3,215,650) Cheers of venues over (under) - 2,922,537 27,463 342,640	General government		3,132,740	-	-	-	-		653,961		3,786,701
Culture and recreation 2,584,267 - - - - - 2,584,267 Community development 863,715 - - - - - 863,715 Capital outlay 312,153 - 478,573 186,614 1,510,624 28,848 2,516,812 Debt service: Principal 43,221 8,024,763 - 510,000 - - - 8,577,984 Interest and fiscal charges 1,830 982,811 - 117,288 - - - 1,101,929 Other - - 33,078 56,773 - 69,864 - 159,715 Total expenditures 15,207,918 9,040,652 535,799 1,299,201 2,040,684 1,254,465 29,378,899 Excess of revenues over (under) - - 1,984,210 (5,611,918) (508,182) 342,640 (47,238) 624,838 (3,215,650) Other financing sources (uses) General obligation bonds issued	Police		5,754,066	-	-	-	-		-		5,754,066
Community development 863,715	Public works		2,515,926	-	633	485,299	460,196		571,656		4,033,710
Capital outlay 312,153 - 478,573 186,614 1,510,624 28,848 2,516,812 Debt service: Principal 43,221 8,024,763 - 510,000 8,577,984 Interest and fiscal charges 1,830 982,811 - 117,288 1,101,929 Other - 33,078 56,773 - 69,864 - 159,715 Total expenditures 15,207,918 9,040,652 535,979 1,299,201 2,040,684 1,254,465 29,378,899 Sexess of revenues over (under) expenditures 1,984,210 (5,611,918) (508,182) 342,640 (47,238) 624,838 (3,215,650) Other financing sources (uses) Ceneral obligation bonds issued - 2,922,537 27,463 - 4,040,000 - 6,990,000 Bond anticipation note issued - 1,355,620 29,380 1,385,000 Bond anticipation note issued - 146,323 - 40,40,400 6,990,000 Bond anticipation note issued - 146,323 552,438 - 698,761 Proceeds from sale of capital assets 43,688 552,438 - 698,761 Proceeds from sale of capital assets 43,688 389,400 4,011,706 Transfers out (1,230,900) (864,324) (615,800) (243,782) (2,954,806) Total other financing sources (uses) (300,830) 5,929,404 423,519 - 3,976,638 145,618 10,174,349 Net change in fund balances 1,683,380 317,486 (84,663) 342,640 3,929,400 770,456 6,958,699 Fund balances, beginning of year 7,111,481 1,612,653 1,904,589 1,358,147 1,634,732 3,175,266 16,796,868	Culture and recreation		2,584,267	-	-	-	-		-		2,584,267
Debt service: Principal 43,221 8,024,763 - 510,000 - - 8,577,984 Interest and fiscal charges 1,830 982,811 - 117,288 - - 1,019,29 Other - 33,078 56,773 - 69,864 - 159,775 Total expenditures 15,207,918 9,040,652 535,979 1,299,201 2,040,684 1,254,465 29,378,899 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures 1,984,210 (5,611,918) (508,182) 342,640 (47,238) 624,838 (3,215,650) Other financing sources (uses) General obligation bonds issued - 2,922,537 27,463 - 4,040,000 - 6,990,000 Bond anticipation note issued - 1,355,620 29,380 - - - 1,385,000 Issuance: premium - 146,323 - - - - 4,040,000 - 698,761 Proceeds from sale of capital asset	Community development		863,715	-	-	-	-		-		863,715
Principal 43,221 8,024,763 - 510,000 - - 8,577,984 Interest and fiscal charges 1,830 982,811 - 117,288 - - 1,101,929 Other - 33,078 56,773 - 69,864 - 159,715 Total expenditures 15,207,918 9,040,652 535,979 1,299,201 2,040,684 1,254,465 29,378,899 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures 1,984,210 (5,611,918) (508,182) 342,640 (47,238) 624,838 (3,215,650) Other financing sources (uses) General obligation bonds issued - 2,922,537 27,463 - 4,040,000 - 6,990,000 Bond anticipation note issued - 1,355,620 29,380 - - - - 698,761 Issuance: premium - 146,323 - - 552,438 - - - 43,688 Transfers in 886,382	Capital outlay		312,153	-	478,573	186,614	1,510,624		28,848		2,516,812
Interest and fiscal charges 1,830 982,811 - 117,288 - - 1,101,929 Other	Debt service:										
Other Total expenditures - 33,078 56,773 - 69,864 - 159,715 Total expenditures 15,207,918 9,040,652 535,979 1,299,201 2,040,684 1,254,465 29,378,899 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures 1,984,210 (5,611,918) (508,182) 342,640 (47,238) 624,838 (3,215,650) Other financing sources (uses) Control obligation bonds issued - 2,922,537 27,463 - 4,040,000 - 6,990,000 Bond anticipation note issued - 1,355,620 29,380 - - - - 6,990,000 Issuance: premium - 146,323 - - 552,438 - - 698,761 Proceeds from sale of capital assets 43,688 - - - - 552,438 - - - 43,688 Transfers in 886,382 1,504,924 1,231,000 - - - 389,400 4,011,706 Total other financing sources (uses) </td <td>Principal</td> <td></td> <td>43,221</td> <td>8,024,763</td> <td>-</td> <td>510,000</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>8,577,984</td>	Principal		43,221	8,024,763	-	510,000	-		-		8,577,984
Total expenditures 15,207,918 9,040,652 535,979 1,299,201 2,040,684 1,254,465 29,378,899 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures 1,984,210 (5,611,918) (508,182) 342,640 (47,238) 624,838 (3,215,650) Other financing sources (uses) General obligation bonds issued - 2,922,537 27,463 - 4,040,000 - 6,990,000 Bond anticipation note issued - 1,355,620 29,380 - - - 1,385,000 Issuance: premium - 146,323 - - 552,438 - 698,761 Proceeds from sale of capital assets 43,688 - - - - 4,568 Transfers in 886,382 1,504,924 1,231,000 - - 389,400 4,011,706 Transfers out (1,230,900) - (864,324) - (615,800) (243,782) (2,954,806) Total other financing sources (uses) (300,830) 5,929,404 423,519 -<	Interest and fiscal charges		1,830	982,811	-	117,288	-		-		1,101,929
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures 1,984,210 (5,611,918) (508,182) 342,640 (47,238) 624,838 (3,215,650) Other financing sources (uses) General obligation bonds issued - 2,922,537 27,463 - 4,040,000 - 6,990,000 Bond anticipation note issued - 1,355,620 29,380 1,385,000 Issuance: premium - 146,323 552,438 - 698,761 Proceeds from sale of capital assets 43,688 552,438 Transfers in 886,382 1,504,924 1,231,000 - (864,324) - (615,800) Total other financing sources (uses) (300,830) 5,929,404 423,519 Net change in fund balances 1,683,380 317,486 (84,663) 342,640 3,929,400 770,456 6,958,699 Fund balances, beginning of year 7,111,481 1,612,653 1,904,589 1,358,147 1,634,732 3,175,266 16,796,868	Other			 33,078	 56,773		69,864		-		159,715
expenditures 1,984,210 (5,611,918) (508,182) 342,640 (47,238) 624,838 (3,215,650) Other financing sources (uses) General obligation bonds issued - 2,922,537 27,463 - 4,040,000 - 6,990,000 Bond anticipation note issued - 1,355,620 29,380 - - - - 1,385,000 Issuance: premium - 146,323 - - 552,438 - 698,761 Proceeds from sale of capital assets 43,688 - - - - 43,688 Transfers in 886,382 1,504,924 1,231,000 - - - 389,400 4,011,706 Transfers out (1,230,900) - (864,324) - (615,800) (243,782) (2,954,806) Total other financing sources (uses) (300,830) 5,929,404 423,519 - 3,976,638 145,618 10,174,349 Net change in fund balances 1,683,380 317,486 (84,663) <t< td=""><td>Total expenditures</td><td>1</td><td>5,207,918</td><td> 9,040,652</td><td> 535,979</td><td> 1,299,201</td><td> 2,040,684</td><td></td><td>1,254,465</td><td></td><td>29,378,899</td></t<>	Total expenditures	1	5,207,918	 9,040,652	 535,979	 1,299,201	 2,040,684		1,254,465		29,378,899
Other financing sources (uses) General obligation bonds issued - 2,922,537 27,463 - 4,040,000 - 6,990,000 Bond anticipation note issued - 1,355,620 29,380 - - - 1,385,000 Issuance: premium - 146,323 - - 552,438 - 698,761 Proceeds from sale of capital assets 43,688 - - - - - - 43,688 Transfers in 886,382 1,504,924 1,231,000 - - - 389,400 4,011,706 Transfers out (1,230,900) - (864,324) - (615,800) (243,782) (2,954,806) Total other financing sources (uses) (300,830) 5,929,404 423,519 - 3,976,638 145,618 10,174,349 Net change in fund balances 1,683,380 317,486 (84,663) 342,640 3,929,400 770,456 6,958,699 Fund balances, beginning of year 7,111,481 1,612,653	The state of the s		1 004 310	(F C11 010)	(500 103)	242.640	(47.220)		C24 020		/2 245 (50)
General obligation bonds issued - 2,922,537 27,463 - 4,040,000 - 6,990,000 Bond anticipation note issued - 1,355,620 29,380 - - - - 1,385,000 Issuance: premium - 146,323 - - 552,438 - 698,761 Proceeds from sale of capital assets 43,688 - - - - - - - 43,688 Transfers in 886,382 1,504,924 1,231,000 - - - 389,400 4,011,706 Transfers out (1,230,900) - (864,324) - (615,800) (243,782) (2,954,806) Total other financing sources (uses) (300,830) 5,929,404 423,519 - 3,976,638 145,618 10,174,349 Net change in fund balances 1,683,380 317,486 (84,663) 342,640 3,929,400 770,456 6,958,699 Fund balances, beginning of year 7,111,481 1,612,653 1,904,589 1,3	·		1,984,210	 (5,611,918)	 (508,182)	 342,640	 (47,238)		624,838		(3,215,650)
Bond anticipation note issued - 1,355,620 29,380 - - - 1,385,000 Issuance: premium - 146,323 - - 552,438 - 698,761 Proceeds from sale of capital assets 43,688 - - - - 43,688 Transfers in 886,382 1,504,924 1,231,000 - - 389,400 4,011,706 Transfers out (1,230,900) - (864,324) - (615,800) (243,782) (2,954,806) Total other financing sources (uses) (300,830) 5,929,404 423,519 - 3,976,638 145,618 10,174,349 Net change in fund balances 1,683,380 317,486 (84,663) 342,640 3,929,400 770,456 6,958,699 Fund balances, beginning of year 7,111,481 1,612,653 1,904,589 1,358,147 1,634,732 3,175,266 16,796,868											
Issuance: premium 146,323 - - 552,438 - 698,761 Proceeds from sale of capital assets 43,688 - - - - - 43,688 Transfers in 886,382 1,504,924 1,231,000 - - 389,400 4,011,706 Transfers out (1,230,900) - (864,324) - (615,800) (243,782) (2,954,806) Total other financing sources (uses) (300,830) 5,929,404 423,519 - 3,976,638 145,618 10,174,349 Net change in fund balances 1,683,380 317,486 (84,663) 342,640 3,929,400 770,456 6,958,699 Fund balances, beginning of year 7,111,481 1,612,653 1,904,589 1,358,147 1,634,732 3,175,266 16,796,868	General obligation bonds issued		-		27,463	-	4,040,000		-		6,990,000
Proceeds from sale of capital assets 43,688 - - - - - 43,688 Transfers in 886,382 1,504,924 1,231,000 - - 389,400 4,011,706 Transfers out (1,230,900) - (864,324) - (615,800) (243,782) (2,954,806) Total other financing sources (uses) (300,830) 5,929,404 423,519 - 3,976,638 145,618 10,174,349 Net change in fund balances 1,683,380 317,486 (84,663) 342,640 3,929,400 770,456 6,958,699 Fund balances, beginning of year 7,111,481 1,612,653 1,904,589 1,358,147 1,634,732 3,175,266 16,796,868	•		-		29,380	-	-		-		
Transfers in 886,382 1,504,924 1,231,000 - - - 389,400 4,011,706 Transfers out (1,230,900) - (864,324) - (615,800) (243,782) (2,954,806) Total other financing sources (uses) (300,830) 5,929,404 423,519 - 3,976,638 145,618 10,174,349 Net change in fund balances 1,683,380 317,486 (84,663) 342,640 3,929,400 770,456 6,958,699 Fund balances, beginning of year 7,111,481 1,612,653 1,904,589 1,358,147 1,634,732 3,175,266 16,796,868	·		-	146,323	-	-	552,438		-		
Transfers out (1,230,900) - (864,324) - (615,800) (243,782) (2,954,806) Total other financing sources (uses) (300,830) 5,929,404 423,519 - 3,976,638 145,618 10,174,349 Net change in fund balances 1,683,380 317,486 (84,663) 342,640 3,929,400 770,456 6,958,699 Fund balances, beginning of year 7,111,481 1,612,653 1,904,589 1,358,147 1,634,732 3,175,266 16,796,868	•		43,688		-	-	-		-		
Total other financing sources (uses) (300,830) 5,929,404 423,519 - 3,976,638 145,618 10,174,349 Net change in fund balances 1,683,380 317,486 (84,663) 342,640 3,929,400 770,456 6,958,699 Fund balances, beginning of year 7,111,481 1,612,653 1,904,589 1,358,147 1,634,732 3,175,266 16,796,868	Transfers in		886,382	1,504,924	1,231,000	-	-		389,400		
Net change in fund balances 1,683,380 317,486 (84,663) 342,640 3,929,400 770,456 6,958,699 Fund balances, beginning of year 7,111,481 1,612,653 1,904,589 1,358,147 1,634,732 3,175,266 16,796,868		(-	 	 -					
Fund balances, beginning of year 7,111,481 1,612,653 1,904,589 1,358,147 1,634,732 3,175,266 16,796,868	Total other financing sources (uses)		(300,830)	 5,929,404	 423,519	 	 3,976,638		145,618		10,174,349
Fund balances, beginning of year 7,111,481 1,612,653 1,904,589 1,358,147 1,634,732 3,175,266 16,796,868	Net change in fund balances		1,683,380	317,486	(84,663)	342,640	3,929,400		770,456		6,958,699
	_			1,612,653					3,175,266		16,796,868
	Fund balances, end of year		8,794,861	\$ 1,930,139	\$ 1,819,926	\$	\$ 5,564,132	\$	3,945,722	\$	23,755,567

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended December 31, 2022

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		6,958,699
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
Capital Outlay Depreciation Expense Lease Amortization Expense Net Change	2,516,812 (3,645,917) (67,017)	(1,196,122)
Transfer of capital assets to electric, water, wastewater and stormwater		(1,058,244)
Net gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets		(8,993)
Some revenues reported in the statement of activities do not provide current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds.		
Special assessments Donated capital assets		3,064,205 4,933,728
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Compensated absences Accrued interest Premium amortization Deferred refunding Net pension liability Total OPEB expense Total	(35,565) (95,734) 212,341 (34,189) (724,489) (40,477)	(718,113)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.		
Debt issued or incurred: General obligation and special assessment bonds Bond anticipation notes Premiums Principal repayments:	(6,990,000) (1,385,000) (698,761)	
General obligation and special assessment bonds payable Lease liability Capital financing Bond anticipation note payable Total	3,135,000 228,996 8,988 5,205,000	(495,777)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of risk services, building services and information technology services to individual funds. The net revenue		(:,:-/)
(expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.		2
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 11,479,385

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CITY OF GARDNER, KANSAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Original Budgeted Amounts	Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Taxes:				
Property	\$ 3,879,800	\$ 3,879,800	\$ 3,742,781	\$ (137,019)
Sales	4,731,000	4,731,000	4,677,222	(53,778)
Franchise	235,000	235,000	325,352	90,352
Intergovernmental	1,727,000	1,727,000	3,299,873	1,572,873
Licenses and permits	267,000	267,000	664,523	397,523
Charges for services	2,997,800	2,997,800	3,143,369	145,569
Fines and fees	556,000	556,000	820,379	264,379
Investment earnings	7,500	7,500	98,394	90,894
Other	6,000	6,000	426,276	420,276
Total revenues	14,407,100	14,407,100	17,198,169	2,791,069
Expenditures				
General government	3,320,400	3,320,400	3,140,065	180,335
Police	5,746,500	5,746,500	5,752,546	(6,046)
Public works	2,684,300	2,684,300	2,579,646	104,654
Culture and recreation	2,577,700	2,577,700	2,532,726	44,974
Community development	1,035,500	1,035,500	876,913	158,587
Capital outlay	-	-	357,206	(357,206)
Debt service Project reserve	- 5,218,057	- 5,218,057	-	- 5,218,057
Total expenditures	20,582,457	20,582,457	15,239,102	5,343,355
·				
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(6,175,357)	(6,175,357)	1,959,067	8,134,424
Other financing sources and (uses)				
Transfers in	889,900	889,900	886,382	(3,518)
Transfers out	(230,900)	(230,900)	(1,230,900)	(1,000,000)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	<u> </u>	43,688	43,688
Total other financing sources and (uses)	659,000	659,000	(300,830)	(959,830)
Net change in fund balances	(5,516,357)	(5,516,357)	1,658,237	7,174,594
Fund balances, beginning of year	5,516,357	5,516,357	7,159,855	1,643,498
Fund balances, end of year	\$ -	\$ -	8,818,092	\$ 8,818,092
Cumulative effect of GAAP entries for inventory and cost allocations			(215,266)	
Encumbrances for equipment and supplies ordered but not received are				
not recorded for GAAP purposes until received			163,278	
GAAP fund balance			\$ 8,766,104	
Fund balances for separately budgeted and non-budgeted funds included with the General Fund on GAAP financials:				
Land Bank			5,097	
Municipalities Fight Addiction Fund			5,497	
Special Olympics			18,163	
			\$ 8,794,861	
			,,	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CITY OF GARDNER, KANSAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS December 31, 2022

		Major Funds	
	Electric	Water	Wastewater
Assets	Licetife	water	Wastewater
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,992,437	\$ 1,635,064	\$ 4,217,602
U.S. Treasury bill	7,748,267	1,580,011	3,993,452
Accounts receivable, net	1,909,946	697,053	626,158
Intergovernmental receivable Lease receivable	17,040	_	-
Prepaid items	17,040		
Inventories	1,379,933	260,996	32,089
Restricted deposits and investments	190,888	33,632	225,555
Total current assets	19,238,511	4,206,756	9,094,856
Noncurrent assets:			
Lease receivable	17,773	-	-
Capital assets: Land	678,878	1,014,618	710,874
Construction in progress	1,882,091	1,014,616	3,509,754
Buildings	11,617,738	32,964,565	26,647
Infrastructure	39,347,063	20,964,671	51,330,090
Intangible	401,622	265,104	-
Improvements	8,549,958	3,107,473	2,515,860
Machinery and equipment	1,014,556	411,615	1,204,555
Vehicles	322,540	570,371	625,249
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	(32,568,533)	(14,615,769)	(28,795,325)
Total capital assets	31,245,913	44,682,648	31,127,704
Right to use leased assets:			
Vehicles	274,610	-	-
Less accumulated amortization	(74,894)	<u> </u>	
Total right to use leased assets	199,716	<u> </u>	
Total noncurrent assets	31,463,402	44,682,648	31,127,704
Total assets	50,701,913	48,889,404	40,222,560
Deferred outflows of resources			
Pension deferred outflow	464,663	208,398	203,632
OPEB deferred outflow	5,140	16,262	2,907
Total deferred outflows of resources	469,803	224,660	206,539
1:-6:114:			
Liabilities Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	956,414	81,864	23,403
Accrued payroll	25,316	13,480	12,949
Customer and developer deposits	190,888	33,632	-
Accrued interest payable	21,944	203,992	124,785
Compensated absences	98,071	38,129	49,775
Bonds payable	330,000	1,505,000	480,000
Construction loans payable	-	-	656,066
Capital financing	395,185	-	-
Lease liability	74,720		
Total current liabilities	2,092,538	1,876,097	1,346,978
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Compensated absences	40,057	15,574	20,331
Total OPEB liability	85,145	44,558	48,497
Bonds payable, net	2,468,405	25,712,591	5,467,628
Net Pension liability	1,349,429	605,848	545,166
Capital financing	8,945,698	-	-
Lease liability	125,454	-	- -
Construction loan payable			6,608,428
Total noncurrent liabilities	13,014,188	26,378,571	12,690,050
Total liabilities	15,106,726	28,254,668	14,037,028
Deferred inflows of resources			
Leases deferred inflow	35,163	-	<u>-</u>
Pension deferred inflow	21,164	7,909	7,076
OPEB deferred inflow	46,542	24,245	22,972
Total deferred inflows of resources	102,869	32,154	30,048
Net position			_
Net investment in capital assets	19,106,625	17,465,057	18,141,137
Unrestricted	16,855,496	3,362,185	8,220,886
Total net position	\$ 35,962,121	\$ 20,827,242	\$ 26,362,023

CITY OF GARDNER, KANSAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS (Continued) December 31, 2022

	Nonmajor Funds		Internal	
	Totals	Total	Service Funds	
Assets				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 192,525	\$ 14,037,628	\$ 512,760	
U.S. Treasury bill	188,921	13,510,651	484,798	
Accounts receivable, net	7,954	3,241,111	Ē	
Intergovernmental receivable	92,142	92,142	-	
Lease receivable	-	17,040	- 2.040	
Prepaid items	-	4 704 400	2,848	
Inventories	31,170	1,704,188	-	
Restricted deposits and investments Total current assets	7,000 519,712	457,075 33,059,835	1,000,406	
rotal carrent assets	313,712	33,033,033	1,000,100	
Noncurrent assets:				
Lease receivable	-	17,773	-	
Capital assets:				
Land	2,076,511	4,480,881	-	
Construction in progress	107,139	5,498,984	-	
Buildings	1,745,363	46,354,313	-	
Infrastructure	4,634,177	116,276,001	-	
Intangible	-	666,726	-	
Improvements	880,033	15,053,324	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Machinery and equipment	-	2,630,726	523,978	
Vehicles	-	1,518,160	75,469	
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	(2,517,267)	(78,496,894)	(454,389)	
Total capital assets	6,925,956	113,982,221	145,058	
Right to use leased assets:				
Vehicles	-	274,610	-	
Less accumulated amortization		(74,894)		
Total right to use leased assets		199,716		
Total noncurrent assets	6,925,956	114,199,710	145,058	
Total assets	7,445,668	147,259,545	1,145,464	
Deferred outflows of resources				
Pension deferred outflow	953	877,646	250,967	
OPEB deferred outflow	-	24,309	4,330	
Total deferred outflows of resources	953	901,955	255,297	
Liabilities				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	11,682	1,073,363	43,636	
Accrued payroll	894	52,639	12,251	
Customer and developer deposits	7,000	231,520	-	
Accrued interest payable	372	351,093	-	
Compensated absences	2,364	188,339	55,546	
Bonds payable	35,000	2,350,000	-	
Construction loans payable	-	656,066	-	
Capital financing	-	395,185	-	
Lease liability		74,720		
Total current liabilities	57,312	5,372,925	111,433	
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Compensated absences	965	76,927	22,687	
Total OPEB liability	265	178,465	61,354	
Bonds payable, net	37,650	33,686,274	-	
Net Pension liability	1,195	2,501,638	852,372	
Capital financing	-	8,945,698	-	
Lease liability	-	125,454	-	
Construction loan payable		6,608,428	<u> </u>	
Total noncurrent liabilities	40,075	52,122,884	936,413	
Total liabilities	97,387	57,495,809	1,047,846	
Deferred inflows of resources				
Leases deferred inflow		35,163		
	-	•	16 720	
Pension deferred inflow	75	36,224	16,730	
OPEB deferred inflow	7	93,766	30,228	
Total deferred inflows of resources	82	165,153	46,958	
Net position				
Net investment in capital assets	6,853,306	61,566,125	145,058	
Unrestricted Total not position	495,846	28,934,413	160,899	
Total net position	\$ 7,349,152	90,500,538	\$ 305,957	
Some amounts reported for business-type activities in the stat				
certain internal service fund assets and liabilitie	es are included with business-type acti	vities. 39,207		
	Net position of business-type act	ivities \$ 90,539,745		
	position or business-type det	9 30,333,743		

CITY OF GARDNER, KANSAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Major Funds				
	Electric		Water	v	Vastewater
Operating revenues					
Charges for sales and services	\$ 23,044,502	\$	7,225,638	\$	6,156,537
Other	 169,194		-		-
Total operating revenues	 23,213,696		7,225,638		6,156,537
Operating expenses					
Administration	1,490,527		1,272,282		1,112,949
Wholesale energy cost	14,566,410		-		-
Generation	908,247		-		-
Treatment	-		2,362,901		1,140,826
Distribution and collection	2,668,747		758,458		486,171
Contractual services	-		-		-
Other supplies and expenses	-		-		-
Repairs and maintenance	-		-		-
Depreciation and amortization	1,669,270		1,239,097		1,997,447
Lease amortization	74,894		-		-
Other	 -		-		
Total operating expenses	 21,378,095		5,632,738		4,737,393
Operating income (loss)	 1,835,601		1,592,900		1,419,144
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)					
Investment earnings	137,740		24,985		47,948
Interest expense	(543,355)		(679,952)		(265,428)
Lease interest income	126		-		-
Lease interest expense	(1,200)		-		-
Gain (Loss) sale of assets	-		(4,069)		(1,080,513)
Other	 -		(22,824)		(69,747)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	 (406,689)		(681,860)		(1,367,740)
Income (loss) before transfers and contributions	1,428,912		911,040		51,404
Capital grants and contributions	289,450		301,457		1,275,341
Transfers in	-		46,627		500,000
Transfers out	 (920,227)		(574,100)		(97,200)
Change in net position	798,135		685,024		1,729,545
Total net position, beginning of year	 35,163,986		20,142,218		24,632,478
Total net position, end of year	\$ 35,962,121	\$	20,827,242	\$	26,362,023

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CITY OF GARDNER, KANSAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS (Continued) Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Nonmajor Funds		Internal	
	Totals	Total	Service Funds	
Operating revenues				
Charges for sales and services	\$ 263,251	\$ 36,689,928	\$ 3,519,024	
Other	<u> </u>	169,194	18,493	
Total operating revenues	263,251	36,859,122	3,537,517	
Operating expenses				
Administration	207,182	4,082,940	1,018,318	
Wholesale energy cost	-	14,566,410	-	
Generation	-	908,247	-	
Treatment	-	3,503,727	-	
Distribution and collection	-	3,913,376	-	
Contractual services	-	-	1,824,754	
Other supplies and expenses	-	-	92,595	
Repairs and maintenance	16,316	16,316	21,597	
Depreciation and amortization	191,093	5,096,907	51,653	
Lease amortization	-	74,894	-	
Other	-	-	516,599	
Total operating expenses	414,591	32,162,817	3,525,516	
Operating income (loss)	(151,340)	4,696,305	12,001	
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)				
Investment earnings	3,645	214,318	-	
Interest expense	(689)	(1,489,424)	-	
Lease interest income	-	126	_	
Lease interest expense	_	(1,200)	_	
Gain (Loss) sale of assets	_	(1,084,582)	_	
Other	_	(92,571)	_	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	2,956	(2,453,333)	-	
Income (loss) before transfers and contributions	(148,384)	2,242,972	12,001	
Caribal accepts and acceptible stress	1 525 410	2 201 667		
Capital grants and contributions	1,525,419	3,391,667	-	
Transfers in	-	546,627	(12.000)	
Transfers out		(1,591,527)	(12,000)	
Change in net position	1,377,035	4,589,739	1	
Total net position, beginning of year	5,972,117	85,910,799	305,956	
Total net position, end of year	\$ 7,349,152	90,500,538	\$ 305,957	
	Change in net posi	tion 4,589,739		
Some amounts reported for business-type act	civities in the statements of activities are different beca	ause		
the net revenue of certain inter	rnal service funds is reported with business-type activit	ties. <u>(1)</u>		
	Change in net position of business-type activ	ities \$ 4,589,738		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CITY OF GARDNER, KANSAS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Major Funds		
	Electric	Water	
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Receipts from customers	\$ 24,269,380	\$ 7,575,701	
Other receipts	-	-	
Payments to suppliers	(17,097,035)	(3,440,304)	
Payments to employees	(1,931,580)	(838,890)	
Net cash provided by operating activities	5,240,765	3,296,507	
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:			
Transfers from other funds	-	46,627	
Transfers to other funds	(920,227)	(574,100)	
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities	(920,227)	(527,473)	
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:			
Capital grants and contributions	-	-	
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(1,503,892)	(213,688)	
Principal paid on general obligation bonds	(325,000)	(1,410,000)	
Principal paid on construction loan	-	-	
Principal paid on capital financing	(375,829)	-	
Principal paid on lease liability	(74,436)	-	
Interest paid on general obligation bonds, construction loan, and capital financing	(576,365)	(769,538)	
Proceeds from general obligation bonds including premiums	-	1,460,512	
Proceeds from sale of assets	-	-	
Issuance costs and fees	-	(22,824)	
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(2,855,522)	(955,538)	
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Purchase of U.S. Treasury bill	(7,748,267)	(1,580,011)	
Maturity of certificate of deposit	3,507,694	352,046	
Interest received	137,866	24,985	
	(4,102,707)	(1,202,980)	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(2,637,691)	610,516	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	10,821,016	1,058,180	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 8,183,325	\$ 1,668,696	

Wastewater		Noni	major Funds			Internal
			Totals	 Total	Service Funds	
\$ 6,240,2	73	\$	255,048	\$ 38,340,402	\$	3,519,024
-		,	-	-	,	18,493
(2,533,7	06)		(203,821)	(23,274,866)		(2,477,272)
(684,4			(17,262)	(3,472,171)		(985,018)
3,022,1			33,965	11,593,365		75,227
500,0	00		-	546,627		-
(97,2	00)		-	(1,591,527)		(12,000)
402,8	00		-	(1,044,900)		(12,000)
-			324,191	324,191		-
(1,565,5	44)		(107,505)	(3,390,629)		(31,284)
(340,0	00)		(35,000)	(2,110,000)		-
(640,6	77)		-	(640,677)		-
-			-	(375,829)		-
-			-	(74,436)		-
(250,5	83)		(2,188)	(1,598,674)		-
3,319,8	71		-	4,780,383		-
4,389,5	49		-	4,389,549		-
(50,3	82)			 (73,206)		-
4,862,2	34		179,498	 1,230,672		(31,284)
(3,993,4	52)		(188,921)	(13,510,651)		(484,798)
-			42,772	3,902,512		239,646
47,9	48		3,645	214,444		-
(3,945,5	04)		(142,504)	 (9,393,695)		(245,152)
4,341,6	58		70,959	2,385,442		(213,209)
101,4	99		128,566	 12,109,261		725,969
\$ 4,443,1	57	\$	199,525	\$ 14,494,703	\$	512,760

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

CITY OF GARDNER, KANSAS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

(Continued)

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Year Ended December 31, 2022

	 Electric	 Water
Cash consists of:		
Cash	\$ 7,992,437	\$ 1,635,064
Restricted deposits and investments	 190,888	 33,632
	 8,183,325	1,668,696
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net		
cash provided by operating activities:		
Operating income (loss)	1,835,601	1,592,900
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided		
by operating activities:		
Items not requiring cash:		
Depreciation and amortization expense	1,744,164	1,239,097
OPEB expense	8,192	(8,212)
Pension expense	70,924	33,968
Changes in:		
Receivables	985,457	342,563
Inventories	(273,560)	96,307
Leases deferred inflow	(16,638)	-
Accounts payable	815,205	(15,469)
Due to other funds	-	-
Accrued liabilities	(15,445)	7,853
Customer deposits	 86,865	 7,500
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 5,240,765	\$ 3,296,507
Noncash investing capital and financing activities:		
Contributed capital assets	\$ 289,450	\$ 301,457

		Non	major Funds			ı	nternal
V	/astewater		Totals		Total		vice Funds
\$	4,217,602 225,555	\$	192,525 7,000	\$	14,037,628 457,075	\$	512,760
	4,443,157		199,525	_	14,494,703		512,760
	1,419,144		(151,340)		4,696,305		12,001
	1,997,447 4,899 28,117		191,093 - -		5,171,801 4,879 133,009		51,653 5,477 34,269
	83,736 (1,443)		(8,603) (6,648)		1,403,153 (185,344)		-
	(129,977) (389,289) 9,494		8,832 - 231 400		(16,638) 678,591 (389,289) 2,133 94,765		(21,163) - (7,010)
\$	3,022,128	\$	33,965	\$	11,593,365	\$	75,227
\$	1,275,341	\$	1,201,228	\$	3,067,476		-

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1 - <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

The City of Gardner, Kansas (the City) is located in Johnson County, Kansas and was first incorporated in 1887 under the provisions of the constitution and general statutes of the State of Kansas. The City operates under a Mayor-Council-Administrator form of government and provides a full range of services including police; public works; community services; recreation and leisure; planning and codes enforcement; general management; and electric, water, wastewater, and stormwater utilities, as well as a municipal airport.

Reporting Entity

The accompanying financial statements present the City and its component unit, an entity for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. The blended component unit, although a legally separate entity, is, in substance, part of the City's operations.

Blended Component Unit. The Public Building Corporation (PBC) is a not-for-profit corporation governed by the Mayor, certain City Council members and members of the City's management. The PBC's sole purpose is to acquire assets and construct facilities and infrastructure for the benefit of the City through the issuance of revenue bonds pursuant to Kansas Statute 12-1757. In prior years, the financial statements of the PBC have been included within the City's reporting entity as a capital projects fund (City Hall); however, in 2017 - 2022, there was no fund balance or activity to report. Separately issued financial statements of the PBC are not available.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. A 90-day availability period is used for revenue recognition for all governmental funds revenues except property taxes for which a 60-day availability period is used. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept to intergovernmental revenues, the legal and contractual requirements of the numerous individual programs are used as guidance. There are, however, essentially two types of these revenues. In one, monies must be expended for the specific purpose or project before any amounts will be paid to the City; therefore, revenues are recognized based upon the expenditures recorded. In the other, monies are virtually unrestricted as to purpose of expenditure and are usually revocable only for failure to comply with prescribed requirements. These resources are reflected as revenues at the time of receipt, or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, interest associated with the current fiscal period, and certain state and federal grants and entitlements are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City. While property taxes are shown on the balance sheet as current assets of the City, they are not recognized as revenue at year-end because statutory provisions prohibit their use until the year for which they were raised and budgeted. Instead, they are offset by deferred inflows of resources accounts.

A double-step down allocation methodology is used to allocate the allowable costs of the central service divisions and departments. This methodology recognizes the cross support provided between central service divisions and departments. It requires an initial sequencing of allocating divisions and departments. In the first step of the double-step methodology, allowable costs from

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

central service divisions and departments are allocated in the sequence selected to all City divisions, departments and funds; including to other central service divisions and departments. The second step in the double-step down methodology is made to fully account for the cross support provided between central service divisions and departments. Central service divisions and departments are closed after the second step in the double-step down allocation methodology.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The general fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. This fund accounts for the general operating transactions of the City including police, public works, parks and recreation, community development and administration.

The debt service fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term debt of governmental funds.

The capital projects fund accounts for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and the construction of infrastructure for special benefit districts other than those financed by enterprise funds.

The infrastructure special sales tax fund accounts for the sales tax revenues that are restricted to expenditures relating to the rehabilitation of streets and pedestrian trails and bridges.

The special highway fund accounts for the State's motor fuel tax and special county sales and use tax revenues that are restricted to expenditures related to the construction and maintenance of streets, curbs and sidewalks.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The electric fund accounts for the planning, development, production, purchase, transmission and distribution of all electricity for the City.

The water fund accounts for the operation and maintenance activities of the City's water treatment and distribution system.

The wastewater fund accounts for the operation and maintenance activities of the City's wastewater collection and treatment system.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Additionally, the City reports the following fund type:

Internal service funds account for risk services, information technology services, building services and utility billing services provided to other departments on a cost reimbursement basis.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. An exception to this rule is charges between the City's enterprise funds and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the electric, water, wastewater, and stormwater funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating revenues in the electric fund also include lease revenues. The principal operating revenues for the municipal airport are hangar rental and fuel sales. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Pooled Cash and Investments

Cash and investments of the individual funds are combined to form a pool that is managed by the Finance Director. Each fund's equity in the pool is included in "deposits and investments" in the financial statements. These pooled deposits and investments consist of operating accounts, pooled municipal investment pool, US Treasury Bills, and a money market account. The municipal investment pool is not an SEC registered pool. The Pooled Money Investment Board (PMIB) provides the regulatory oversight for this pool. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares. Investment earnings, including interest income, are allocated to the funds required to accumulate interest; other investment earnings are allocated based on

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Pooled Cash and Investments (Continued)

management discretion and upon their average daily equity balances. If a fund is not required to account for its own earnings by law or regulation, the earnings are allocated to the General Fund.

Investments are measured at fair value. Fair value is defined as the exchange price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction. There is a fair value hierarchy which requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs when measuring fair value

Statement of Cash Flows

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City considers deposits and highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. See Note 3, Deposits and Investments for a detailed breakdown of the City's investments.

Allowances for Uncollectibles

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. Trade accounts receivable in excess of 238 days comprise the trade accounts receivable allowance for uncollectibles. The allowance for trade uncollectibles is as follows at December 31, 2022:

Electric Fund	\$ 980,059
Water Fund	363,486
Wastewater Fund	329,229
Airport Fund	652

The property tax receivable allowance is equal to 2.6% of outstanding property taxes at December 31, 2022.

Restricted Assets

The State of Kansas requires the City to maintain customer utility and developer deposits separate from City assets in the enterprise funds. Interest earned on deposits is credited back to customers as required by State statutes. Restricted deposits and investments are also set aside for capital projects and debt service.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Property Taxes

The City's property tax is levied each year on the assessed value of all real estate listed as of the prior January 1, the lien date. Assessed values are established by Johnson County.

Property taxes are legally restricted for use in financing operations of the ensuing year. Accordingly, the City defers revenue recognition until the year for which they are to be used. Property taxes are levied on November 1 of each year. Property owners have the option of paying one-half of the full amount of the taxes levied on or before December 20 during the year levied with the balance to be paid on or before May 10 of the following year. Property taxes become delinquent on December 20 of each fiscal year if the taxpayer has not remitted at least one-half of the amount due. The Johnson County Treasurer is the tax collection agent for all taxing entities within the County. Property taxes levied in prior years that remain uncollected are recorded as receivables, net of estimated uncollectibles.

Inventories

Inventories consist of expendable supplies and merchandise held for consumption. All inventories are valued at cost.

Prepaid Items

Prepaid items are those paid out in the current year but which benefit future accounting periods. The City uses the consumption method and records these items as an asset.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, infrastructure (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), intangibles, vehicles and construction in progress are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined as assets with an initial cost of more than \$10,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are recorded at acquisition value.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

1 - <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)</u>

<u>Capital Assets (Continued)</u>

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component unit, are depreciated using the straight-line method. Additionally, a full year of depreciation expense is recognized in the year of acquisition and none in the year of disposal. Depreciation is recognized over the following estimated useful lives.

Buildings and improvements	20 - 40 years
Machinery and equipment	5 - 10 years
Vehicles	3 - 10 years
Infrastructure	6 - 50 years

The City will, from time to time, acquire electric utility customers and water utility customers. These transactions will be reported in the electric fund and the water fund, respectively and will also be reported in the business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements as an intangible capital asset. The city is amortizing these assets based on the revenue generated from the acquired customers.

In prior years, the City contributed capital funding towards the design and construction of a cooperative facility owned by another party under an interlocal agreement. The City had the right to use the facility for a period of time specified in the agreement. The asset was recorded as an intangible asset in the wastewater fund and was being amortized over 35 years. During the year, the City negotiated the termination of this agreement resulting in a loss on the disposal of an intangible asset of \$1,080,513 in the wastewater fund.

Lease Arrangements

During 2022, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 87, Leases. The implementation of this Statement resulted in the restatement of the City's governmental activities beginning of year net position but had no effect on the City's business-type activities beginning of year net position. Governmental activities beginning net position was reduced by \$124,860.

For arrangements where the City is a lessee, a lease liability and a right to use (RTU) intangible asset are recognized at the commencement of the lease term. RTU assets represent the City's right to use underlying assets for the lease term and lease liabilities represent the City's obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease. RTU assets and lease liabilities are recognized at the lease commencement date based on the estimated present value of lease payments over the lease term. At the beginning of the year the City's right to use assets and lease liabilities were restated for governmental activities in the amount of \$1,358,754 and for business-type activities in the amount of \$274,610.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Lease Arrangements (Continued)

For governmental fund statements, an expenditure and other financing source will be reported in the period the lease is initially recognized. The expenditure and other financing source should be measured as noted in the previous paragraph. Subsequent governmental fund lease payments are accounted for consistent with principles of debt service payments on long-term debt.

For government-wide and proprietary fund statements, for arrangements in which the City is the lessor, a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources is recognized at the commencement of the lease term. The lease receivable is measured at the present value of the lease payments expected to be received during the lease term. The deferred inflows of resources should be measured at the value of the lease receivable plus any payments received at or before the commencement of the lease term that relates to future periods. The City is only a lessor for business-type activities. At the beginning of the year, the City's lease receivable assets and deferred inflows of resources were restated for business-type activities in the amount of \$51,801.

The City uses an incremental borrowing rate to calculate the present value of lease payments when the rate implicit in the lease is not known. This incremental borrowing rate is a combination of an applicable market rate and a credit spread based on market data points as of the most recent quarter end corresponding to the lease commencement date. The City includes lease extension and termination options in the lease term, if after considering relevant economic factors, it is reasonably certain the City will exercise the option. The City has elected to not recognize RTU assets and lease liabilities for lease terms for 12 months or less. Additionally the City has applied a \$10,000 lease recognition threshold similar to the threshold applied to capital assets.

Compensated Absences

The City's policies allow employees to accumulate up to one and one half times their annual vacation accrual at any time and can carry over to subsequent years. This carryover, payable upon separation from service, can range from 156 to 300 hours depending upon the employee's length of service.

All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. In the governmental fund financial statements, a liability for these amounts is reported only when they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

Sick leave for full-time employees accrues at the rate of 3.692 hours per bi-weekly pay period with a maximum accumulation of 1,040 hours. Hours accumulated at the end of the year over the 1,040 hours are paid out the following January at a specified rate. Regular part-time employees accrue sick leave at a proportional rate to full-time employees. Twenty percent of accumulated sick pay

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Compensated Absences (Continued)

under the 1,040 hours is payable upon separation from service and has been included in the compensated absences calculation.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

The net pension liability is calculated as the difference between the actuarially calculated value of the projected benefit payments attributed to past periods of employee service and the plan's fiduciary net position. The total pension expense is comprised of the service cost or actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributed to the valuation year, interest on the total pension liability, plan administrative expenses, current year benefit changes, and other changes in plan fiduciary net position less employee contributions and projected earnings on plan investments. Additionally, the total pension expense includes the annual recognition of outflows and inflows of resources due to pension assets and liability.

For purposes of measuring the collective net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Kansas Public Employees Retirement System (KPERS) and additions to/deductions from KPERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by KPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Fund Balances

As prescribed by GASB Statement No. 54, governmental funds report fund balance classifications based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

1 - <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)</u>

Fund Balances (Continued)

purposes for which amounts in the funds can be spent. These potential classifications are defined as follows:

Nonspendable fund balance – includes amounts that are (a) not spendable in form, or (b) legally or contractually required to remain intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, for example: inventories, prepaid amounts, and long-term notes receivable.

Restricted fund balance – includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers, constitutionally or through enabling legislation. Restrictions may effectively be changed or lifted only with the consent of resource providers.

Committed fund balance — includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the City's highest level of decision-making authority, the City Council. Commitments are created by, and can only be changed or removed by, a resolution adopted by the City Council.

Assigned fund balance – includes amounts intended to be used by the City for specific purposes that are neither restricted nor committed. For this type of fund balance, it is the City's policy that spending authority is delegated to management by the City Council.

Unassigned fund balance – is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all amounts not contained in other classifications. Unassigned amounts are technically available for any purpose. A positive unassigned fund balance is only possible in the general fund.

In circumstances when an expenditure is made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, fund balance is depleted in the order of restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The government has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. First is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position and proprietary funds statement of net position. A deferred charge on the refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The second is the deferred outflow for

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources (Continued)

pension related items. See Note 6 for more information on this deferred outflow. Lastly, the government reports a deferred outflow for OPEB related items. See Note 8 for more information.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has five types of items, unavailable revenue, deferred revenue, deferred inflow for leases, deferred inflow for pension related items, and deferred inflow for OPEB related items that qualify for reporting in this category. Unavailable revenue, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from special assessments. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. Deferred revenues are reported in both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental funds balance sheet for property tax receivable. Property taxes are not recognized as revenue until the period for which they are levied. Deferred inflow for leases are deferred and recognized as revenue in a systematic and rational manner over the term of the lease. See Note 11 for more details. The last two items, deferred inflows for pension related items and deferred inflows for OPEB related items, are reported only in the Statement of Net Position. See Notes 6 and 8 for more information on these deferred inflows.

Governmental funds report deferred inflows of resources in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Deferred inflows of resources are reported as follows:

General fund property taxes receivable	\$ 3,629,722
Debt service fund property taxes receivable	1,615,017
Debt service fund special assessments receivable	14,162,365
Non-major governmental fund property taxes receivable	70,585
	\$ 19,477,689

Net position

The government-wide statement of net position reports \$27,575,953 of restricted net position, of which \$1,863,451 is restricted by enabling legislation.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Restatement of Beginning Net Position

On January 1, 2022, the City adopted GASB Statement No. 87, Leases. The primary objective of this statement is to enhance the relevance and consistency of information about the governments' leasing activities. This statement establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. The City implemented this standard as of January 1, 2022 and restated the beginning net position for the following:

	Go	vernmental			
		Activities Activities			Total
Net Position, end of year, 2021	\$	57,904,890	\$	85,950,007	\$ 143,854,897
Add: Lease Liability		(1,358,754)		(274,610)	(1,633,364)
Add: Right to Use Asset		1,358,754		274,610	1,633,364
Less: Write off capital lease liability		1,343,466		-	1,343,466
Less: Write off capital lease asset		(1,674,699)		-	(1,674,699)
Less: Write off capital lease asset accumulated depreciation		206,373		-	206,373
Add: Lease Receivable		-		51,801	51,801
Add: Deferred Inflow		-		(51,801)	(51,801)
Net Position, beginning of year, 2022, as restated	\$	57,780,030	\$	85,950,007	\$ 143,730,037

Concentrations of Credit Risk

Loans are extended, on a fully secured basis, to local businesses under an economic development loan program. Credit is extended to citizens for special assessments levied by the City for capital improvements. These special assessments are secured by liens on the related properties. Unsecured credit is extended to customers for electric, water and sewer fees and charges for services. Intergovernmental receivables include unsecured amounts due from federal, state and county agencies for various grant programs.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Pending Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements

At December 31, 2022, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) had issued statements not yet implemented by the City. The statements that might impact the City are as follows:

GASB Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates, provides guidance where some governments have entered into agreements in which variable payments made or received depend on an interbank offered rate (IBOR)—most notably, the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR). As a result of global reference rate reform, LIBOR is expected to cease to exist in its current form at the end of 2021, prompting governments to amend or replace financial instruments for the purpose of replacing LIBOR with other reference rates, by either changing the reference rate or adding or changing fallback provisions related to the reference rate. The provisions of this statement were originally effective for financial statements for the City's fiscal year ending December 31, 2022, and now postponed until December 31, 2023 per GASB Statement No. 95.

GASB Statement No. 94, Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements, improves financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs). A PPP is an arrangement in which a government contracts with an operator to provide public services by conveying control of the right to operate or use a nonfinancial asset, such as infrastructure or other capital asset, for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. This statement also provides guidance for accounting and financial reporting for availability payment arrangements (APAs), which is an arrangement in which a government compensates an operator for services that may include designing, constructing, financing, maintaining, or operating an underlying nonfinancial asset for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. The provisions of this statement are effective for financial statements for the City's fiscal year ending December 31, 2023.

GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, provides new accounting and financial reporting guidance for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs), which have become increasingly common among state and local governments in recent years. Statement 96 is based on the standards established in Statement 87, Leases. The new statement defines a SBITA as a contract that conveys control of the right to use a SBITA vendor's IT software, alone or in combination with tangible capital assets (the underlying IT assets), as specified in the contract for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. The guidance requires governments with SBITAs to recognize a right-to-use subscription asset, an intangible asset, and a corresponding subscription liability (with an exception for short-term SBITAs, those with a maximum possible term of 12 months) and provides guidance related to outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs, and requirements for note disclosures related to a SBITA. The provisions of this statement will be effective for financial statements for the City's fiscal year ending December 31, 2023.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Pending Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 99, Omnibus 2022, enhances comparability in accounting and financial reporting and improves the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This statement addresses a variety of topics including: 1) classification and reporting of derivative instruments within the scope of Statement No. 53 that do not meet the definition of either an investment derivative instrument or a hedging derivative instrument; 2) clarification of certain provisions in Statement No. 87, Statement No. 94 and Statement No. 96; 3) extension of the period during which the London Interbank offered Rate (LIBOR) is considered an appropriate benchmark interest rate of the qualitative evaluation of the effectiveness of an interest rate swap that hedges the interest rate risk of taxable debt; 4) accounting for the distribution of benefits as part of the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program; 5) disclosures related to nonmonetary transactions; 6) pledges of future revenues when resources are not received by the pledging government; 7) clarification of provisions in Statement No 34 related to the focus of the government-wide financial statements; terminology updates related to certain provisions of Statement No. 63; and 8) terminology used in Statement No. 53 to refer to resource flows statements. The provisions of this statement for items 1 and 2 are effective for financial statements for the City's fiscal year ending December 31, 2024, and December 31, 2023, respectively. All other provisions of this statement are effective upon issuance.

GASB statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections, enhances accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. This statement defines accounting changes as changes in accounting principles, changes in accounting estimates and changes to or within the financial reporting entity. This statement also addresses corrections of errors in previously issued financial statements. This statement prescribes the accounting and financial reporting for each type of accounting change and error corrections. This statement requires that changes in accounting principles and error corrections be reported retroactively by restating prior periods, changes to or within the financial reporting entity be reported by adjusting beginning balances of the current period, and changes in accounting estimates be reported prospectively by recognizing the change in the current period. This statement also requires disclosure in the notes to the financial statements of descriptive information about accounting changes and error corrections. Furthermore, this statement addresses how information that is affected by a change in accounting principle or error correction should be presented in required supplementary information and supplementary information. The provisions of this statement are effective for financial statements for the City's fiscal year ending December 31, 2024.

GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences, better meets the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. This is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Pending Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements (Continued)

model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. The provisions of this statement are effective for financial statements for the City's fiscal year ending December 31, 2024.

2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

Budgetary Information

Applicable Kansas statutes require that budgets be legally adopted for the general fund, special revenue funds (unless exempted by a specific statute), enterprise funds and the debt service fund. A legal operating budget is not required for the Capital Project Fund, the Vehicle and Equipment Replacement Fund, the American Rescue Plan Act Grant Fund, the Mayor's Christmas Tree Fund, the Special Olympics Fund, and the Law Enforcement Trust Fund. Legal operating budgets are, however, required for the Infrastructure Special Sales Tax, Park Improvement, Special Highway, and Street Improvement capital project funds. All budgets are prepared utilizing the modified accrual basis further modified by the encumbrance method of accounting – that is, commitments such as purchase orders and contracts, in addition to disbursements and accounts payable, are recorded as expenditures.

In March 2021, the Kansas Legislature passed Senate Bill (SB) 13 to establish limitations on ad valorem property tax levies by taxing subdivisions without an additional notice and hearing prior to budget adoption. This change in policy applied to the 2022 budget cycle. The bill repeals the tax lid law and computed tax limits imposed by KSA 79-2925b and KSA 79-2925c. Alternatively the bill introduces the use of a "revenue neutral rate" (RNR), defined as the amount of ad valorem tax revenue levied in the prior year over the current year assessed valuation estimates, expressed as a mill. County clerks are responsible for computing and providing the rate to taxing subdivisions with the budget information estimates.

Timeline if exceeding the RNR:

- a) **June 15**th Assessed property valuation estimates distributed from County Clerks (will include Revenue Neutral Rate)
- b) July 20th Last day to notify County Clerk of intent to levy above RNR
- c) August 10th County Clerk notifies taxpayers via mail/email of all taxing subdivisions exceeding RNR
- d) August 10th September 10th Publication of hearing 10 days prior to hearing for both the RNR hearing and the budget hearing. The RNR hearing must be done prior to or in conjunction with the budget hearing.
- e) August 20th September 20th Hold RNR hearing and budget hearing
- f) August 20th October 1st Governing body passes resolution to exceed RNR and formally adopts budget. Governing body certifies budget to County Clerk.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

Budgetary Information (Continued)

Timeline if not exceeding the RNR:

- a) **June 15**th Assessed property valuation estimates distributed from County Clerks (will include Revenue Neutral Rate)
- b) August 4th Deadline to publish notice of budget hearing in newspaper
- c) August 15th Deadline to hold budget hearing
- d) August 15th 25th Governing body formally adopts budget
- e) August 25th Governing body certifies budget to County Clerk

Kansas statutes permit transferring budgeted amounts from one object or purpose to another within the same fund; however, such statutes prohibit creating expenditures in excess of the total amount of the adopted budget of expenditures in an individual fund. The City Administrator is authorized to approve over-expenditures at the departmental level or transfers of budgeted appropriations between departments. However, management may not amend a fund's total budgeted expenditures without Council approval. The legal level of budgetary control is the fund level. Spending in funds which are not subject to the legal annual operating budget requirement is controlled by federal regulations, other statutes, or by the use of internal spending limits established by the City. All unencumbered appropriations lapse at the end of the year. Encumbered appropriations are not appropriated in the ensuing year's budget but are carried forward until liquidated or cancelled.

Kansas statutes permit original budgets to be increased for previously unbudgeted increases in revenue other than ad valorem property taxes. The City must first publish a notice of public hearing to amend the budget. Ten days after publication, a public hearing is held and the governing body may amend the budget at that time.

3 - Deposits and Investments

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk-Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned. Kansas statutes require that deposits be collateralized, and that collateral pledged must have a fair market value equal to 100% of the deposits and investments, less insured amounts, and must be assigned for the benefit of the City. The carrying amount of deposits for the City was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

3 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Deposits (Continued)

Fair Value Measurements

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the investment.

Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets;

Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs, either directly or indirectly observable, and fair value can be determined through the use of models or other valuation methodologies;

Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs in situations where there is little or no market activity for the asset or liability and the entity makes estimates and assumptions related to the pricing of the asset or liability including assumptions regarding risk.

At December 31, 2022, the City had the following investments:

Schedule of Investments at December 31, 2022														
	Interest			Par	Fair	Fair Value								
	Rates	Maturities		Value	Value	Hierarchy								
City Investments:														
U.S. Treasury Bill	1.375% - 2.625%	<1 year	\$	25,779,605	\$ 25,773,289	Level 1								
KMIP - Overnight	.002% - 2.758%	On Demand	1,388,287		1,388,287		1,388,287		1,388,287		1,388,287		1,388,287	N/A
			\$	27,167,892	\$ 27,161,576									

<u>Investments</u>

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The City's formal investment policy does not limit investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates, but requires that to the extent possible, the City will attempt to match its investments with anticipated cash flow requirements. The City is not exposed to significant interest rate risk.

Credit risk

Kansas statutes authorize the City, with certain restrictions, to deposit or invest in temporary notes, no-fund warrants, open accounts, time deposits, certificates of deposit, repurchase

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

3 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

agreements, U.S. Treasury Bills and Notes, the State of Kansas Municipal Investment Pool, or to make direct investments. The City has an investment policy which does not impose limitations beyond those of the State of Kansas.

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in the possession of an outside party. As of December 31, 2022, the City was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

The following is a breakdown of the City's cash by fund type:

Reconciliation of Cash										
	De	posits Including								
		Investments	and	Investments		Total				
Government-type activities	\$	24,729,927	\$	1,162,733	\$	25,892,660				
Business-type activities		28,028,338		457,075		28,485,413				
Total	\$	52,758,265	\$	1,619,808	\$	54,378,073				

At year-end, a reconciliation of deposits and investments is as follows:

Reconciliation of Deposits and Investments						
	Primary					
	G	overnment				
Cash on hand	\$	5,950				
Carrying amount of deposits		27,210,547				
Carrying amount of investments		27,161,576				
Total deposits and investments	\$	54,378,073				
Deposits including investments	\$	52,758,265				
Restricted cash and investments		1,619,808				
Total deposits and investments	\$	54,378,073				

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

4 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the primary government for the year ended December 31, 2022 was as follows:

	,	*As Restated		•			
	D	ecember 31,				C	ecember 31,
		2021	Increases	Decreases	Transfers		2022
Governmental activities:							
Capital assets, not being depreciated							
Land	\$	6,525,958	\$ 12,500	\$ -	\$ -	\$	6,538,458
Construction in progress		8,706,492	1,790,386	(3,369,445)	(1,058,244)		6,069,189
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		15,232,450	1,802,886	(3,369,445)	(1,058,244)		12,607,647
Capital assets, being depreciated							
Buildings		18,651,111	-	(10,265)	-		18,640,846
Improvements other than buildings		5,803,338	466,319	(69,979)	218,350		6,418,028
Infrastructure		76,206,836	8,227,112	(262,640)	(24,756)		84,146,552
Machinery and Equipment		2,586,496	177,089	(193,362)	(193,594)		2,376,629
Vehicles		1,871,123	177,863	(173,487)	15,023		1,890,522
Total capital assets being depreciated		105,118,904	9,048,383	(709,733)	15,023		113,472,577
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings		(3,065,021)	(461,556)	10,265	-		(3,516,312
Improvements other than buildings		(2,887,781)	(305,757)	69,979	(63,475)		(3,187,034
Infrastructure		(32,572,123)	(2,540,645)	262,640	24,756		(34,825,372
Machinery and Equipment		(2,138,351)	(150,992)	184,369	38,719		(2,066,255
Vehicles		(1,461,896)	(234,522)	173,487	(15,023)		(1,537,954
Total accumulated depreciation		(42,125,172)	(3,693,472)	700,740	(15,023)		(45,132,927
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		62,993,732	5,354,911	(8,993)	-		68,339,650
Governmental activities capital assets, net		78,226,182	7,157,797	(3,378,438)	(1,058,244)		80,947,297
Right to use leased assets, not being amortized							
Land		355,262	-	-	-		355,262
Total right to use leased assets, not being amortized		355,262	-	-	-		355,262
Right to use leased assets, being amortized							
Infrastructure		934,709	-	-	-		934,709
Vehicles		68,783	_	_	-		68,783
Total right to use leased assets being amortized		1,003,492	-	-	-		1,003,492
Less accumulated amortization for:							
Infrastructure		-	(58,419)	-	-		(58,419
Vehicles			(8,598)	-	-		(8,598
Total accumulated amortization		-	(67,017)	-	-		(67,017
Total right to use leased assets being amortized, net		1,003,492	(67,017)	-	-		936,475
Governmental activities capital assets & right to use leased							
assets, net	\$	79,584,936	\$ 7,090,780	\$ (3,378,438)	\$ (1,058,244)	\$	82,239,034

^{*}Beginning balance has been restated due to the implementation of GASB 87 $\,$

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

4 - Capital Assets (Continued)

	*	As Restated				
	D	ecember 31,				December 31,
		2021	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	2022
Business-type activities:						
Capital assets, not being depreciated						
Land	\$	3,689,744	\$ 791,137	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,480,881
Construction in progress		32,012,206	4,327,153	(31,898,619)	1,058,244	5,498,984
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		35,701,950	5,118,290	(31,898,619)	1,058,244	9,979,865
Capital assets, being depreciated/amortized						
Buildings		21,078,696	25,275,617	-	-	46,354,313
Intangibles		7,763,065	-	(7,096,339)	-	666,726
Improvements other than buildings		14,640,890	412,434	-	-	15,053,324
Infrastructure		110,336,818	5,939,183	-	-	116,276,001
Machinery and equipment		2,088,279	552,956	-	-	2,641,235
Vehicles		1,574,164	-	-	(15,023)	1,559,141
Total capital assets being depreciated/amortized		157,481,912	32,180,190	(7,096,339)	(15,023)	182,550,740
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization for:						
Buildings		(4,769,703)	(843,707)	-	-	(5,613,410
Intangibles		(2,214,717)	(19,704)	1,622,207	-	(612,214
Improvements other than buildings		(8,238,208)	(530,121)	-	-	(8,768,329
Infrastructure		(57,665,897)	(3,401,447)	-	-	(61,067,344
Machinery and equipment		(1,360,063)	(184,825)	-	-	(1,544,888
Vehicles		(815,531)	(121,201)	-	15,023	(921,709
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization		(75,064,119)	(5,101,005)	1,622,207	15,023	(78,527,894
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		82,417,793	27,079,185	(5,474,132)	-	104,022,846
Business-type activities capital assets, net		118,119,743	32,197,475	(37,372,751)	1,058,244	114,002,711
Right to use leased assets being amortized						
Vehicles		274,610	-	-	-	274,610
Total right to use leased assets being amortized		274,610	-	-	-	274,610
Less accumulated amortization for:						
Vehicles			(74,894)			(74,894
Total accumulated amortization		-	(74,894)	-	-	(74,894
Total right to use leased assets being amortized, net		274,610	(74,894)	-	-	199,716
Business-type activities capital assets & right to use leased						
assets, net	\$	118,394,353	\$ 32,122,581	\$ (37,372,751)	\$ 1,058,244	\$ 114,202,427

^{*}Beginning balance has been restated due to the implementation of GASB 87 $\,$

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

4 - Capital Assets (Continued)

Capital Asset Transfers During the Year										
	Governmental activities Business-type activities									
		Book	Ac	cumulated		Book	Ac	cumulated		
		Value	D	epreciation		Value	De	epreciation		
Transfers In:										
Improvements other than buildings	\$	218,350	\$	(63,475)	\$	-	\$	-		
Vehicles		15,023		(15,023)		-		-		
Transfers Out:										
Infrastructure		(24,756)		24,756		-		-		
Machinery and Equipment		(193,594)		38,719		-		-		
Vehicles		-		-		(15,023)		15,023		
Net Change:										
Improvements other than buildings		218,350		(63 <i>,</i> 475)		-		-		
Infrastructure		(24,756)		24,756		-		-		
Machinery and Equipment		(193,594)		38,719		-		-		
Vehicles		15,023		(15,023)		(15,023)		15,023		
Capital assets, being depreciated	\$	15,023	\$	(15,023)	\$	(15,023)	\$	15,023		
Construction in progress transfers in (out)		(1,058,244)				1,058,244				
Capital assets transfers, net			\$	(1,058,244)			\$	1,058,244		

Depreciation and amortization expense on capital assets was charged to functions/programs of the government as follows:

Governmental activities	
Depreciation Expense	
General Government	\$ 116,478
Police	552,738
Public Works	2,310,686
Culture and Recreation	663,630
Community Development	2,385
Internal Service Funds	 47,555
Total depreciation expense	 3,693,472
Lease Amortization Expense	
Public Works	8,598
Culture and Recreation	58,419
Total lease amortization expense	67,017
Total depreciation and lease amortization expense for	
governmental activities	\$ 3,760,489

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

4 - Capital Assets (Continued)

Business-type activities	
Depreciation Expense	
Electric	\$ 1,669,270
Water	1,239,097
Wastewater	1,997,447
Stormwater	95,403
Airport	95,690
Internal Service Funds	4,098
Total depreciation expense	 5,101,005
Lease Amortization Expense	
Electric	74,894
Total lease amortization expense	74,894
Total depreciation and lease amortization expense for	
business-type activities	\$ 5,175,899

5 - Capital Financed Assets

The City has entered into a capital financing arrangement for equipment and an asset purchase agreement for a 32.26% interest in KMEA's (Kansas Municipal Energy Agency) 10.1% undivided interest in the Dogwood Energy Facility which have been classified in the financial statements as capital assets.

In March 2018, the City entered into an asset purchase agreement with KMEA to assume the costs of a 32.26% participation in KMEA's 10.1% undivided interest in the Dogwood Energy Facility. Payments began in April 2019 and will continue on a semi-annual basis until maturity in 2038.

In May 2019, the City entered into a \$45,000 Purchase Agreement to finance the purchase of equipment for the public works department. Payments began in April of 2020 and will continue on an annual basis until maturity in 2024.

The following table details capital financed assets by major classification at December 31, 2022.

Capital Financed Assets										
	G	overnmental	Busir	ess-Type						
		Activities	Activities							
Machinery and equipment	\$	45,000	\$	-						
Buildings		-	10	,750,645						
Less accumulated depreciation		(36,000)	(1	,276,639)						
Total	\$	9,000	\$ 9	,474,006						

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

6 - <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans</u>

Plan Description

The City participates in the Kansas Public Employees Retirement System (KPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan as provided by K.S.A. 74-4901, et seq. Kansas law establishes and amends benefit provisions. KPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. KPERS' financial statements are included in its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report, which can be found on the KPERS website at http://www.kpers.org or by writing to KPERS (611 S. Kansas Avenue, Suite 100, Topeka, Kansas 66603-3803) or by calling 1-888-275-5737.

Benefits Provided

KPERS provides retirement benefits, life insurance, disability income benefits, and death benefits. Benefits are established by statute and may only be changed by the Legislature. Member employees (except Police and Firemen) with ten or more years of credited service, may retire as early as age 55 (Police and Firemen may be age 50 with 20 years of credited service), with an actuarially reduced monthly benefit. Normal retirement is at age 65, age 62 with ten years of credited service, or whenever an employee's combined age and years of credited service equal 85 "points" (Police and Firemen's normal retirement ages are age 60 with 15 years of credited service, age 55 with 20 years, age 50 with 25 years, or any age with 36 years of service).

Monthly retirement benefits are based on a statutory formula that includes final average salary and years of service. When ending employment, member employees may withdraw their contributions from their individual accounts, including interest. Member employees who withdraw their accumulated contributions lose all rights and privileges of membership. The accumulated contributions and interest are deposited into and disbursed from the membership accumulated reserve fund as established by K.S.A. 74-4922.

Member employees choose one of seven payment options for their monthly retirement benefits. At retirement, a member employee may receive a lump-sum payment of up to 50% of the actuarial present value of the member employee's lifetime benefit. His or her monthly retirement benefit is then permanently reduced based on the amount of the lump-sum. Benefit increases, including ad hoc post-retirement benefit increases, must be passed into law by the Kansas Legislature. Benefit increases are under the authority of the Legislature and the Governor of the State of Kansas.

The 2012 Legislature made changes affecting new hires, current member employees and employers. A new KPERS 3 cash balance retirement plan for new hires starting January 1, 2015, was created. Normal retirement age for KPERS 3 is 65 with five years of service or 60 years with 30 years of service. Early retirement is available at age 55 with ten years of service, with a reduced benefit. Monthly benefit options are an annuity benefit based on the account balance at retirement.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

6 - <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)</u>

Benefits Provided (Continued)

For all pension coverage groups, the retirement benefits are disbursed from the retirement benefit payment reserve fund as established by K.S.A. 74-4922.

Contributions

K.S.A. 74-4919 and K.S.A. 74-49,210 establish the KPERS member-employee contribution rates. KPERS has multiple benefit structures and contribution rates depending on whether the employee is a KPERS 1, KPERS 2 or KPERS 3 member. KPERS 1 members are active and contributing members hired before July 1, 2009. KPERS 2 members were first employed in a covered position on or after July 1, 2009, and KPERS 3 members were first employed in a covered position on or after January 1, 2015. Effective January 1, 2015, Kansas law established the KPERS member-employee contribution rate at 6% of covered salary for KPERS 1, KPERS 2 and KPERS 3 members. K.S.A. 74-4975 establishes the Police and Firemen (KP&F) member-employee contribution rate at 7.15% of covered salary. Member contributions are withheld by their employer and paid to KPERS according to the provisions of Section 414(h) of the Internal Revenue Code.

State law provides that the employer contribution rates for KPERS 1, KPERS 2, KPERS 3 and KP&F be determined based on the results of each annual actuarial valuation. KPERS is funded on an actuarial reserve basis. Kansas law sets a limitation on annual increases in the employer contribution rates. The actuarially determined employer contribution rate (not including the 1.0% contribution rate for the Death and Disability Program) and the statutory contribution rate were 8.90% for KPERS and 22.99% for KP&F for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022.

House Substitute for SB21 included changes to the working after retirement rules for members who retire on or after January 1, 2018. The key provisions of the bill were to lengthen the waiting period for KPERS members to return to work from 60 days to 180 days for members who retire before attaining age 62, removing the earnings limitation for all retirees and establish a single employer contribution schedule for all retirees. For employees working after retirement, KPERS employers will pay the same statutorily required rate as the other KPERS plans (for the City that rate is 8.90% for 2022) on earnings up to \$25,000 and 30% on earnings over \$25,000.

Contributions to the pension plan from the City were \$666,356 for KPERS and \$647,047 for KP&F for the year ended December 31, 2022.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

6 - <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)</u>

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of</u> Resources Related to Pensions

Although KPERS administers one cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, separate (sub) actuarial valuations are prepared to determine the actuarial determined contribution rate by group. Following this method, the measurement of the collective net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense are determined separately for each group of the plan. The City participates in the local (KPERS) group and the Police and Firemen (KP&F) group.

At December 31, 2022, the City reported a liability of \$7,499,434 for KPERS and \$6,780,864 for KP&F for its proportionate share of the KPERS' collective net pension liability. The collective net pension liability was measured by KPERS as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the collective net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2022. The City's proportion of the collective net pension liability was based on the ratio of the City's actual contributions to KPERS and KP&F, relative to the total employer and nonemployer contributions to KPERS and KP&F for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The contributions used exclude contributions made for prior service, excess benefits and irregular payments. At June 30, 2022, the City's proportion and change from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021 were as follows:

			Tot	tal net pension		Change in
	Governmental	Business-Type	I	iability as of	Proportion as of	proportion from
	Activities	Activities	Dec	ember 31, 2022	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
KPERS (local)	\$ 4,560,200	\$ 2,939,234	\$	7,499,434	0.377227%	0.003309%
KP&F	6,780,864			6,780,864	0.470165%	0.003102%
Total	\$ 11,341,064	\$ 2,939,234	\$	14,280,298	<u>=</u>	

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the City recognized pension expense of \$1,031,248 for KPERS and \$1,173,922 for KP&F. At December 31, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

6 - <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)</u>

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of</u> Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

	Deferred Outflows of Resources				Deferred Inflows of Resources				
	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Governmental Activities			ness-Type tivities	
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	455,847	\$	115,566	\$	11,316	\$	2,126	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		863,448		236,760		-		-	
Changes in proportionate share		326,294		14,901		66,551		43,898	
Changes in assumptions		1,581,127		489,002		-		-	
City contributions subsequent to		F20 FF2		125 004					
measurement date Total	\$	539,552 3,766,268	\$	135,894 992,123	\$	77,867	\$	46,024	

The \$675,446 (KPERS and KP&F) reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ended December 31, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as increases (decreases) to pension expense as follows:

	De	Deferred Outflows (Inflows) of Resources				
	Go	vernmental	Busi	ness-Type		
		Activities	Activities			
Year ended December 31:						
2023	\$	940,541	\$	234,768		
2024		812,940		202,906		
2025		424,685		96,873		
2026		934,010		265,112		
2027		36,673		10,546		
	\$	3,148,849	\$	810,205		

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

6 - <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)</u>

Actuarial assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2022, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Assumptions	Entry age normal
Inflation	2.75 percent
Salary increases	3.50 to 12.00 percent, including price inflation
	7.00 percent compounded annually, net of
	investment expense, including price
Investment rate of return	inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Mortality Tables, with age setbacks and age set forwards as well as other adjustments based on different membership groups. Future mortality improvements are anticipated using Scale MP-2016.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study conducted for the three-year period beginning January 1, 2016. The experience study is dated January 7, 2020.

The actuarial assumptions changes adopted by the Pension Plan for all groups based on the actuarial valuation were as follows:

- The investment return assumption decreased from 7.25% to 7.00%.
- The general wage growth assumption remained at 3.50%.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of the most recent experience study, dated January 7, 2020, as provided by KPERS' investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

6 - <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)</u>

Actuarial assumptions (Continued)

	Long-term target	Long-term expected real
Asset class	allocation	rate of return
U.S. Equities	23.50 %	5.20 %
Non-U.S. Equities	23.50	6.40
Private Equity	8.00	9.50
Private Real Estate	11.00	4.45
Yield Driven	8.00	4.70
Real Return	11.00	3.25
Fixed Income	11.00	1.55
Short-term investment	4.00	0.25
Total	100.00 %	

Discount rate

The discount rate used by KPERS to measure the total pension liability was 7.00 percent. The discount rate used to measure total pension liability at the prior measurement date of June 30, 2021 was 7.25 percent. The actuarial assumptions used in the calculation of the total pension liability were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience study. It covered the three-year period of January 1, 2016 through December 31, 2018 and was dated January 7, 2020.

The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was based on member and employer contributions as outlined below:

In KPERS, Local groups do not necessarily contribute the full actuarial determined rate. Based on legislation passed in 1993 and subsequent legislation, the employer contribution rates certified by the KPERS' Board of Trustees for this group may not increase by more than the statutory cap. The statutory cap for Fiscal Year 2022 was 1.2 percent. The Local employers are currently contributing the full actuarial contribution rate. Employers contribute the full actuarial determined rate for KP&F.

<u>Sensitivity of the City's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability to changes in the discount rate</u>

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

6 - <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)</u>

<u>Sensitivity of the City's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability to changes in</u> the discount rate (Continued)

	19	% Decrease (6.00%)	Di	Current scount Rate (7.00%)	1% Increase (8.00%)		
City's KPERS proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	10,773,188	\$	7,499,434	\$	4,771,932	
City's KP&F proportionate share of the net pension liability		9,300,955		6,780,864		4,684,013	
	\$	20,074,143	\$	14,280,298	\$	9,455,945	

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Kansas Public Employees Retirement System financial report, which can be found here: https://www.kpers.org/about/reports.html

7 - <u>Deferred Compensation Plan</u>

The City offers employees a deferred compensation plan in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all full-time and regular part-time employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The City of Gardner is the plan sponsor and has delegated fiduciary duties to MissionSquare, formerly known as International City/County Management Association (ICMA) Retirement Corporation, as our engaged provider. Accordingly, the plan assets and related liabilities to plan participants are not included in the basic financial statements. For 2022, the City's contributions were \$55,002.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

8 - Other Postemployment Healthcare Benefits

Description. The City offers postemployment health and dental insurance to retired employees through HSA Bank-COBRA. HSA Bank-COBRA functions as an agent multiple-employer plan. Administrative costs of the plan are paid by the City. It was determined the Fund did not qualify as an "OPEB Plan" and thus cannot be treated as holding assets in order to offset OPEB liabilities. Though retiree benefits were not directly paid by the City, they were implicitly paid over time through employer subsidization of active premiums that would be lower if retirees were not part of the experience group. Kansas statutes provide that postemployment healthcare benefits be extended to retired employees who have met age and/or service eligibility requirements until the individuals become eligible for Medicare coverage at age 65. Retirees of the City (and their dependents) were able to elect to continue coverage in the medical and dental plans offered by the City by paying required premium rates. Upon retiree death or attainment of age 65, spouses may continue COBRA coverage for up to three years. The required premium rates are based on combined active and retiree experience so retirees may not be charged the full age-based projected cost. The Plan does not issue separate financial statements.

Active employees eligible for coverage	143
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	_
	143

Funding Policy. Through HSA Bank-COBRA, the City provides health and dental insurance benefits to retirees and their dependents in accordance with Kansas law (K.S.A. 12-5040). Kansas statutes, which may be amended by the state legislature, establish that participating retirees may be required to contribute to the employee group health benefits plan, including administrative costs at an amount not to exceed 125% of the premium cost for other similarly situated employees. Retirees contributed 100% of the cost of premiums, which vary depending on the coverage selected.

The City appropriated funds annually for the costs associated with this retirement benefit and provided funding for the expenditures on a pay-as-you-go basis through the General Fund, Proprietary Funds, and Internal Service Funds. In 2022, the City contributed \$21,000 to the plan.

OPEB Liability

The City's total OPEB liability of \$578,314 related to the City's plan was measured as of December 31, 2021; the total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020. The results of the July 1, 2020 valuation were projected to the beginning and end of year measurement dates using standard actuarial techniques.

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

8 - Other Postemployment Healthcare Benefits (Continued)

OPEB Liability (Continued)

Valuation Date	July 1, 2020
Measurement Date	December 31, 2021
Payroll Growth	3.00%
Discount rate	2.04%
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal- Level Percent-of-Pay
Healthcare cost trend rates	6.50% for 2021-22, decreasing by .50% per year through 2023-24 and then decreasing by .25% per year through 2025-26, then decreasing by .10% per year to an ultimate rate of 4.50% for 2030-31 and later years.
Retirees' share of benefit-related	costs Retirees contribute 100% of the active funding rate

Discount rate. GASB 75 standards require a single discount rate to be determined. To the extent Plan (i.e. Trust) assets are projected to be sufficient to make projected benefit payments, the discount rate will equal the expected return on such assets. To the extent a Plan is not projected to be sufficient to make future benefit payments the yield or index for 20-year, tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher should be factored in. Plan assets do not apply to the City's program.

In order to determine the municipal bond rate, the average of the published yields from the S&P Municipal Bond 20 year High Grade and the Fidelity GO AA-20 Years indices were used. The selected average rates are 2.00% and 2.04% as of the beginning and end of year, respectively. These were used as the discount rates to determine present value costs.

Changes in Total OPEB Liability						
Balance at 12/31/2021	\$	574,394				
Service cost		51,470				
Interest cost		12,357				
Changes of benefit terms		-				
Changes in assumptions		(2,327)				
Differences between expected and actual experience		(41,580)				
Benefit payments		(16,000)				
Net change		3,920				
Balance at 12/31/2022	\$	578,314				

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

8 - Other Postemployment Healthcare Benefits (Continued)

OPEB Liability (Continued)

Sensitivity of Total OPEB Liability to changes in the Discount rate. The following presents the Total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the current discount rate:

			Current		
	1% Decrease (1.04%)		count Rate (2.04%)	1% Increase (3.04%)	
Total OPEB liability	\$ \$ 639,098		578,314	\$	522,889

Sensitivity of Total OPEB Liability to changes in Healthcare Cost Trend Analysis. The following presents the Total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1% lower or 1% higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

			Current		
	1% Decrease T (5.50%)		d Assumption (6.50%)	1% Increase (7.50%)	
Total OPEB liability	\$ 495,177	\$	578,314	\$	678,723

<u>OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB</u>

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$52,983. At December 31, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Govern	es		Business-Type Activities				
	Deferred Outflows		eferred Outflows Deferred Inflows		Deferre	d Outflows	Deferred Inflows	
	of Resources		rces of Resources		of Re	esources	of R	esources
Changes in actuarial experiences	\$	2,982	\$	39,058	\$	781	\$	13,118
Changes in assumptions	1	7,563		71,811		8,755		33,212
Contributions subsequent to								
measurement date		8,000		-		13,000		-
	\$ 2	8,545	\$	110,869	\$	22,536	\$	46,330

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

8 - Other Postemployment Healthcare Benefits (Continued)

<u>OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)</u>

The \$21,000 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from the City's benefits subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability for the year ended December 31, 2023.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	Deferred Outflows (Inflows) of Resources				
		Governmental		Business-Type	
Year ended December 31:		Activities		Activities	
2023	\$	(7,705)	\$	(3,139)	
2024		(7,705)		(3,139)	
2025		(7,705)		(3,139)	
2026		(7,705)		(3,139)	
2027		(7,705)		(3,139)	
2028 & Thereafter		(51,799)		(21,099)	
	\$	(90,324)	\$	(36,794)	

KPERS Death and Disability OPEB Plan

Plan Description. The City of Gardner participates in an agent multiple-employer defined benefit other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan (the Plan) which is administered by the Kansas Public Employees Retirement System (KPERS). The Plan provides long-term disability benefits and a life insurance benefit for disabled KPERS members, as provided by K.S.A. 74-04927. The Plan is administered through a trust held by KPERS that is funded to pay annual benefit payments. However because the trust's assets are used to pay employee benefits other than OPEB, the trust does not meet the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. Accordingly, the Plan is considered to be administered on a pay-as-you-go basis. There is no stand-alone financial report for the plan.

Benefits

Benefits are established by statute and may be amended by the KPERS Board of Trustees. The Plan provides long-term disability benefits equal to 60 percent (prior to January 1, 2006, 66 2/3 percent) of annual compensation, offset by other benefits. Members receiving long-term disability benefits also receive credit towards their KPERS retirement benefits and have their group life insurance coverage continued under the waiver of premium provision.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

8 - KPERS Death and Disability OPEB Plan (Continued)

Benefits (Continued)

The monthly long-term disability benefit is 60 percent of the member's monthly compensation, with a minimum of \$100 and a maximum of \$5,000. The monthly benefit is subject to reduction by deductible sources of income, which include Social Security primary disability or retirement benefits, workers compensation benefits, other disability benefits from any other sources by reason of employment, and earnings from any form of employment. If the disability begins before age 60, benefits are payable while the disability continues until the member's 65th birthday or retirement date, whichever occurs first. If the disability begins at or after age 60, benefits are payable while the disability continues, for a period of five years or until the member retires, whichever occurs first.

Benefit payments for disabilities caused or contributed to by substance abuse or non-biologically-based mental illnesses are limited to the shorter of the term of the disability or 24 months per lifetime, whichever is less.

The death benefit paid to beneficiaries of disabled members is 150% of the greater of 1) the member's annual rate of compensation at the time of disability, or 2) the member's previous 12 months of compensation at the time of the last date on payroll. If the member has been disabled for five or more years, the annual compensation or salary rate at the time of death will be indexed using the consumer price index, less one percentage point, to compute the death benefit. If a member is diagnosed as terminally ill with a life expectancy of 12 months or less, the member may be eligible to receive up to 100% of the death benefit rather than having the benefit paid to the beneficiary. If a member retires or disability benefits end, the member may convert the group life insurance coverage to an individual insurance policy.

Covered Employees

The City of Gardner has the following employees covered by the Plan as of December 31, 2021:

Active members	108
Disabled members	-
	108

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

8 - KPERS Death and Disability OPEB Plan (Continued)

OPEB Liability

The City of Gardner's total OPEB liability of \$119,736 related to KPERS reported as of December 31, 2022, was measured as of June 30, 2022 (the measurement date), and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2022, using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date	December 31, 2021
Measurement Date	June 30, 2022
Inflation	2.75%
Payroll Growth	3.00%
Discount rate	3.54%
Salary increases including inflation	3.5% to 10.0%, including price inflation
Healthcare cost trend rates	Not applicable for the coverage in this plan
Retirees' share of benefit-related costs	Not applicable for the coverage in this plan

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Year Municipal Bond Index. Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Mortality Table, as appropriate, with adjustment for mortality improvements based on Scale MP-2021.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study conducted during 2016-2018. Other demographic assumptions are set to be consistent with the actuarial assumptions reflected in the December 31, 2021 pension valuation.

Changes in Total OPEB Liability

Changes in Total OPEB Liability						
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$	174,724				
Service cost		33,528				
Interest cost		4,498				
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses		(45,280)				
Effect of assumption changes or inputs		(47,734)				
Benefit payments		-				
Net change		(54,988)				
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$	119,736				

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

8 - KPERS Death and Disability OPEB Plan (Continued)

Changes in Total OPEB Liability (Continued)

Changes of assumptions. Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the changes in the discount rate each period. The discount rate increased from 2.16% to 3.54%.

Sensitivity Analysis. The following presents the City of Gardner's total OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.54%, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (2.54%) or 1-percentage point higher (4.54%) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(2.54%)	(3.54%)	(4.54%)
Total OPEB liability	\$124,816	\$119,736	\$ 114,302

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The healthcare trend rates do not affect the liabilities related to the long-term disability benefits sponsored by KPERS. Therefore, there is no sensitivity to a change in healthcare trend rates.

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the City of Gardner recognized OPEB expense of \$18,849. At December 31, 2022, the City of Gardner reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		Government	al Act	ivities	Business-Type Activities				
		red Outflows Resources		erred Inflows Resources	Deferred Outflow of Resources		Deferred Inflov of Resources		
Differences between expecte	ed								
and actual experience	\$	-	\$	64,994	\$	-	\$	45,925	
Changes in assumptions		5,853		27,155		4,283		18,236	
	\$	5,853	\$	92,149	\$	4,283	\$	64,161	

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

8 - KPERS Death and Disability OPEB Plan (Continued)

<u>OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)</u>

	Deferred Outflows (Inflows) of Resources							
	Governmental Business-Typ							
Year ended December 31:		Activities		Activities				
2023	\$	(11,321)	\$	(7,856)				
2024		(11,321)		(7,856)				
2025		(11,321)		(7,856)				
2026		(11,240)		(7,799)				
2027		(10,506)		(7,289)				
2028 & Thereafter		(30,587)		(21,222)				
	\$	(86,296)	\$	(59,878)				
•								

Summary of OPEB Plans

As of December 31, 2022 the City's total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources and OPEB expense associated with the two OPEB plans are summarized as follows:

	2022
Total OPEB liability	\$ 698,050
Deferred outflows of resources	61,217
Deferred inflows of resources	313,509
OPEB expense	71,832

9 - Risk Services

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; that is, damage to and destruction of assets; business interruption; errors and omissions; employee injuries and illnesses; natural disasters; and employee health, dental and accident benefits. Commercial insurance coverage is purchased for claims arising from such matters other than those related to employee health benefits and workers' compensation. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the three preceding years. There have not been significant reductions in claims from prior years.

The City obtains workers' compensation insurance through its membership in the Kansas Eastern Region Insurance Trust (KERIT), whose members consist of local cities and counties. KERIT is a risk-sharing pool organized under the insurance laws of the State of Kansas which self-insures workers' compensation and other related expenses up to certain limits and reinsures additional excess amounts up to certain limits. The City pays annual premiums to KERIT based upon historical experience and legal requirements mandated by the State of Kansas. The trust agreement allows for member assessments in the event claims and expenses exceed KERIT's self-insured retention limit. The City does not anticipate any additional assessments in excess of premiums paid as a result of its participation in this trust.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

10 - <u>Capital Projects</u>

The City is currently improving its water, wastewater and electrical systems, working on street and stormwater projects and performing various new developments. These projects are being funded primarily by the issuance of bonds, both general obligation and special assessment.

Following is a summary of project-to-date costs to December 31, 2022 on the capital projects compared to the amount authorized:

Primary Government Project Authorizations and Expenditures Since Inception									
Project Category		Αι	uthorization		openditures ce Inception				
Primary Government									
Governmental Improvements		\$	16,020,270	\$	10,063,452				
Electric Improvements			5,609,761		4,602,656				
Water Improvements			25,458,427		25,426,758				
Wastewater Improvements			25,840,263		4,968,089				
Airport Improvements			2,127,410		898,276				
Stormwater Improvements			443,580		443,580				
	Total	\$	75,499,711	\$	46,402,811				

11 - Lease Liability

A. Governmental Activities - Lessee

The City has entered into lease agreements for vehicles, land, and infrastructure. The lease contracts expire at various dates through 2028. The right to use assets are intangible assets and are recorded in capital assets as vehicles, land and infrastructure as noted in Note 4. The beginning balances in Note 4 were restated for the governmental activities for the right to use asset amounts for vehicles in the amount of \$68,783, land in the amount of \$355,262 and infrastructure in the amount of \$934,709. See the details of the lease arrangements below:

Governmental Activities									
							Amount		
					-	οι	utstanding		
			Amount of						
	Date of lease		original		Interest	De	cember 31,		
Description/Purpose	agreement		agreement	Lease term	rates		2022		
2019 Dump Truck	12/27/2019	\$	135,000	48 months	1.85%	\$	34,549		
Golf Course Improvements	6/1/2018		1,218,000	120 months	4.69%		809,001		
Justice Center Land	12/29/2016		678,000	120 months	2.40%		286,208		
	-	\$	2,031,000	_	•	\$	1,129,758		

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

11 - <u>Lease Liability (Continued)</u>

A. Governmental Activities – Lessee (Continued)

The following represents the future minimum lease payments for governmental activities required under the lease arrangements as of December 31:

Governmental Activities							
		Principal	ı	nterest		Total	
2023	\$	223,033	\$	43,497	\$	266,530	
2024		195,658		35,661		231,319	
2025		203,683		28,020		231,703	
2026		212,383		20,051		232,434	
2027		144,000		12,171		156,171	
2028-2032		151,001		5,323		156,324	
Total	\$	1,129,758	\$	144,723	\$	1,274,481	

B. Business-Type Activities - Lessee

The City has entered into lease agreements for vehicles for the Electric Fund. The lease contracts expire in 2025. The right to use assets are intangible assets and are recorded in capital assets as vehicles as noted in Note 4. The beginning balances in Note 4 were restated for the business-type activities for the right to use asset amounts for vehicles in the amount of \$274,610. See the details of the lease arrangements below:

Business-Type Activities								
						ŀ	Amount	
					-	ou	tstanding	
			Amount of					
	Date of lease		original		Interest	Dec	cember 31,	
Description/Purpose	agreement		agreement	Lease term	rates		2022	
2021 Freightliner	8/17/2020	\$	230,345	60 months	0.5517%	\$	99,817	
2021 Freightliner Digger Derrick	8/31/2020		235,422	_60 months	0.5517%		100,357	
	_	\$	465,767	_		\$	200,174	

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

11 - <u>Lease Liability (Continued)</u>

B. Business-Type Activities – Lessee (Continued)

The following represents the future minimum lease payments for business-type activities required under the lease arrangements as of December 31:

Business-Type Activities							
	F	Principal	In	terest		Total	
2023	\$	74,720	\$	916	\$	75,636	
2024		75,134		502		75,636	
2025		50,320		104		50,424	
Total	\$	200,174	\$	1,522	\$	201,696	

C. Business-Type Activities – Lessor

The City has entered into two arrangements to lease pole attachments to others. The lease contracts expire at various dates through 2027. The City restated beginning balances in business-type activities for lease receivables and deferred inflows of resources for leases in the amount of \$51,801. During 2022, the City recognized \$16,638 in lease revenue which represents the total amount of inflows of resources recognized in the reporting period from leases.

The following represents the future minimum lease revenue due for business-type activities under the lease arrangements as of December 31:

Business-Type Activities									
		Principal		Interest		Total			
2023	\$	17,040	\$	75	\$	17,115			
2024		5,063		38		5,101			
2025		5,075		26		5,101			
2026		5,087		14		5,101			
2027		2,548		2		2,550			
Total	\$	34,813	\$	155	\$	34,968			

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

12 - <u>Debt</u>

A. Governmental Activities Long-Term Debt

1. Changes in Governmental Activities Debt

The following table summarizes the changes in governmental activities long-term debt of the City for the year ended December 31, 2022.

Summary of Governmental Activities Debt for the year ended December 31, 2022										
	*As restated January 1	Additions	Reductions	Outstanding December 31	Due Within One Year					
Governmental activities:										
Bonds:										
General obligation	\$ 23,942,500	\$ 4,040,000	\$ 2,052,500	\$ 25,930,000	\$ 2,355,000					
Plus: issuance premium	1,660,260	698,761	212,341	2,146,680	-					
Special assessment debt with										
government commitment	9,637,500	2,950,000	1,082,500	11,505,000	1,200,000					
Bond anticipation notes payable	5,205,000	1,385,000	5,205,000	1,385,000	1,385,000					
Lease liabilities	1,358,754	-	228,996	1,129,758	223,033					
Capital Financing	27,975	-	8,988	18,987	9,321					
Net Pension Liability	7,216,004	5,892,441	1,767,381	11,341,064	-					
Compensated absences	666,050	496,789	473,860	688,979	489,176					
Total OPEB Liability	508,322		30,217	478,105						
Total	\$ 50,222,365	\$ 15,462,991	\$ 11,061,783	\$ 54,623,573	\$ 5,661,530					

For the governmental activities, compensated absences, total other postemployment benefit liability and the net pension liability are generally liquidated by the general and internal service funds.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

12 - Debt (Continued)

2. Governmental Activities General Obligation Bonds

General obligation bonds payable at December 31, 2022 are comprised of the following issues:

	Outstanding Governmental Activities								
General Obligation Bonds as of December 31, 2022									
	Original Current Origi								
		Issue		Bonds	Interest	Term in			
		Amount	0	utstanding	Rates	Years			
2014A	\$	1,975,000	\$	1,030,000	2.000%-3.125%	15			
2014B		4,140,000		1,855,000	2.000%-3.000%	15			
2016A		1,380,000		595,000	3.000%	10			
2017A		1,350,000		720,000	2.250%-3.000%	10			
2018A		14,985,000		11,950,000	3.000%-5.000%	19			
2019E		2,465,000		1,780,000	2.000%-3.000%	10			
2020B		4,825,000		3,960,000	2.000%-3.000%	10			
2022A		4,040,000		4,040,000	5.000%	10			
Total	\$	35,160,000	\$	25,930,000					

The City issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and projects.

In August 2022, the City issued Series 2022A General Obligation Bonds in the amount of \$11,425,000. Of that, \$4,040,000 was issued to finance improvements to Waverly Road and US-56/Main Street. Another \$2,950,000 was related to improvements previously financed with the City's General Obligation Temporary Notes, Series 2020C and \$4,435,000 was issued for the financing of business-type activities (see note below).

The future annual requirements for general obligation bonds outstanding as of December 31, 2022 are as follows:

Debt Service Requirements Governmental Activities for General Obligation Bonds										
	Principal Interest Total									
2023	\$	2,355,000	\$	949,650	\$	3,304,650				
2024		2,475,000		831,922		3,306,922				
2025		2,577,500	737,972			3,315,472				
2026		2,677,500		640,747		3,318,247				
2027		2,605,000		537,900		3,142,900				
2028-2032		8,950,000		1,530,800		10,480,800				
2033-2037	4,290,000 437,357 4,727,357									
Total	\$	25,930,000	\$	5,666,348	\$	31,596,348				

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

12 - Debt (Continued)

3. Bond Anticipation Notes Payable

The City issues bond anticipation notes to provide temporary financing for capital improvement projects.

In August 2022, the City issued Series 2022B General Obligation Temporary Notes in the amount of \$1,385,000 for the purpose of renewing the Hilltop Ridge Benefit District portion of the City's General Obligation Temporary Notes, Series 2020C.

Bond anticipation notes payable as of December 31, 2022 were as follows:

Outstanding Governmental Activities								
Bond Anticipation Notes Payable as of December 31, 2022								
		Original	Current		Original			
		Issue	Notes	Interest	Term			
		Amount	Outstanding	Rates	in Years			
2022B Hilltop Special BD	\$	1,385,000	\$ 1,385,000	2.00%	1			

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for bond anticipation notes payable are as follows:

Debt Service Requirements Governmental Activities										
for Bond Anticipation Notes Payable										
	Principal Interest Total									
2023	3 \$ 1,385,000 \$ 31,624 \$ 1,416,624									

4. Governmental Activities Special Assessment Bonds

The City's special assessment debt was issued to provide funds for the construction of infrastructure in new commercial and residential developments. These bonds will be repaid from amounts levied against the property owners benefited by this construction. In the event that a deficiency exists because of unpaid or delinquent special assessments at the time a debt service payment is due, the government must provide resources to cover the deficiency until other resources, for example, foreclosure proceeds, are received. Special assessment bonds at December 31, 2022 are comprised of the following issues:

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

12 - Debt (Continued)

4. Governmental Activities Special Assessment Bonds (Continued)

Outstanding Governmental Activities Special Assessment Bonds as of December 31, 2022									
		Original Current							
		Issue		Bonds	Interest	Term in			
		Amount	0	utstanding	Rates	Years			
2014A	\$	1,975,000	\$	1,030,000	2.000%-3.125%	15			
2016A		1,490,000		920,000	3.000%	12			
2017A		2,155,000		875,000	3.000%	7			
2021A		1,550,000		1,420,000	1.00%-3.00%	10			
2021A		2,385,000		2,210,000	1.00%-3.00%	11			
2021B		2,185,000		2,100,000	2.00-2.25%	20			
2022A		2,950,000		2,950,000	3.000%-5.000%	20			
	\$	14,690,000	\$	11,505,000					

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for special assessment bonds are as follows:

Debt Service	Debt Service Requirements Governmental Activities								
for Special Assessment Bonds									
		Principal		Interest		Total			
2023	\$	1,200,000	\$	346,029	\$	1,546,029			
2024		1,270,000		292,070		1,562,070			
2025		842,500		253,968		1,096,468			
2026		882,500		228,257		1,110,757			
2027		900,000		201,234		1,101,234			
2028-2032		3,535,000		655,902		4,190,902			
2033-2037		1,400,000		361,662		1,761,662			
2038-2042		1,475,000		143,751		1,618,751			
Total	\$	11,505,000	\$	2,482,873	\$	13,987,873			

5. Capital Financing

As explained in Note 5, the City has entered into a capital financing arrangement for equipment which has been classified in the financial statements as a capital asset. The future minimum payment obligations and the net present value of these payments as of December 31, 2022 were as follows:

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

12 - Debt (Continued)

5. Capital Financing (Continued)

Future Minimum Payments							
Year Ending Governmental							
December 31:	Act	tivities					
2023	\$	10,024					
2024		10,024					
Total minimum payments		20,048					
Less amounts representing interest		(1,061)					
Present value of minimum payments	\$	18,987					

The capital financed obligations are included in noncurrent liabilities for Governmental Activities on the Statement of Net Position.

B. Business-Type Activities Debt

1. Changes in Business-Type Activities Debt

The following table summarizes the changes in business-type activities long-term debt of the City for the year ended December 31, 2022.

Summary of Business-Type Activities Debt for the year ended December 31, 2022									
	*As restated					Outstanding	D	ue Within	
	January 1		Additions	R	eductions	December 31		One Year	
Business-type activities:									
General obligation bonds	\$ 31,720,000	\$	4,435,000	\$	2,110,000	\$ 34,045,000	\$	2,350,000	
Issuance premiums	1,794,375		345,383		148,484	1,991,274			
Construction loans payable	7,905,171		-		640,677	7,264,494		656,066	
Compensated absences	316,301		230,076		225,284	321,093		227,976	
Capital Financing	9,716,712		-		375,829	9,340,883		395,185	
Lease liabilities	274,610		-		74,436	200,174		74,720	
Net Pension Liability	1,727,753		1,648,678		437,197	2,939,234		-	
Total OPEB Liability	240,796		-		20,851	219,945		-	
Total	\$ 53,695,718	\$	6,659,137	\$	4,032,758	\$ 56,322,097	\$	3,703,947	

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

12 - Debt (Continued)

2. Business-Type Activities General Obligation Bonds

The City issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and projects.

In August 2022, the City issued Series 2022A General Obligation Bonds in the amount of \$11,425,000. Of that, \$4,435,000 was to finance certain water and wastewater system improvements. The remaining \$6,990,000 was issued for the financing of governmental activities (see note above).

General obligation bonds payable at December 31, 2022 are comprised of the following issues:

Outst	Outstanding Business-Type Activities General Obligation Bonds									
as of December 31, 2022										
	Original Current C									
		Issue		Bonds	Interest	Term				
		Amount	C	Outstanding	Rates	in Years				
2013A	\$	4,246,816	\$	70,000	2.00%-2.25%	11				
2014A		945,000	5,000 490,000		2.00%-3.125%	15				
2015A		3,945,000		1,315,000	3.0%	11				
2016B		855,000		365,000	2.00%-3.25%	10				
2019B		1,970,000		1,355,000	1.85%-2.50%	9				
2020A		23,905,000		22,345,000	2.0%-3.5%	20				
2020A		3,545,000		2,960,000	3.0%-3.5%	10				
2021A		775,000		710,000	1.0%-3.0%	10				
2022A		4,435,000		4,435,000	3.0%-5.0%	15				
Total	\$	44,621,816	\$	34,045,000						

The future annual requirements for general obligation bonds outstanding as of December 31, 2022 are as follows:

Debt Service Requirements for Business-Type Activities General Obligation Bonds								
Principal Interest Total								
2023	\$	2,350,000	\$	1,089,065	\$	3,439,065		
2024		2,465,000		983,909		3,448,909		
2025		2,510,000		901,684		3,411,684		
2026		2,125,000		817,322		2,942,322		
2027		2,095,000		744,291		2,839,291		
2028-2032		9,385,000		2,660,095		12,045,095		
2033-2037		8,585,000		1,444,244		10,029,244		
2038-2040		4,530,000		274,500		4,804,500		
Total	\$	34,045,000	\$	8,915,110	\$	42,960,110		

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

12 - Debt (Continued)

Construction Loans Payable

Construction loans payable at December 31, 2022 are comprised of the following:

Outstanding Business-Type Activities Loans as of December 31, 2022												
Original Current Orig												
	Issue	Bonds	Interest	Term								
	Amount	Outstanding	Rate	in Years								
Kansas Water Pollution Control Loan # C20 1721 01	\$ 3,483,009	\$ 864,467	2.40%	20								
Kansas Water Pollution Control Loan # C20 1956 01	10,167,808	6,400,027	2.05%	20								
Total	\$13,650,817	\$ 7,264,494										

The future annual debt service requirements for the amortizable loans payable are as follows:

		t Service Red	-		
	Busi	ness-Type A	ctivi	ties Loans	
		Principal		Interest	Total
				_	
2023	\$	656,066	\$	148,463	\$ 804,529
2024		671,824		134,357	806,181
2025		687,959		119,907	807,866
2026		704,487		105,113	809,600
2027		721,410		89,959	811,369
2028-2032		2,889,484		261,348	3,150,832
2033-2034		933,264		19,205	952,469
Total	\$	7,264,494	\$	878,352	\$ 8,142,846

4. Capital Financing

In 2018, the City of Gardner entered into an Asset Purchase Agreement, with a term of 20 years, with KMEA (Kansas Municipal Energy Agency) to assume the costs of a 32.26% participation in KMEA's 10.1% undivided interest in the Dogwood Energy Facility. The future minimum payment obligations and the net present value of these payments as of December 31, 2022 were as follows:

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

12 - Debt (Continued)

Capital Financing (Continued)

Future Minimum Paymer	nts					
Year Ending	Business-Type					
December 31:	Activities					
2023	\$	852,349				
2024		851,462				
2025		851,180				
2026		849,849				
2027		849,043				
2028-2032		4,239,771				
2033-2037		4,221,947				
2038		841,542				
Total minimum payments		13,557,143				
Less amounts representing interest		(4,216,260)				
Present value of minimum payments	\$	9,340,883				

13 - Special Assessments

Kansas statutes require special benefit district projects financed in part by special assessments to be financed through the issuance of general obligation bonds that are secured by the full faith and credit of the City. Further, state statutes permit levying additional general ad valorem taxes in the City's Debt Service Fund to finance delinquent special assessments receivable. Accordingly, the special assessments receivable is accounted for within the City's debt service fund. Special assessments are levied over the repayment period of the bonds and the annual installments are due and payable with annual ad valorem taxes. At December 31, 2022, the special assessment taxes levied are a lien on the property and are recorded as a special assessment receivable in the debt service fund with a corresponding amount recorded as deferred inflows of resources. Special assessments receivable at December 31, 2022 was \$14,162,365.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

14 - <u>Interfund Transactions</u>

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2022 consisted of the following:

Interfund Transfers:			
	Transfers In	Tr	ansfers Out
Major funds:			
General Fund	\$ 886,382	\$	1,230,900
Debt Service Fund	1,504,924		-
Capital Projects Fund	1,231,000		864,324
Special Highway Fund	-		615,800
Electric Fund	-		920,227
Water Fund	46,627		574,100
Wastewater Fund	500,000		97,200
Non-Major Governmental Funds	389,400		243,782
Internal Service Funds			12,000
Total Transfers In	\$ 4,558,333	\$	4,558,333

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

15 - Commitments and Contingencies

Litigation

The City is involved in various lawsuits incurred through normal operations. It is the opinion of the City's management that the outcome of this litigation will not result in a material loss to the City in excess of applicable insurance coverage.

Industrial Revenue Bonds

The City has issued industrial revenue bonds to provide financial assistance to private businesses for economic development purposes. The lease agreements provide for rentals sufficient to service the related bonds. The debt service on these issues is paid solely from payments from the private businesses involved. Neither the City nor any political subdivision thereof is obligated in any manner for the repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

15 - Commitments and Contingencies (Continued)

Industrial Revenue Bonds (Continued)

in the accompanying basic financial statements. As of December 31, 2022, there were three industrial revenue bonds outstanding for a total of \$49,536,475.

					Interest	
	Issue	Amount	Amount	Interest Payment		Maturity
<u>Project</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Authorized</u>	Outstanding	<u>Rate</u>	<u>Dates</u>	<u>Date</u>
Midwest Commerce/Excelligence (Proj 2)	4/6/2018	\$ 38,000,000	\$ 32,159,762	2.00%	Feb. 1	2/1/2029
Hampton Inn	12/31/2018	14,000,000	13,056,713	2.00%	Dec. 1	12/1/2028
New Trails Multifamily Phase 1	11/28/2022	48,000,000	4,320,000	3.00%	Dec. 1	2/1/2033
		\$ 100,000,000	\$ 49,536,475	_		

Encumbrances

The City uses encumbrances to control expenditure commitments for the year and to enhance cash management. Encumbrances represent commitments related to executory contracts not yet performed and purchase orders not yet filled. Commitments for such expenditure of monies are encumbered to reserve a portion of applicable appropriations. Encumbrances still open at year-end are not accounted for as expenditures and liabilities, but, rather, as restricted, committed, or assigned fund balance. At December 31, 2022, the City's recorded encumbrances in governmental funds were as follows:

General	\$ 163,278
Capital Projects	477,869
Infrastructure Special Sales Tax	46,487
Special Highway	177,342
Non-major funds	444,328
	\$ 1,309,304

16 - Tax Abatements

The City enters into property tax abatement agreements with local businesses pursuant to the provisions of Section 13 of Article 11 of the Kansas Constitution and K.S.A. 12-1740 et seq and 79-201a. Under this section of the Kansas Constitution, the governing body of any city may by resolution or ordinance, as the case requires, exempt from all ad valorem taxation all or any portion of the appraised valuation of buildings, land and tangible personal property, for economic development purposes. Such exemption shall be in effect not more than 10 years.

Resolution No. 1737 was passed by the City on November 19, 2007 and took effect January 1, 2008. The resolution established a policy relating to property tax abatements for new and existing businesses. The resolution recognized that it was essential to stimulate the economic growth and

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

16 - Tax Abatements (Continued)

development of existing and new industry and businesses for the benefit of Gardner. Resolution No. 2052 took effect April 2020 and is the current guiding resolution for all abatements.

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022, the City abated property taxes totaling \$1,395,016 (for all taxing jurisdictions) under this program. The City received PILOT (Payments in Lieu of Taxes) payments on these properties totaling \$85,394 in 2022. The active tax abatement projects are described below:

- A 100-percent property tax abatement to a commercial warehouse, manufacturing facility and call center for ten years beginning in 2019. The abatement was granted by the Kansas Board of Tax Appeals pursuant to K.S.A. 79-201a Second (Industrial Revenue Bond-Funded Property). In connection with the issuance of the industrial revenue bonds, the City and the Tenant also entered into a Payment in Lieu of Tax Agreement that provided for a payment in lieu of taxes (PILOT) starting in year 6 equal to 20% of the value of the abated tax amount and increasing each succeeding year by 20% through 2028 when the abatement ends. The PILOT payments will be distributed as and/or as a part of the general ad valorem tax collections for all taxing subdivisions in which the Facility is located.
- A 100-percent property tax abatement to a five-story, 84-room hotel, and 200-seat conference center for ten years beginning in 2019. The abatement was granted by the Kansas Board of Tax Appeals pursuant to K.S.A. 79-201a Second (Industrial Revenue Bond-Funded Property). In connection with the issuance of the industrial revenue bonds, the City and the Tenant also entered into a Payment in Lieu of Tax Agreement that provided for a fixed annual PILOT. The PILOT payments will approximate 20% of the abated taxes in 2019 and 2020, 30% in 2021 and 2022, and then 40% for the remaining 6 years of the abatement. The PILOT payments will be distributed as and/or as a part of the general ad valorem tax collections for all taxing subdivisions in which the Facility is located.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

KPERS and KPF Defined Benefit Pension Plans Schedule of City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
City's proportion of the net pension liability (asset):										
KPERS (local group) KP&F (police & firemen)	0.377227% 0.470165%	0.373918% 0.467063%	0.384769% 0.438285%	0.387588% 0.430911%	0.371954% 0.420059%	0.355167% 0.413915%	0.345680% 0.387631%	0.296578% 0.334365%	0.301717% 0.332422%	0.275540% 0.313729%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$14,280,298	\$ 8,943,757	\$12,075,200	\$9,777,371	\$9,226,055	\$9,026,076	\$8,947,934	\$6,322,077	\$5,893,730	\$6,744,453
City's covered payroll ^	\$10,361,689	\$ 9,727,641	\$ 9,406,648	\$9,209,371	\$8,714,608	\$8,582,884	\$7,675,340	\$6,430,700	\$6,144,004	\$5,834,765
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	137.82%	91.94%	128.37%	106.17%	105.87%	105.16%	116.58%	98.31%	95.93%	115.59%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	69.75%	76.40%	66.30%	69.88%	68.88%	67.12%	65.10%	64.95%	66.60%	59.94%

[^] Covered payroll is measured as of the measurement date ending June 30.

KPERS and KPF Defined Benefit Pension Plans Schedule of City's Contributions

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,313,403	\$1,250,305	\$1,212,750	\$1,170,761	\$1,037,515	\$ 940,924	\$ 981,506	\$ 871,712	\$ 738,362	\$ 610,709
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(1,313,403)	(1,250,305)	(1,212,750)	(1,170,761)	(1,037,515)	(940,924)	(981,506)	(871,712)	(738,362)	(610,709)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
City's covered payroll ^	\$ 10,335,824	\$9,884,554	\$9,854,085	\$9,413,571	\$8,962,317	\$8,474,557	\$8,424,022	\$7,000,963	\$6,412,857	\$6,005,230
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	12.707290%	12.649078%	12.307080%	12.436952%	11.576418%	11.102923%	11.651275%	12.451316%	11.513776%	10.169619%

[^]Information presented above is as of the City's fiscal year end 12/31

Changes in benefit terms for KPERS. In the state fiscal year 2014, the KP&F group had a change in benefit terms. The Legislature increased this group's employee contributions to 7.15 percent and eliminated the reduction of employee contributions to 2.0 percent after 32 years of service. In addition, the maximum retirement benefit increased to 90 percent of final average salary (reached at 36 years of service). Before this change the maximum retirement benefit was limited to 80 percent of final average salary (reached at 32 years of service).

Effective January 1, 2014, KPERS 1 member's employee contribution rate increased to 5.0 percent and then on January 1, 2015, increased to 6.0 percent, with an increase in benefit multiplier to 1.85 percent for future years of service. For KPERS 2 members retired after July 1, 2012, the cost of living adjustment (COLA) is eliminated, but members will receive a 1.85 percent multiplier for all years of service.

On January 1, 2015, the KPERS 3 cash balance plan became effective. Members enrolled in this plan are ones first employed in a KPERS covered position on or after January 1, 2015, or KPERS 1 or KPERS 2 members who left employment before vesting and returned to employment on or after January 1, 2015. The retirement benefit is an annuity based on the account balance at retirement.

For the state fiscal year 2017, the KP&F group had a change in benefit terms. The Legislature changed the duty-related death benefit for KP&F members to the greater of 50% of final average salary and member's accrued retirement benefit under the 100% joint and survivor option, payable to the member's spouse. Including any benefits that may be due to child beneficiaries, the total monthly benefits may not exceed 90% of the member's final average salary. Prior to this bill, the duty-related spousal death benefit for KP&F members was 50% of the final average salary, and the maximum available to the family was 75% of the member's final average salary.

For the state fiscal year 2017, the Legislature changed the working after retirement rules for members who retire on or after January 1, 2018. The key changes to the working after retirement rules were to lengthen the waiting period for KPERS members to return to work from 60 days to 180 days for members who retire before attaining age 62, remove the earnings limitation for all retirees and establish a single-employer contribution schedule for all retirees.

Changes from the November 2016 experience study that impacted individual groups are listed below: KPERS:

- The post-retirement healthy mortality assumption was changed to the RP-2014 Mortality Table, with adjustments to better fit the observed experience for the various KPERS groups. The most recent mortality improvement scale, MP-2016, is used to anticipate future mortality improvements in the valuation process through the next experience study.
- The active member mortality assumption was modified to also be based on the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table with adjustments.
- The retirement rates for the select period (when first eligible for unreduced benefits under Rule of 85) were increased, but all other retirement rates were decreased.
- Disability rates were decreased for all three groups.
- The termination of employment assumption was increased for all three groups.
- The interest crediting rate assumption for KPERS 3 members was lowered from 6.50% to 6.25%.

KP&F:

- The post-retirement health mortality assumption was changed to the RP-2014 Mortality Table with 1-year age set forward and the MP-2016, is used to anticipate future mortality improvements.
- The mortality assumption for disabled members was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Lives Table (generational using MP-2016) with a 1-year age set forward.
- The active member mortality assumption was modified to the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table with a 1-year age set forward with a 90% scaling factor.
- The retirement rates for Tier 1 were lowered and the ultimate assumed retirementage was changed from 63 to 65 for Tier 2.
- The termination of employment rates for Tier 2 were increased to better match the observed experience.

As a result of the experience study completed in January 2020, there were several changes made to the actuarial assumptions and methods since the prior valuation. The changes that impact all groups were effective December 31, 2019 and include:

- The investment return assumption was lowered from 7.75% to 7.50%.
- The general wage growth assumption was lowered from 3.50% to 3.25%.
- The payroll growth assumption was lowered from 3.00% to 2.75%.

Changes from the January 2020 experience study that impacted individual groups are listed below:

KPERS:

- Retirement rates were adjusted to partially reflect observed experience.
- Termination rates were increased for most KPERS groups.
- Disability rates were reduced.
- Factors for the State group that are used to anticipate higher liabilities due to higher final average salary at retirement for pre-1993 hires were modified to better reflect actual experience.
- The administrative expense load for contributions rates was increased from 0.16% to 0.18%.

KP&F:

- Retirement rates were adjusted to partially reflect observed experience.
- Factors for the KP&F group that are used to anticipate higher liabilities due to higher final average salary at retirement for pre-1993 hires were modified to better reflect actual experience.
- The administrative expense load for contributions rates was increased from 0.16% to 0.18%.

Assumption changes effective December 31, 2020 were as follows:

- The investment return assumption was lowered from 7.50% to 7.25%.
- The general wage growth assumption was increased from 3.25% to 3.50%.

Assumption changes effective December 31, 2021 were as follows:

The investment return assumption was lowered from 7.25% to 7.00%.

Schedule of Changes in the City's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Last Five Fiscal Years ^(a)

Postemployment Healthcare Plan (b)

Schedule of Changes in	Γotal	OPEB Lial	bili	ty and Rel	ate	d Ratios			
		2022		2021		2020	2019		2018
Service cost	\$	51,470	\$	37,764	\$	26,118	\$ 31,515	\$	30,994
Interest cost		12,357		14,279		12,507	12,167		12,501
Changes of benefit terms		-		188,282		-	(62,674)		-
Changes in assumptions		(2,327)		(108,924)		107,183	(15,296)		5,693
Differences between expected and actual experience		(41,580)		(10,823)		(5,741)	5,375		-
Benefit payments		(16,000)		-		-	(5,000)		(6,000)
Net change in Total OPEB liability	\$	3,920	\$	120,578	\$	140,067	\$ (33,913)	\$	43,188
Total OPEB liability - beginning of year		574,394		453,816		313,749	347,662		304,474
Total OPEB liability - end of year	\$	578,314	\$	574,394	\$	453,816	\$ 313,749	\$	347,662
Covered-employee payroll ^(c)	8	3,748,684	8	8,748,684		8,499,327	7,231,735	-	7,231,735
Total OPEB liability as a % of covered payroll		6.61%		6.57%		5.34%	4.34%		4.81%

^(a)GASB 75 requires presentation of ten years. As of December 31, 2022, only five years of information are available.

Changes in assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate each period:

- The discount rate decreased from 3.76% on December 31, 2016 to 3.23% on December 31, 2017.
- The discount rate remained 3.23% through December 31, 2018.
- The discount rate increased from 3.23% on December 31, 2018 to 3.68% on December 31, 2019.
- The discount rate decreased from 3.68% on December 31, 2019 to 3.00% on December 31, 2020.
- The discount rate decreased from 3.00% on December 31, 2020 to 2.00% on December 31, 2021.
- The discount rate increased from 2.00% on December 31, 2021 to 2.04% on December 31, 2022.

⁽b) No assets are accumulated in a trust to pay related benefits for this plan.

⁽c)Covered payroll is measured as of the measurement date ending June 30.

Schedule of Changes in the City's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Last Six Fiscal Years (a)

Death and Disability OPEB Plan (b)

Schedule	of Ch	anges in Tot	al O	PEB Liability	and	d Related Rat	ios	ı			
		2022		2021		2020	2020		2018		2017
Service Cost	\$	33,528	\$	32,198	\$	27,673	\$	26,028	\$ 25,739	\$	26,816
Interest cost		4,498		4,541		6,265		6,253	5,718		3,828
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-		-	-		-
Effect of economic/demographic gains or (losses)		(45,280)		(35,586)		(24,283)		(18,777)	(28,208)		-
Effect of assumption changes or inputs		(47,734)		300		12,292		2,265	(1,699)		(4,152)
Benefit payments		-		-		-		-	-		-
Net change in total OPEB liability	\$	(54,988)	\$	1,453	\$	21,947	\$	15,769	\$ 1,550	\$	26,492
Total OPEB liability, beginning	\$	174,724	\$	173,271	\$	151,324	\$	135,555	\$ 134,005	\$	107,513
Total OPEB liability, ending	\$	119,736	\$	174,724	\$	173,271	\$	151,324	\$ 135,555	\$	134,005
Covered payroll	\$	6,920,028	\$	6,910,902	\$	6,658,129	\$	6,390,365	\$ 6,057,898	\$5	5,821,363
Total OPEB liability as a % of covered payroll		1.73%		2.53%		2.60%		2.37%	2.24%		2.30%

⁽a)GASB 75 requires presentation of ten years. As of December 31, 2022, only six years are available.

Changes in assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate each period:

- The discount rate increased from 2.85% on June 30, 2016 to 3.58% on June 30, 2017.
- The discount rate increased from 3.58% on June 30, 2017 to 3.87% on June 30, 2018.
- The discount rate decreased from 3.87% on June 30, 2018 to 3.50% on June 30, 2019.
- The discount rate decreased from 3.50% on June 30, 2019 to 2.21% on June 30, 2020.
- The discount rate decreased from 2.21% on June 30, 2020 to 2.16% on June 30, 2021.
- The discount rate increased from 2.16% on June 30, 2021 to 3.54% on June 30, 2022.

⁽b) No assets are accumulated in a trust to pay related benefits for this plan.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

Economic Development Reserve Fund – This fund is used to account for transient guest tax revenues that are restricted for the purpose of convention and tourism promotion.

Law Enforcement Trust Fund – This fund is used to account for monies forfeited to the City of Gardner Police Department relating to controlled substance investigations. Expenditures from this fund shall be made only for authorized law enforcement purposes of the Gardner Police Department.

Main Street Marketplace TIF Fund – This fund is used to account for the captured incremental real property taxes from the properties within the Main Street Marketplace Redevelopment District. The captured increments are to be used to reimburse the developer for TIF eligible expenses.

Main Street Marketplace CID Fund – This fund is used to account for the captured CID sales tax from the properties within the Main Street Marketplace Community Improvement District. The captured CID sales tax is to be used to reimburse the developer for CID eligible expenses.

Plaza South CID – This fund is used to account for the receipt of a CID sales tax of 1% collected within the Plaza South Community Improvement District. The captured CID sales tax is to be used to reimburse administrative fees and the developer for CID eligible expenses.

American Recovery Plan Act (ARPA) Fund – This fund is used to account for the receipt of coronavirus grant funds that may be used for responding to a public health emergency, employee premium pay, providing government services to the extent of reduction in revenue, and to make necessary investments in water, sewer, or broadband infrastructure.

Special Alcohol/Drug Program Fund – This fund is used to account for special alcohol liquor tax revenues that are restricted for the purpose of funding programs for the education, treatment, and intervention of alcohol and drug abuse.

Mayor's Christmas Tree Fund – This fund is used to account for donations received that are restricted for the purpose of supporting local charities.

Special Parks and Recreation Fund – This fund is used to account for special alcohol liquor tax revenues that are restricted to expenditures for the purchase, establishment, maintenance, or expansion of park and recreational services, programs, and facilities.

Capital Projects Fund

Park Improvement Fund – This fund is used to account for the receipt of park impact fees which are restricted for park and playground purposes.

Street Improvement Fund – This fund is used to account for receipt of the City's excise fee on platted land. The expenditures in this fund are specifically restricted for the purpose of improvement of existing streets and the construction of new streets necessitated by the City's new development growth.

Vehicle and Equipment Replacement Fund – This fund is used to account for resources assigned to the City's vehicle and equipment replacement program for all departments except for the Police Department and the Electric Utility.

CITY OF GARDNER, KANSAS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

December 31, 2022

Special Revenue Funds

	Economic Development Reserve		Enf	Law orcement Trust		Main Street Marketplace TIF		Main Street Marketplace CID		aza South CID		American Recovery Plan Act	Special Alcohol/ Drug Program		Mayor's Christmas Tree	
Assets																
Deposits and investments	\$	160,718	\$	17,541	\$	4,834	\$	15,784	\$	-	\$	1,727,262	\$	82,422	\$	-
U.S. Treasury bill		152,177		16,609		4,578		14,945		-		1,635,465		78,041		-
Receivables:																
Taxes		75,281		-		70,585		-		-		-		-		-
Other		-		-						-		-		-		-
Total assets	\$	388,176	\$	34,150	\$	79,997	\$	30,729	\$	-	\$	3,362,727	\$	160,463	\$	-
Liabilities																
Unearned revenue		-		-		-		-		-		3,362,133		-		-
Total liabilities		-		-		-		-		-		3,362,133		-		-
Deferred Inflows of Resources																
Deferred revenue - property taxes		-		-		70,585		-		-		-		-		-
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		-		70,585		-		-		-		=		-
Fund Balances (Deficits)																
Restricted																
Capital projects		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Street improvements		200.476		-		0.443		20.720		-		-		-		-
Economic development Other		388,176		24.150		9,412		30,729		-		- 594		100 402		-
Otner Total fund balances		200 170		34,150		- 0.412		- 20.720			_			160,463		
	_	388,176		34,150	_	9,412	_	30,729	_		_	594		160,463	_	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	388,176	\$	34,150	\$	79,997	\$	30,729	\$		\$	3,362,727	\$	160,463	\$	-

(Continued)

CITY OF GARDNER, KANSAS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued) December 31, 2022

Special Revenue Funds

		al Revenue					that Boots are					T-4-1
		Funds	T-4-1			Сар	ital Projects					Total
		Special arks and	Total							Total		Nonmajor
	-		Special		Park		Street		le Equipment	Capital	Go	overnmental
	Re	creation	Revenue	lm	provement	In	nprovement	Re	placement	Projects		Funds
Assets												
Deposits and investments	\$	66,511	\$ 2,075,072	\$	279,123	\$	956,183	\$	403,650	\$ 1,638,956	\$	3,714,028
Certificate of deposit		62,977	1,964,792		264,289		905,366		382,197	1,551,852		3,516,644
Receivables:												
Taxes		-	145,866		-		-		-	-		145,866
Other		-	-		-		1,902		-	1,902		1,902
Total assets	\$	129,488	\$ 4,185,730	\$	543,412	\$	1,863,451	\$	785,847	\$ 3,192,710	\$	7,378,440
Liabilities												
Unearned revenue		_	3,362,133		_		_		_	_		3,362,133
Total liabilities		=	3,362,133		-		-		-	=		3,362,133
Deferred Inflows of Resources												
Deferred revenue - property taxes		_	70,585		_		_		_	_		70,585
Total deferred inflows of resources		-	70,585			_			-			70,585
Fund Balances (Deficits)												
Restricted												
Capital projects		-	-		543,412		-		785,847	1,329,259		1,329,259
Street improvements		-	-		-		1,863,451		-	1,863,451		1,863,451
Economic development		=	428,317		-		-		-	-		428,317
Other		129,488	324,695		-		-		-	-		324,695
Total fund balances		129,488	 753,012		543,412		1,863,451		785,847	3,192,710		3,945,722
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	129,488	\$ 4,185,730	\$	543,412	\$	1,863,451	\$	785,847	\$ 3,192,710	\$	7,378,440

CITY OF GARDNER, KANSAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended December 31, 2022

						Special R	evenue	Funds					
	Economic		Law	n Street		in Street				nerican		pecial	ayor's
	Development	Enf	forcement	ketplace	Ma	rketplace	Pla	za South		covery		lcohol/	ristmas
_	Reserve		Trust	TIF		CID		CID	PI	an Act	Drug	Program	Tree
Revenues													
roperty tax	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 93,991	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
ales tax			-	-		395,709		1,162		-		-	-
ransient guest tax	299,861		-	-		-		-		-		-	-
xcise Tax	-		-	-		-		-		-		-	-
ntergovernmental	-		6,253	-		-		-		-		56,463	-
ines and Fees	-		-	-		-		-		-		-	-
nvestment earnings	2,327		327	 -		-		-		-		1,284	 7
Total revenues	302,188		6,580	 93,991		395,709		1,162		-	-	57,747	 7
xpenditures													
urrent:													
General government	157,426		780	91,201		378,706		23		-		24,333	1,492
Public works	_		-	-		-		-		-		-	-
apital outlay			28,848	-		-		-		-		-	-
Total expenditures	157,426	_	29,628	91,201		378,706		23		-		24,333	1,492
xcess of revenues over (under) expenditures	144,762		(23,048)	 2,790		17,003		1,139				33,414	(1,485
other financing sources (uses)													
ransfers in	-			-		-		-		-		-	-
ransfers out	-		-	(5)		(11,638)		(1,139)		-		-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	_	-	(5)		(11,638)		(1,139)		-		-	-
et change in fund balances	144,762		(23,048)	 2,785		5,365						33,414	 (1,485
and balances, beginning of year	243,414		57,198	6,627		25,364		-		594		127,049	1,485
und balances, end of year	\$ 388,176	\$	34,150	\$ 9,412	\$	30,729	\$		\$	594	\$	160,463	\$

(Continued)

CITY OF GARDNER, KANSAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (Continued)

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Sp	ecial Revenue Funds				С	apital Projects				Total
		Special Parks and Recreation	 Total Special Revenue	lmį	Park provement		Street provement	e Equipment lacement	Total Capital Projects	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Revenues	·								_		
Property tax	\$	-	\$ 93,991	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	93,991
Sales tax		-	396,871		-		-	-	-		396,871
Transient guest tax		-	299,861		-		-	-	-		299,861
Excise tax		-	-		-		559,109	-	559,109		559,109
Intergovernmental		56,463	119,179		-		-	-	-		119,179
Fines and fees		-	-		374,698		-	-	374,698		374,698
Investment earnings		971	4,916		4,970		18,763	 6,945	 30,678		35,594
Total revenues		57,434	 914,818		379,668		577,872	6,945	 964,485		1,879,303
Expenditures											
Current:											
General government		-	653,961		-		-	-	-		653,961
Public works		-	-		-		571,656	-	571,656		571,656
Capital outlay		-	28,848		-		-	-	-		28,848
Total expenditures		-	 682,809		-		571,656	 -	571,656		1,254,465
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		57,434	 232,009		379,668		6,216	 6,945	 392,829		624,838
Other financing sources (uses)											
Transfers in		-	-		-		-	389,400	389,400		389,400
Transfers out		-	(12,782)		(231,000)		-	-	(231,000)		(243,782)
Total other financing sources (uses)		-	 (12,782)		(231,000)		-	389,400	158,400		145,618
Net change in fund balances		57,434	 219,227		148,668		6,216	 396,345	 551,229		770,456
Fund balances, beginning of year		72,054	 533,785		394,744		1,857,235	 389,502	 2,641,481		3,175,266
Fund balances, end of year	\$	129,488	\$ 753,012	\$	543,412	\$	1,863,451	\$ 785,847	\$ 3,192,710	\$	3,945,722

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT RESERVE FUND

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amounts		Fina F	iance with al Budget - Positive Jegative)
Revenues								
Transient guest tax	\$	226,400	\$	226,400	\$	299,861	\$	73,461
Investment earnings		-		-		2,327		2,327
Total revenues		226,400		226,400		302,188	_	75,788
Expenditures Project reserve Contractual services Total expenditures		161,983 220,000 381,983		161,983 220,000 381,983		- 187,426 187,426		161,983 32,574 194,557
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(155,583)		(155,583)		114,762		270,345
Net change in fund balance	(155,583)		(155,583)		114,762		270,345
Fund balances, beginning of year		155,583		155,583		218,414		62,831
Fund balances, end of year	\$		\$	-	\$	333,176	\$	333,176
Explanation of difference between budgetary and		ces:						
Encumbrances for equipment and supplies ordered received are not recorded for GAAP purposes until						55,000		
GAAP fund balance, end of year					\$	388,176		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

MAIN STREET MARKETPLACE TIF FUND

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
Revenues								
Property tax	\$	427,800	\$	427,800	\$	93,991	\$	(333,809)
Total revenues		427,800		427,800		93,991		(333,809)
Expenditures Project reserve General government Total expenditures		21 427,800		21 427,800 427,821		91,201		21 336,599
Total expenditures		427,821		427,821		91,201	-	336,620
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(21)		(21)		2,790		2,811
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u> -		(5) (5)		(5) (5)
Net change in fund balance		(21)		(21)		2,785		2,806
Fund balances, beginning of year Fund balances, end of year	\$	21 -	\$	21 -	\$	6,627 9,412	\$	6,606 9,412

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

MAIN STREET MARKETPLACE CID FUND

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amounts		Fina F	iance with al Budget - Positive legative)
Revenues								
Sales tax	\$	494,200	\$	494,200	\$	395,709	\$	(98,491)
Total revenues		494,200		494,200		395,709		(98,491)
Expenditures								
Project reserve		84		84		-		84
General Government		479,700		479,700		378,706		100,994
Total expenditures		479,784		479,784		378,706		101,078
Revenues over (under) expenditures		14,416		14,416		17,003		2,587
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers out		(14,500)		(14,500)		(11,638)		2,862
Total other financing sources (uses)		(14,500)		(14,500)		(11,638)		2,862
Net change in fund balance		(84)		(84)		5,365		5,449
Fund balances, beginning of year		84		84		25,364		25,280
Fund balances, end of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$	30,729	\$	30,729

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

PLAZA SOUTH CID FUND

Revenues \$ 60,000 \$ 60,000 \$ 1,162 \$ (58,838) Total revenues 60,000 60,000 1,162 (58,838) Expenditures Project reserve 2,000 2,000 - 2,000 General Government 56,200 56,200 23 56,177 Total expenditures 58,200 58,200 23 58,177 Revenues over (under) expenditures 1,800 1,800 1,139 (661) Other financing sources (uses) Transfers out (1,800) (1,800) (1,139) 661 Total other financing sources (uses) (1,800) (1,800) (1,139) 661 Net change in fund balance - - - - - - - - -		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amounts		Fina P	ance with Il Budget - Positive egative)
Total revenues 60,000 60,000 1,162 (58,838) Expenditures 2,000 2,000 - 2,000 General Government 56,200 56,200 23 56,177 Total expenditures 58,200 58,200 23 58,177 Revenues over (under) expenditures 1,800 1,800 1,139 (661) Other financing sources (uses) (1,800) (1,800) (1,139) 661 Total other financing sources (uses) (1,800) (1,800) (1,139) 661 Net change in fund balance - - - - - - - - -	Revenues								
Expenditures 2,000 2,000 - 2,000 General Government 56,200 56,200 23 56,177 Total expenditures 58,200 58,200 23 58,177 Revenues over (under) expenditures 1,800 1,800 1,139 (661) Other financing sources (uses) Transfers out (1,800) (1,800) (1,139) 661 Total other financing sources (uses) (1,800) (1,800) (1,139) 661 Net change in fund balance - - - - - - -	Sales tax	\$	60,000	\$	60,000	\$	1,162	\$	(58,838)
Project reserve 2,000 2,000 - 2,000 General Government 56,200 56,200 23 56,177 Total expenditures 58,200 58,200 23 58,177 Revenues over (under) expenditures 1,800 1,800 1,139 (661) Other financing sources (uses) Transfers out (1,800) (1,800) (1,139) 661 Total other financing sources (uses) (1,800) (1,800) (1,139) 661 Net change in fund balance - - - - - -	Total revenues		60,000		60,000		1,162		(58,838)
General Government 56,200 56,200 23 56,177 Total expenditures 58,200 58,200 23 58,177 Revenues over (under) expenditures 1,800 1,800 1,139 (661) Other financing sources (uses) Transfers out (1,800) (1,800) (1,139) 661 Total other financing sources (uses) (1,800) (1,800) (1,139) 661 Net change in fund balance - - - - - - -	Expenditures								
Total expenditures 58,200 58,200 23 58,177 Revenues over (under) expenditures 1,800 1,800 1,139 (661) Other financing sources (uses) Transfers out (1,800) (1,800) (1,139) 661 Total other financing sources (uses) (1,800) (1,800) (1,139) 661 Net change in fund balance -<	Project reserve		2,000		2,000		-		2,000
Revenues over (under) expenditures 1,800 1,800 1,139 (661) Other financing sources (uses) (1,800) (1,800) (1,139) 661 Total other financing sources (uses) (1,800) (1,800) (1,139) 661 Net change in fund balance - - - - - -	General Government		56,200	-	56,200		23		56,177
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers out (1,800) (1,800) (1,139) 661 Total other financing sources (uses) (1,800) (1,800) (1,139) 661 Net change in fund balance -	Total expenditures		58,200		58,200		23		58,177
Transfers out (1,800) (1,800) (1,139) 661 Total other financing sources (uses) (1,800) (1,800) (1,139) 661 Net change in fund balance -	Revenues over (under) expenditures		1,800		1,800		1,139		(661)
Total other financing sources (uses) (1,800) (1,800) (1,139) 661 Net change in fund balance - - - - - -	Other financing sources (uses)								
Net change in fund balance	Transfers out		(1,800)		(1,800)		(1,139)		661
	Total other financing sources (uses)		(1,800)		(1,800)		(1,139)	-	661
						<u></u>		. <u></u>	
	Net change in fund balance		-		-		-		-
Fund balances, beginning of year	Fund balances, beginning of year		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>				
Fund balances, end of year \$ - \$ - \$ -	Fund balances, end of year	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

SPECIAL ALCOHOL/DRUG PROGRAM FUND

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
Revenues		\$ 42,600						
Special alcohol tax	\$	43,600	\$	43,600	\$	56,463	\$	12,863
Investment earnings		200		200		1,284		1,084
Total revenues		43,800		43,800	-	57,747		13,947
Expenditures								
Project reserve		141,986		141,986		-		141,986
Contractual services		19,200		19,200		24,333		(5,133)
Total expenditures		161,186		161,186		24,333		136,853
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(117,386)		(117,386)		33,414		150,800
Net change in fund balance		(117,386)		(117,386)		33,414		150,800
Fund balances, beginning of year		117,386		117,386		127,049		9,663
Fund balances, end of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$	160,463	\$	160,463

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

SPECIAL PARKS AND RECREATION FUND

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amounts		Fina P	ance with I Budget - ositive egative)
Revenues								
Special alcohol tax	\$	43,600	\$	43,600	\$	56,463	\$	12,863
Investment earnings		400		400		971		571
Total revenues		44,000		44,000		57,434		13,434
Expenditures								
Project reserve		118,608		118,608		-		118,608
Total expenditures		118,608		118,608		-		118,608
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(74,608)		(74,608)		57,434		132,042
Net change in fund balance		(74,608)		(74,608)		57,434		132,042
Fund balances, beginning of year		74,608		74,608		72,054		(2,554)
Fund balances, end of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$	129,488	\$	129,488

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

PARK IMPROVEMENT RESERVE FUND

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amounts		Fina	iance with al Budget - Positive Negative)
Revenues								
Park impact fees	\$	138,600	\$	138,600	\$	374,698	\$	236,098
Investment earnings		300		300		4,970		4,670
Total revenues		138,900		138,900		379,668		240,768
Expenditures Project reserve		515,531		515,531		-		515,531
Total expenditures		515,531		515,531		_		515,531
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(376,631)		(376,631)		379,668		756,299
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers out		(34,800)		(34,800)		(231,000)		(196,200)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(34,800)		(34,800)		(231,000)		(196,200)
	,		, <u> </u>					
Net change in fund balance		(411,431)		(411,431)		148,668		560,099
Fund balances, beginning of year		411,431		411,431		394,744		(16,687)
Fund balances, end of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$	543,412	\$	543,412

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

STREET IMPROVEMENT FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Excise tax	\$ 39,0	900 \$ 39,000	\$ 559,109	\$ 520,109
Investment earnings	8,0	8,000	18,763	10,763
Total revenues	47,0	47,000	577,872	530,872
Expenditures				
Public Works		-	571,656	(571,656)
Project reserve	1,910,7	1,910,755	-	1,910,755
Total expenditures	1,910,7	1,910,755	571,656	1,339,099
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,863,7	(1,863,755)	6,216	1,869,971
Net change in fund balance	(1,863,7	(1,863,755)	6,216	1,869,971
Fund balances, beginning of year	1,863,7	1,863,755	1,857,235	(6,520)
Fund balances, end of year	\$	\$ -	\$ 1,863,451	\$ 1,863,451

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

INFRASTRUCTURE SPECIAL SALES TAX FUND

	Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive
	Budget	Budget	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 1,466,000	\$ 1,466,000	\$ 1,628,207	\$ 162,207
Investment earnings	2,000	2,000	13,634	11,634
Total revenues	1,468,000	1,468,000	1,641,841	173,841
Expenditures				
Principal & Interest	627,300	627,300	627,288	12
Public Works	027,300	027,300	484,088	(484,088)
Capital Outlay	800,000	800,000	186,614	613,386
Project Reserve	913,925	913,925	-	913,925
Total expenditures	2,341,225	2,341,225	1,297,990	1,043,235
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(873,225)	(873,225)	343,851	1,217,076
Net change in fund balance	(873,225)	(873,225)	343,851	1,217,076
Fund balances, beginning of year	873,225	873,225	1,310,449	437,224
Fund balances, end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,654,300	\$ 1,654,300
Explanation of difference between budgetary an	d GAAP fund balances:			
Encumbrances for equipment and supplies order				
received are not recorded for GAAP purposes un	til received		46,487	
GAAP fund balance, end of year			\$ 1,700,787	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

SPECIAL HIGHWAY FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
Revenues						
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,669,300	\$ 1,669,300	\$ 1,951,231	\$ 281,931		
Investment earnings	12,200	12,200	42,215	30,015		
Total revenues Total	1,681,500	1,681,500	1,993,446	311,946		
Expenditures						
Project reserve	2,825,186	2,825,186	-	2,825,186		
Public works	-	-	433,880	(433,880)		
Capital outlay	1,340,200	1,340,200	-	1,340,200		
Principal & Interest	904,800	904,800	-	904,800		
Other	-	-	69,864	(69,864)		
Total expenditures	5,070,186	5,070,186	503,744	4,566,442		
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(3,388,686)	(3,388,686)	1,489,702	4,878,388		
Other financing sources (uses)						
General obligation bonds issued	-	-	4,040,000	4,040,000		
Issuance: Premium	-	-	552,438	552,438		
Transfers out		<u> </u>	(615,800)	(615,800)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	-	3,976,638	3,976,638		
Net change in fund balance	(3,388,686)	(3,388,686)	5,466,340	8,855,026		
Fund balances, beginning of year	3,388,686	3,388,686	(79,550)	(3,468,236)		
Fund balances, end of year	\$ -	\$ -	5,386,790	\$ 5,386,790		
Explanation of difference between budgetary and GAAP fund balances:						
Encumbrances for equipment and supplies ordered but not received are not recorded for GAAP purposes until received			177,342			
GAAP fund balance, end of year			\$ 5,564,132			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

DEBT SERVICE FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
Revenues						
Taxes	\$ 1,603,200	\$ 1,603,200	\$ 1,536,466	\$ (66,734)		
Special assessments	1,133,300	1,133,300	1,280,106	146,806		
Intergovernmental	437,000	437,000	589,458	152,458		
Investment earnings	4,000	4,000	22,704	18,704		
Total revenues	3,177,500	3,177,500	3,428,734	251,234		
Expenditures						
Principal & Interest	9,296,800	9,296,800	9,007,574	289,226		
Other	-	-	33,078	(33,078)		
Project Reserve	1,453,811	1,453,811	-	1,453,811		
Total expenditures	10,750,611	10,750,611	9,040,652	1,709,959		
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(7,573,111)	(7,573,111)	(5,611,918)	1,961,193		
Other financing sources						
General obligation bonds issued	5,205,000	5,205,000	2,922,537	(2,282,463)		
Bond anticipation note issued	-	-	1,355,620	1,355,620		
Issuance: Premium	-	-	146,323	146,323		
Transfers in	929,600	929,600	1,504,924	575,324		
Total other financing sources	6,134,600	6,134,600	5,929,404	(205,196)		
Net change in fund balance subject to legal budget	(1,438,511)	(1,438,511)	317,486	1,755,997		
Net change in fund balance	(1,438,511)	(1,438,511)	317,486	1,755,997		
Fund balances, beginning of year	1,438,511	1,438,511	1,612,653	174,142		
Fund balances, end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,930,139	\$ 1,930,139		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

LAND BANK FUND

	Original Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
Revenues					
Investment earnings	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 45	\$ 45	
Total revenues	-	-	45	45	
Expenditures					
Project reserve	47	47		47	
Contractual services	2,500	2,500	<u> </u>	2,500	
Total expenditures	2,547	2,547	-	2,547	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(2,547)	(2,547)	45	2,592	
Net change in fund balance	(2,547)	(2,547)	45	2,592	
Fund balances, beginning of year	2,547	2,547	5,052	2,505	
Fund balances, end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,097	\$ 5,097	

Nonmajor Proprietary Funds

Enterprise Funds

Airport – The Airport Fund accounts for all revenues and expenses of the Airport Operations, as directed by the City of Gardner. Revenues are derived from the hangar and building space rental, the sale of fuel and land rental to bale hay on airport property. Expenses are for the construction, renovation and operation of the airport.

Stormwater - The Stormwater Fund accounts for all revenues and expenses of the Stormwater Utility. The principal operating revenues of the stormwater fund are charges to customers for sales and services and grants. Expenses are for the maintenance, construction and renovation of Stormwater projects.

Internal Service Funds

Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department to other departments of the City on a cost reimbursement basis.

Risk Services Fund – This fund is used to account for the accumulation and allocation of costs associated with the City's risk-financing activities.

Information Technology Services Fund – This fund is used to account for the accumulation and allocation of costs associated with electronic data processing.

Building Services Fund — This fund is used to account for the accumulation and allocation of costs associated with maintenance and miscellaneous repairs on city-owned property.

Utility Billing Services Fund – This fund is used to account for the accumulation and allocation of costs associated with calculating and billing amounts owed for services provided by the City's utilities and municipal airport.

CITY OF GARDNER, KANSAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION NON-MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS December 31, 2022

	Stormwater	Airport	Total
Assets			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$ 192,525	\$ 192,525
U.S. Treasury bill	-	188,921	188,921
Accounts receivable, net	-	7,954	7,954
Intergovernmental receivable	-	92,142	92,142
Inventories	-	31,170	31,170
Restricted deposits and investments	-	7,000	7,000
Total current assets		519,712	519,712
Noncurrent assets:			
Capital assets:			
Land	-	2,076,511	2,076,511
Construction in progress	-	107,139	107,139
Buildings	-	1,745,363	1,745,363
Infrastructure	2,832,517	1,801,660	4,634,177
Improvements	737,691	142,342	880,033
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	(493,790)	(2,023,477)	(2,517,267)
Total capital assets	3,076,418	3,849,538	6,925,956
Total noncurrent assets	3,076,418	3,849,538	6,925,956
Total assets	3,076,418	4,369,250	7,445,668
Deferred outflows of resources Pension deferred outflow		953	953
Total deferred outflows of resources		953	953
Liabilities Current liabilities: Accounts payable		11,682	11,682
Accounts payable Accrued payroll	-	894	894
Customer and developer deposits	-	7,000	7,000
Accrued interest payable	-	7,000 372	372
Compensated absences	-	2,364	2,364
Current portion of bonds payable	-	35,000	35,000
Total current liabilities		57,312	57,312
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Compensated absences	-	965	965
Total OPEB liability	_	265	265
Bonds payable, net	_	37,650	37,650
Pension liability	-	1,195	1,195
Total noncurrent liabilities	-	40,075	40,075
Total liabilities		97,387	97,387
Deferred inflows of resources			
Pension deferred inflow	-	75	75
OPEB deferred inflow	-	7	7
Total deferred inflows of resources		82	82
Net position			
Net investment in capital assets	3,076,418	3,776,888	6,853,306
Unrestricted	<u> </u>	495,846	495,846
Total net position	\$ 3,076,418	\$ 4,272,734	\$ 7,349,152

CITY OF GARDNER, KANSAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION NON-MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Ste	ormwater	Airport	 Total
Operating revenues				
Charges for sales and services	\$		\$ 263,251	\$ 263,251
Total operating revenues		<u>-</u>	 263,251	 263,251
Operating expenses				
Administration		-	207,182	207,182
Repairs and maintenance		-	16,316	16,316
Depreciation and amortization		95,403	95,690	 191,093
Total operating expenses		95,403	 319,188	 414,591
Operating income (loss)		(95,403)	 (55,937)	 (151,340)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)				
Investment earnings		-	3,645	3,645
Interest expense			(689)	 (689)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		-	 2,956	 2,956
Income (loss) before transfers and contributions		(95,403)	(52,981)	(148,384)
Capital grants and contributions		1,201,228	 324,191	 1,525,419
Change in net position		1,105,825	271,210	1,377,035
Total net position, beginning of year		1,970,593	 4,001,524	 5,972,117
Total net position, end of year	\$	3,076,418	\$ 4,272,734	\$ 7,349,152

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NON-MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

	Sto	rmwater		Airport	Total		
Code floor for an annual transfer							
Cash flows from operating activities:	\$		\$	255.040	\$	255.040	
Receipts from customers	Ş	-	ş	255,048	Ş	255,048	
Other receipts Payments to suppliers		-		(202 921)		(202 921)	
		-		(203,821)		(203,821)	
Payments to employees		-		(17,262)		(17,262)	
Net cash provided by operating activities		<u> </u>		33,965		33,965	
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:							
Capital grants and contributions		-		324,191		324,191	
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		-		(107,505)		(107,505)	
Principal paid on general obligation bonds		-		(35,000)		(35,000)	
Interest paid on general obligation bonds, construction loan, and capital lease		-		(2,188)		(2,188)	
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities		-		179,498		179,498	
Cash flows from investing activities:							
Purchase of U.S. Treasury bill		-	\$	(188,921)	\$	(188,921)	
Maturity of certificate of deposit		-		42,772		42,772	
Interest received				3,645		3,645	
Net cash provided from investing activities		-		(142,504)		(142,504)	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		-		70,959		70,959	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		-		128,566		128,566	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	-	\$	199,525	\$	199,525	
Cash consists of:							
Cash	\$	-	\$	192,525	\$	192,525	
Restricted deposits and investments				7,000		7,000	
		-		199,525		199,525	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net							
cash provided by operating activities:							
Operating income (loss)		(95,403)		(55,937)		(151,340)	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided		(33,403)		(55,557)		(131,340)	
by operating activities:							
Items not requiring cash:							
Depreciation and amortization expense		95,403		95,690		191,093	
Changes in:		33,103		33,030		131,033	
Receivables		_		(8,603)		(8,603)	
Inventories				(6,648)		(6,648)	
Accounts payable		-		8,832		8,832	
		-					
Accrued liabilities		-		231		231	
Customer deposits		<u> </u>		400		400	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	-	\$	33,965	\$	33,965	
Noncash investing capital and financing activities:							
Contributed capital assets	\$	1,201,228	\$	-	\$	1,201,228	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

December 31, 2022

Carrent assets: Carrent assets:		Risk Services	Governmental Activities Information Technology Services	Building Services	Business-type Activities Utility Billing Services	Total
Deposits and investments \$ 36,153 \$ 175,570 \$ 54,090 \$ 246,947 \$ 512,760 U.S. Treasury bill 34,232 166,239 51,215 233,112 484,798 Prepaid Items 2 2,848 51,215 233,112 484,798 Noncurrent assets: US US US US Machinery and equipment 2 498,675 14,794 10,509 523,978 Vehicles 2 498,675 34,488 40,981 75,699 Less accumulated depreciation 2 455,430 119,100 500,549 1,145,648 Less accumulated depreciation 2 455,430 119,100 500,549 1,145,648 Less accumulated depreciation 2 70,385 455,430 119,100 500,549 1,145,649 Less accumulated depreciation 2 70,385 455,430 119,100 500,549 1,145,441 1,147 250,967 096 60,989 39,943 114,477 250,967 0	Assets					
U.S. Treasury bill 34,232 166,239 51,215 233,112 484,798 Prepaid Items 2,848 - - 2,848 Noncurrent assets: Capital assets: Machinery and equipment - 498,675 14,794 10,509 523,978 Vehicles - - 498,675 14,794 10,509 523,978 Vehicles - - - 434,888 40,981 75,669 Less accumulated depreciation - (387,902) (35,487) (31,000) (454,389) Total assets - - (387,902) 35,487 (31,000) (454,389) Pension deferred outflows of resources 20,228 76,319 39,943 114,477 250,676 Deferred outflows of resources 20,228 76,319 39,943 114,477 250,677 Current liabilities Current liabilities Current liabilities Current liabilities Cu	Current assets:					
Prepaid items c 2,848 c 2,848 Noncurrent assets: Capital assets: Security and equipment - 498,675 14,794 10,509 523,978 Vehicles - - 34,888 40,981 75,469 Less accumulated depreciation - (387,902) (35,587) (31,000) (454,389) Total assets 70,385 455,430 119,100 500,549 1,145,464 Deferred outflows of resources Pension deferred outflow 20,228 76,319 39,943 114,477 250,967 OPEB deferred outflows of resources 20,466 77,600 40,244 116,987 255,297 Total deferred outflows of resources 20,466 77,600 40,244 116,987 255,297 Liabilities Current liabilities Accounts payable 10,968 18,353 3,471 11,004 43,636 Accrued payroll 1,096 4,039 1,219 5,897 12,251	Deposits and investments	\$ 36,153	\$ 175,570	\$ 54,090	\$ 246,947	\$ 512,760
Noncurrent assets: Capital assets: Septial	U.S. Treasury bill	34,232	166,239	51,215	233,112	484,798
Capital assets: A 498,675 14,794 10,509 523,978 Vehicles - - - 34,488 40,981 75,469 Less accumulated depreciation - (387,902) (35,487) (31,000) (454,389) Total assets 70,385 455,430 119,100 500,549 1,145,464 Deferred outflows of resources Pension deferred outflow 20,228 76,319 39,943 114,477 250,967 OPEB deferred outflows of resources 238 1,281 301 2,510 4,330 Total deferred outflows of resources 20,466 77,600 40,244 116,987 255,297 Liabilities Current liabilities Accounts payable 10,808 18,353 3,471 11,004 43,636 Accrued payroll 1,096 4,039 1,219 5,897 12,251 Compensated absences 5,88 4,538 1,371 16,190 22,687 Total OPEB liability	Prepaid items	-	2,848	-	-	2,848
Machinery and equipment Vehicles - 498,675 (34,488) 14,794 (49,888) 75,469 (45,889) Vehicles - - 337,902 (35,487) 31,000 (454,389) Less accumulated depreciation 70,385 455,430 119,100 500,549 1,145,464 Deferred outflows of resources Pension deferred outflow 20,228 76,319 (39,943) 114,477 250,967 OPEB deferred outflows of resources 238 1,281 301 2,510 4,330 Total deferred outflows of resources 20,466 77,600 40,244 116,987 255,297 Liabilities Current liabilities Current liabilities Accrued payroll 1,088 18,353 3,471 11,004 43,636 Accrued payroll 1,096 4,039 1,219 5,897 12,251 Compensated absences 588 4,538 1,371 16,190 22,687 Compensated absences 588 4,538	Noncurrent assets:					
Vehicles - - 34,488 40,981 75,469 Less accumulated depreciation - (387,902) (35,487) (31,000) (454,389) Total assets 70,385 455,330 119,100 500,549 1,145,464 Deferred outflows of resources 8 455,330 119,100 500,549 1,145,464 Pension deferred outflows of resources 20,228 76,319 39,943 114,477 250,967 OPEB deferred outflows of resources 238 1,281 301 2,510 4,330 OPEB deferred outflows of resources 20,466 77,600 40,244 116,987 255,297 Labilities 2 2,466 77,600 40,244 116,987 255,297 Labilities 3 1,281 3,041 11,004 43,636 43,636 43,636 43,636 43,636 43,636 43,636 43,636 43,636 43,636 43,636 43,636 43,636 43,636 43,636 43,636 43,636 43,636 43,6	Capital assets:					
Less accumulated depreciation - (387,902) (35,487) (31,000) (454,389) Total assets 70,385 455,430 119,100 500,549 1,145,464 Deferred outflows of resources Pension deferred outflow 20,228 76,319 39,943 114,477 250,967 OPEB deferred outflows of resources 20,466 77,600 40,244 116,987 255,297 Liabilities: Current liabilities: Current liabilities: 8 18,353 3,471 11,004 43,636 Accrued payroll 1,096 4,039 1,219 5,887 12,251 Compensated absences 1,441 11,111 3,357 39,637 55,546 Noncurrent liabilities: 588 4,538 1,371 16,190 22,687 Total OPEB liability 3,941 11,211 4,722 41,480 61,354 Net Pension liabilities 82,861 301,678 111,503 551,804 1,047,846 Compensated absences	Machinery and equipment	-	498,675	14,794	10,509	523,978
Total assets 70,385 455,430 119,100 500,549 1,145,464 Deferred outflows of resources Pension deferred outflow 20,228 76,319 39,943 114,477 250,967 OPEB deferred outflow 238 1,281 301 2,510 4,330 Total deferred outflows of resources 20,466 77,600 40,244 116,987 255,297 Liabilities Current liabilities: Current liabilities: Accounts payable 10,808 18,353 3,471 11,004 43,636 Accroued payroll 1,096 4,039 1,219 5,897 12,251 Compensated absences 1,441 11,111 3,357 39,637 55,546 Noncurrent liabilities: Compensated absences 588 4,538 1,371 16,190 22,687 Total OPEB liability 3,941 11,211 4,722 41,480 61,354 Net Pension liability 64,987 25,426 97,363 437,596 852,372 Total lia	Vehicles	-	-	34,488	40,981	75,469
Deferred outflows of resources	Less accumulated depreciation	-	(387,902)	(35,487)	(31,000)	(454,389)
Pension deferred outflow 20,228 76,319 39,943 114,477 250,967 OPEB deferred outflow 238 1,281 301 2,510 4,330 Total deferred outflows of resources 20,466 77,600 40,244 116,987 255,297 Liabilities Current liabilities: Accounts payable 10,808 18,353 3,471 11,004 43,636 Accrued payroll 1,096 4,039 1,219 5,897 12,251 Compensated absences 1,441 11,111 3,357 39,637 55,546 Noncurrent liabilities: 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 1 3 3	Total assets	70,385	455,430	119,100	500,549	1,145,464
Pension deferred outflow 20,228 76,319 39,943 114,477 250,967 OPEB deferred outflow 238 1,281 301 2,510 4,330 Total deferred outflows of resources 20,466 77,600 40,244 116,987 255,297 Liabilities Current liabilities: Accounts payable 10,808 18,353 3,471 11,004 43,636 Accrued payroll 1,096 4,039 1,219 5,897 12,251 Compensated absences 1,441 11,111 3,357 39,637 55,546 Noncurrent liabilities: 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 1 3 3						
OPEB deferred outflow 238 1,281 301 2,510 4,330 Total deferred outflows of resources 20,466 77,600 40,244 116,987 255,297 Liabilities Current liabilities: Accounts payable 10,808 18,353 3,471 11,004 43,636 Accrued payroll 1,096 4,039 1,219 5,897 12,251 Compensated absences 1,441 11,111 3,357 39,637 55,546 Noncurrent liabilities: Compensated absences Compensated absences 588 4,538 1,371 16,190 22,687 Total OPEB liability 3,941 11,211 4,722 41,480 61,354 Net Pension liabilities 82,861 301,678 111,503 551,804 1,047,846 Deferred inflows of resources Pension deferred inflow 1,240 4,393 1,297 9,800 16,730 OPEB deferred inflow 2,081 8,700 2,722 16,725 30,228 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>						
Total deferred outflows of resources 20,466 77,600 40,244 116,987 255,297 Liabilities Current liabilities: Current liabilities: Accounts payable 10,808 18,353 3,471 11,004 43,636 Accrued payroll 1,096 4,039 1,219 5,897 12,251 Compensated absences 1,441 11,111 3,357 39,637 55,546 Noncurrent liabilities: Compensated absences 588 4,538 1,371 16,190 22,687 Total OPEB liability 3,941 11,211 4,722 41,480 61,354 Net Pension liability 64,987 252,426 97,363 437,596 852,372 Total liabilities 82,861 301,678 111,503 551,804 1,047,846 Deferred inflows of resources Pension deferred inflow 1,240 4,393 1,297 9,800 16,730 OPEB deferred inflows of resources 3,321 13,093 4,019 26,525 46,9		,	· ·	= -	•	,
Liabilities Current liabilities: Accounts payable 10,808 18,353 3,471 11,004 43,636 Accrued payroll 1,096 4,039 1,219 5,897 12,251 Compensated absences 1,441 11,111 3,357 39,637 55,546 Noncurrent liabilities: Compensated absences 588 4,538 1,371 16,190 22,687 Total OPEB liability 3,941 11,211 4,722 41,480 61,354 Net Pension liabilities 64,987 252,426 97,363 437,596 852,372 Total liabilities 82,861 301,678 111,503 551,804 1,047,846 Deferred inflows of resources Pension deferred inflow 1,240 4,393 1,297 9,800 16,730 OPEB deferred inflow 2,081 8,700 2,722 16,725 30,228 Total deferred inflows of resources 3,321 13,093 4,019 26,525 46,958 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>						
Current liabilities: Accounts payable 10,808 18,353 3,471 11,004 43,636 Accrued payroll 1,096 4,039 1,219 5,897 12,251 Compensated absences 1,441 11,111 3,357 39,637 55,546 Noncurrent liabilities: Compensated absences Compensated absences 588 4,538 1,371 16,190 22,687 Total OPEB liability 3,941 11,211 4,722 41,480 61,354 Net Pension liabilities 64,987 252,426 97,363 437,596 852,372 Total liabilities 82,861 301,678 111,503 551,804 1,047,846 Deferred inflows of resources Pension deferred inflow 1,240 4,393 1,297 9,800 16,730 OPEB deferred inflow of resources Total deferred inflows of resources 3,321 13,093 4,019 26,525 30,228 Net position Net investment in capital assets - 110,773 13,795 20,490 <td>Total deferred outflows of resources</td> <td>20,466</td> <td>77,600</td> <td>40,244</td> <td>116,987</td> <td>255,297</td>	Total deferred outflows of resources	20,466	77,600	40,244	116,987	255,297
Accounts payable 10,808 18,353 3,471 11,004 43,636 Accrued payroll 1,096 4,039 1,219 5,897 12,251 Compensated absences 1,441 11,111 3,357 39,637 55,546 Noncurrent liabilities: Compensated absences 588 4,538 1,371 16,190 22,687 Total OPEB liability 3,941 11,211 4,722 41,480 61,354 Net Pension liability 64,987 252,426 97,363 437,596 852,372 Total liabilities 82,861 301,678 111,503 551,804 1,047,846 Deferred inflows of resources Pension deferred inflow of resources Pension deferred inflow of resources 1,240 4,393 1,297 9,800 16,730 OPEB deferred inflow of resources 3,321 13,093 4,019 26,525 46,958 Net position Net investment in capital assets - 110,773 13,795 20,490	Liabilities					
Accrued payroll 1,096 4,039 1,219 5,897 12,251 Compensated absences 1,441 11,111 3,357 39,637 55,546 Noncurrent liabilities: Compensated absences 588 4,538 1,371 16,190 22,687 Total OPEB liability 3,941 11,211 4,722 41,480 61,354 Net Pension liability 64,987 252,426 97,363 437,596 852,372 Total liabilities 82,861 301,678 111,503 551,804 1,047,846 Deferred inflows of resources Pension deferred inflow 1,240 4,393 1,297 9,800 16,730 OPEB deferred inflows of resources 3,321 13,093 4,019 26,525 46,958 Net position - 110,773 13,795 20,490 145,058 Unrestricted 4,669 107,486 30,027 18,717 160,899	Current liabilities:					
Accrued payroll 1,096 4,039 1,219 5,897 12,251 Compensated absences 1,441 11,111 3,357 39,637 55,546 Noncurrent liabilities: Compensated absences 588 4,538 1,371 16,190 22,687 Total OPEB liability 3,941 11,211 4,722 41,480 61,354 Net Pension liability 64,987 252,426 97,363 437,596 852,372 Total liabilities 82,861 301,678 111,503 551,804 1,047,846 Deferred inflows of resources Pension deferred inflow 1,240 4,393 1,297 9,800 16,730 OPEB deferred inflows of resources 3,321 13,093 4,019 26,525 46,958 Net position - 110,773 13,795 20,490 145,058 Unrestricted 4,669 107,486 30,027 18,717 160,899	Accounts payable	10,808	18,353	3,471	11,004	43,636
Compensated absences 1,441 11,111 3,357 39,637 55,546 Noncurrent liabilities: Compensated absences 588 4,538 1,371 16,190 22,687 Total OPEB liability 3,941 11,211 4,722 41,480 61,354 Net Pension liabilities 64,987 252,426 97,363 437,596 852,372 Total liabilities 82,861 301,678 111,503 551,804 1,047,846 Deferred inflows of resources Pension deferred inflow 1,240 4,393 1,297 9,800 16,730 OPEB deferred inflow 2,081 8,700 2,722 16,725 30,228 Total deferred inflows of resources 3,321 13,093 4,019 26,525 46,958 Net position - 110,773 13,795 20,490 145,058 Unrestricted 4,669 107,486 30,027 18,717 160,899	Accrued payroll	1,096	4,039	1,219	5,897	12,251
Compensated absences 588 4,538 1,371 16,190 22,687 Total OPEB liability 3,941 11,211 4,722 41,480 61,354 Net Pension liability 64,987 252,426 97,363 437,596 852,372 Total liabilities 82,861 301,678 111,503 551,804 1,047,846 Deferred inflows of resources Pension deferred inflow 1,240 4,393 1,297 9,800 16,730 OPEB deferred inflow 2,081 8,700 2,722 16,725 30,228 Total deferred inflows of resources 3,321 13,093 4,019 26,525 46,958 Net position Net investment in capital assets - 110,773 13,795 20,490 145,058 Unrestricted 4,669 107,486 30,027 18,717 160,899		1,441	11,111	3,357	39,637	
Total OPEB liability 3,941 11,211 4,722 41,480 61,354 Net Pension liability 64,987 252,426 97,363 437,596 852,372 Total liabilities 82,861 301,678 111,503 551,804 1,047,846 Deferred inflows of resources Pension deferred inflow 1,240 4,393 1,297 9,800 16,730 OPEB deferred inflow 2,081 8,700 2,722 16,725 30,228 Total deferred inflows of resources 3,321 13,093 4,019 26,525 46,958 Net position Net investment in capital assets - 110,773 13,795 20,490 145,058 Unrestricted 4,669 107,486 30,027 18,717 160,899	Noncurrent liabilities:		·			
Net Pension liability 64,987 252,426 97,363 437,596 852,372 Total liabilities 82,861 301,678 111,503 551,804 1,047,846 Deferred inflows of resources Pension deferred inflow 1,240 4,393 1,297 9,800 16,730 OPEB deferred inflow 2,081 8,700 2,722 16,725 30,228 Total deferred inflows of resources 3,321 13,093 4,019 26,525 46,958 Net position Net investment in capital assets - 110,773 13,795 20,490 145,058 Unrestricted 4,669 107,486 30,027 18,717 160,899	Compensated absences	588	4,538	1,371	16,190	22,687
Total liabilities 82,861 301,678 111,503 551,804 1,047,846 Deferred inflows of resources Pension deferred inflow 1,240 4,393 1,297 9,800 16,730 OPEB deferred inflow 2,081 8,700 2,722 16,725 30,228 Total deferred inflows of resources 3,321 13,093 4,019 26,525 46,958 Net position Net investment in capital assets - 110,773 13,795 20,490 145,058 Unrestricted 4,669 107,486 30,027 18,717 160,899	Total OPEB liability	3,941	11,211	4,722	41,480	61,354
Deferred inflows of resources Pension deferred inflow 1,240 4,393 1,297 9,800 16,730 OPEB deferred inflow 2,081 8,700 2,722 16,725 30,228 Total deferred inflows of resources 3,321 13,093 4,019 26,525 46,958 Net position Net investment in capital assets - 110,773 13,795 20,490 145,058 Unrestricted 4,669 107,486 30,027 18,717 160,899	Net Pension liability	64,987	252,426	97,363	437,596	852,372
Pension deferred inflow 1,240 4,393 1,297 9,800 16,730 OPEB deferred inflow 2,081 8,700 2,722 16,725 30,228 Total deferred inflows of resources 3,321 13,093 4,019 26,525 46,958 Net position Net investment in capital assets - 110,773 13,795 20,490 145,058 Unrestricted 4,669 107,486 30,027 18,717 160,899	Total liabilities	82,861	301,678	111,503	551,804	1,047,846
Pension deferred inflow 1,240 4,393 1,297 9,800 16,730 OPEB deferred inflow 2,081 8,700 2,722 16,725 30,228 Total deferred inflows of resources 3,321 13,093 4,019 26,525 46,958 Net position Net investment in capital assets - 110,773 13,795 20,490 145,058 Unrestricted 4,669 107,486 30,027 18,717 160,899	Defermed inflores of recovered					
OPEB deferred inflow 2,081 8,700 2,722 16,725 30,228 Total deferred inflows of resources 3,321 13,093 4,019 26,525 46,958 Net position Net investment in capital assets - 110,773 13,795 20,490 145,058 Unrestricted 4,669 107,486 30,027 18,717 160,899		1 240	4 202	1 207	0.000	16 720
Total deferred inflows of resources 3,321 13,093 4,019 26,525 46,958 Net position Very construction 110,773 13,795 20,490 145,058 Unrestricted 4,669 107,486 30,027 18,717 160,899		· ·	· ·	•	•	•
Net position Increase of the control of t						
Net investment in capital assets - 110,773 13,795 20,490 145,058 Unrestricted 4,669 107,486 30,027 18,717 160,899	Total deferred filliows of resources	3,321	13,033	4,015	20,323	40,936
Unrestricted 4,669 107,486 30,027 18,717 160,899	Net position					
	Net investment in capital assets	-	110,773	13,795	20,490	145,058
Total net position \$ 4,669 \$ 218,259 \$ 43,822 \$ 39,207 \$ 305,957	Unrestricted	4,669	107,486	30,027	18,717	160,899
	Total net position	\$ 4,669	\$ 218,259	\$ 43,822	\$ 39,207	\$ 305,957

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

			A	ernmental ctivities ormation			siness-type Activities Utility	
	:	Risk Services	Technology Services		Building Services		Billing Services	Total
Operating revenues								
Charges for services	\$	1,044,113	\$	892,355	\$	432,099	\$ 1,150,457	\$ 3,519,024
Other		18,493		-		-	-	18,493
Total operating revenues		1,062,606		892,355		432,099	1,150,457	3,537,517
Operating expenses								
Administration		77,806		313,093		107,498	519,921	1,018,318
Contractual services		887,662		398,052		204,605	334,435	1,824,754
Other supplies and expenses		19,799		33,902		25,959	12,935	92,595
Repairs and maintenance		-		13,528		6,192	1,877	21,597
Depreciation		-		44,105		3,450	4,098	51,653
Other		77,338		89,673		80,796	268,792	516,599
Total operating expenses		1,062,605		892,353		428,500	1,142,058	3,525,516
Operating income		1		2		3,599	8,399	12,001
Transfers out				_		(3,600)	 (8,400)	 (12,000)
Change in net position		1		2		(1)	(1)	1
Total net position, beginning of year		4,668		218,257		43,823	39,208	305,956
Total net position, end of year	\$	4,669	\$	218,259	\$	43,822	\$ 39,207	\$ 305,957

CITY OF GARDNER, KANSAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

	Risk Management	Governmental Activities Information Technology Services	Building Services	Business-type Activities Utility Billing Services	Total
Cash flows from operating activities: Receipts from customers Other receipts Payments to suppliers Payments to employees Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 1,044,113 18,493 (982,577) (74,865) 5,164	\$ 892,355 - (554,348) (301,168) 36,839	\$ 432,099 - (317,969) (115,356)	\$ 1,150,457 - (622,378) (493,629) 34,450	\$ 3,519,024 18,493 (2,477,272) (985,018) 75,227
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Transfers to other funds Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities			(3,600)	(8,400)	(12,000)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Acquisition and construction of capital assets Net cash provided by capital and related financing activities	<u>-</u> <u>-</u>	(31,284)			(31,284)
Cash flows from investing activities: Purchase of U.S. Treasury bill Maturity of certificate of deposit Net cash provided from investing activities	(34,232) 16,043 (18,189)	(166,239) 83,973 (82,266)	(51,215) 27,678 (23,537)	(233,112) 111,952 (121,160)	(484,798) 239,646 (245,152)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(13,025)	(76,711)	(28,363)	(95,110)	(213,209)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	49,178	252,281	82,453	342,057	725,969
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 36,153	\$ 175,570	\$ 54,090	\$ 246,947	\$ 512,760
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Items not requiring cash:	\$ 1	\$ 2	\$ 3,599	\$ 8,399	\$ 12,001
Depreciation expense Total OPEB expense Pension expense Changes in:	- 399 2,860	44,105 1,524 9,786	3,450 477 3,881	4,098 3,077 17,742	51,653 5,477 34,269
Accounts payable Accrued liabilites	2,786 (882)	(19,193) 615	(417) (12,216)	(4,339) 5,473	(21,163) (7,010)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 5,164	\$ 36,839	\$ (1,226)	\$ 34,450	\$ 75,227



ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022

STATISTICAL SECTION

Statistical Section

This part of the City of Gardner's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

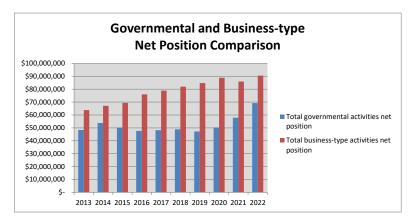
Contents	<u>Page</u>
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	123 - 126
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the City's ability to generate its most significant local revenue source, which is the electric, water and wastewater revenues, as well as its property taxes.	127 - 135
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	136 - 139
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time with other governments.	140 - 142
Operating Information These schedules contain information about the City's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the City's financial information relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	143- 145

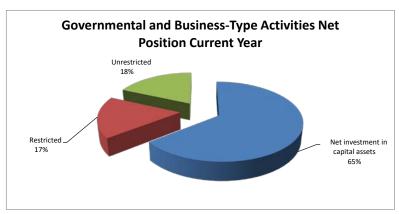
Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive

annual financial reports for the relevant year.

City of Gardner, Kansas Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

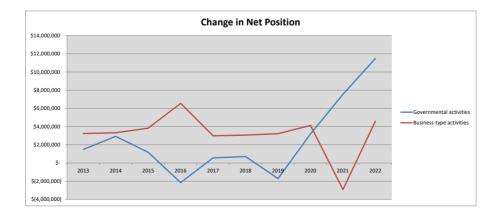
<u>2013</u>		<u>2014</u>		<u>2015</u>		2016		2017		<u>2018</u>		<u>2019</u>		2020		<u>2021</u>		2022
\$ 23,990,859 20,820,905 3,548,049	\$	28,346,555 20,245,654 5,208,773	\$	30,941,934 18,457,790 806,326	\$	29,574,314 17,920,702 161,452	\$	31,189,584 17,866,534 (837,444)	\$	34,541,491 16,120,122 (1,788,810)	\$	32,182,882 17,533,282 (2,541,211)	\$	36,297,226 16,392,206 (2,326,241)	\$	40,365,621 18,150,536 (611,267)	\$	41,395,607 27,575,953 287,855
\$ 48,359,813	\$	53,800,982	\$	50,206,050	\$	47,656,468	\$	48,218,674	\$	48,872,803	\$	47,174,953	\$	50,363,191	\$	57,904,890	\$	69,259,415
\$ 53,358,039 10,427,135 63,785,174	\$	55,182,468 11,921,883 67,104,351	\$	57,021,062 12,364,866 69,385,928	\$	61,598,308 14,341,092 75,939,400	\$	62,611,603 16,313,315 78,924,918	\$	63,039,388 18,916,385 81,955,773	\$	66,658,777 18,087,690 84,746,467	\$	67,028,494 21,845,455 88,873,949	\$	67,367,298 18,582,709 85,950,007	\$	61,586,615 28,953,130 90,539,745
\$ 77,348,898 20,820,905 13,975,184	\$	83,529,023 20,245,654 17,130,656	\$	87,962,996 18,457,790 13,171,192	\$	91,172,622 17,920,702 14,502,544	\$	93,801,187 17,866,534 15,475,871	\$	97,580,879 16,120,122 17,127,575	\$	98,841,659 17,533,282 15,546,479	\$	103,325,720 16,392,206 19,519,214	\$	107,732,919 18,150,536 17,971,442	\$	102,982,222 27,575,953 29,240,985 159,799,160
\$ \$ \$ \$	\$ 23,990,859 20,820,905 3,548,049 \$ 48,359,813 \$ 53,358,039 10,427,135 \$ 63,785,174	\$ 23,990,859 \$ 20,820,905 3,548,049 \$ 48,359,813 \$ \$ \$ 10,427,135 \$ 63,785,174 \$ \$ 77,348,898 \$ 20,820,905 13,975,184	\$ 23,990,859 \$ 28,346,555 20,820,905 20,245,654 3,548,049 5,208,773 \$ 48,359,813 \$ 53,800,982 \$ 53,358,039 \$ 55,182,468 10,427,135 11,921,883 \$ 63,785,174 \$ 67,104,351 \$ 77,348,898 \$ 83,529,023 20,820,905 20,245,654 13,975,184 17,130,656	\$ 23,990,859 \$ 28,346,555 \$ 20,820,905 20,245,654 3,548,049 5,208,773 \$ 48,359,813 \$ 53,800,982 \$ \$ \$ 10,427,135 11,921,883 \$ 63,785,174 \$ 67,104,351 \$ \$ 77,348,898 \$ 20,820,905 20,245,654 13,975,184 17,130,656	\$ 23,990,859 \$ 28,346,555 \$ 30,941,934 20,820,905	\$ 23,990,859 \$ 28,346,555 \$ 30,941,934 \$ 20,820,905 20,245,654 18,457,790 806,326 \$ 48,359,813 \$ 53,800,982 \$ 50,206,050 \$ \$ \$ 53,358,039 \$ 55,182,468 \$ 57,021,062 \$ 10,427,135 11,921,883 12,364,866 \$ 63,785,174 \$ 67,104,351 \$ 69,385,928 \$ \$ 77,348,898 \$ 83,529,023 \$ 87,962,996 \$ 20,820,905 20,245,654 18,457,790 13,975,184 17,130,656 13,171,192	\$ 23,990,859 \$ 28,346,555 \$ 30,941,934 \$ 29,574,314 20,820,905 20,245,654 18,457,790 17,920,702 3,548,049 5,208,773 806,326 161,452 \$ 48,359,813 \$ 53,800,982 \$ 50,206,050 \$ 47,656,468 \$ 53,358,039 \$ 55,182,468 \$ 57,021,062 \$ 61,598,308 10,427,135 11,921,883 12,364,866 14,341,092 \$ 63,785,174 \$ 67,104,351 \$ 69,385,928 \$ 75,939,400 \$ 77,348,898 \$ 83,529,023 \$ 87,962,996 \$ 91,172,622 20,820,905 20,245,654 18,457,790 17,920,702 13,975,184 17,130,656 13,171,192 14,502,544	\$ 23,990,859 \$ 28,346,555 \$ 30,941,934 \$ 29,574,314 \$ 20,820,905 20,245,654 18,457,790 17,920,702 161,452 \$ 48,359,813 \$ 53,800,982 \$ 50,206,050 \$ 47,656,468 \$ \$ 53,358,039 \$ 55,182,468 \$ 57,021,062 \$ 61,598,308 \$ 10,427,135 11,921,883 12,364,866 14,341,092 \$ 63,785,174 \$ 67,104,351 \$ 69,385,928 \$ 75,939,400 \$ \$ 77,348,898 \$ 83,529,023 \$ 87,962,996 \$ 91,172,622 \$ 20,820,905 20,245,654 18,457,790 17,920,702 13,975,184 17,130,656 13,171,192 14,502,544	\$ 23,990,859 \$ 28,346,555 \$ 30,941,934 \$ 29,574,314 \$ 31,189,584 20,820,905 20,245,654 18,457,790 17,920,702 17,866,534 3,548,049 5,208,773 806,326 161,452 (837,444) \$ 48,359,813 \$ 53,800,982 \$ 50,206,050 \$ 47,656,468 \$ 48,218,674 \$ 53,358,039 \$ 55,182,468 \$ 57,021,062 \$ 61,598,308 \$ 62,611,603 10,427,135 11,921,883 12,364,866 14,341,092 16,313,315 \$ 63,785,174 \$ 67,104,351 \$ 69,385,928 \$ 75,939,400 \$ 78,924,918 \$ 77,348,898 \$ 83,529,023 \$ 87,962,996 \$ 91,172,622 \$ 93,801,187 20,820,905 20,245,654 18,457,790 17,920,702 17,866,534 13,975,184 17,130,656 13,171,192 14,502,544 15,475,871	\$ 23,990,859 \$ 28,346,555 \$ 30,941,934 \$ 29,574,314 \$ 31,189,584 \$ 20,820,905 20,245,654 18,457,790 17,920,702 17,866,534 (837,444) \$ 48,359,813 \$ 53,800,982 \$ 50,206,050 \$ 47,656,468 \$ 48,218,674 \$ \$ 53,358,039 \$ 55,182,468 \$ 57,021,062 \$ 61,598,308 \$ 62,611,603 \$ 10,427,135 11,921,883 12,364,866 14,341,092 16,313,315 \$ 63,785,174 \$ 67,104,351 \$ 69,385,928 \$ 75,939,400 \$ 78,924,918 \$ \$ 77,348,898 \$ 83,529,023 \$ 87,962,996 \$ 91,172,622 \$ 93,801,187 \$ 20,820,905 20,245,654 18,457,790 17,920,702 17,866,534 13,975,184 17,130,656 13,171,192 14,502,544 15,475,871	\$ 23,990,859 \$ 28,346,555 \$ 30,941,934 \$ 29,574,314 \$ 31,189,584 \$ 34,541,491 \$ 20,820,905 \$ 20,245,654 \$ 18,457,790 \$ 17,920,702 \$ 17,866,534 \$ 16,120,122 \$ 3,548,049 \$ 5,208,773 \$ 806,326 \$ 161,452 \$ (837,444) \$ (1,788,810) \$ 48,359,813 \$ 53,800,982 \$ 50,206,050 \$ 47,656,468 \$ 48,218,674 \$ 48,872,803 \$ 53,358,039 \$ 55,182,468 \$ 57,021,062 \$ 61,598,308 \$ 62,611,603 \$ 63,039,388 \$ 10,427,135 \$ 11,921,883 \$ 12,364,866 \$ 14,341,092 \$ 16,313,315 \$ 18,916,385 \$ 63,785,174 \$ 67,104,351 \$ 69,385,928 \$ 75,939,400 \$ 78,924,918 \$ 81,955,773 \$ 77,348,898 \$ 83,529,023 \$ 87,962,996 \$ 91,172,622 \$ 93,801,187 \$ 97,580,879 \$ 20,820,905 \$ 20,245,654 \$ 18,457,790 \$ 17,920,702 \$ 17,866,534 \$ 16,120,122 \$ 13,975,184 \$ 17,130,656 \$ 13,171,192 \$ 14,502,544 \$ 15,475,871 \$ 17,127,575	\$ 23,990,859 \$ 28,346,555 \$ 30,941,934 \$ 29,574,314 \$ 31,189,584 \$ 34,541,491 \$ 20,820,905 20,245,654 18,457,790 17,920,702 17,866,534 16,120,122 (837,444) (1,788,810) \$ 35,208,773 806,326 161,452 (837,444) (1,788,810) \$ 48,359,813 \$ 53,800,982 \$ 50,206,050 \$ 47,656,468 \$ 48,218,674 \$ 48,872,803 \$ \$ 53,358,039 \$ 55,182,468 \$ 57,021,062 \$ 61,598,308 \$ 62,611,603 \$ 63,039,388 \$ 10,427,135 11,921,883 12,364,866 14,341,092 16,313,315 18,916,385 \$ 63,785,174 \$ 67,104,351 \$ 69,385,928 \$ 75,939,400 \$ 78,924,918 \$ 81,955,773 \$ \$ 77,348,898 \$ 83,529,023 \$ 87,962,996 \$ 91,172,622 \$ 93,801,187 \$ 97,580,879 \$ 20,820,905 20,245,654 18,457,790 17,920,702 17,866,534 16,120,122 13,975,184 17,130,656 13,171,192 14,502,544 15,475,871 17,127,575	\$ 23,990,859 \$ 28,346,555 \$ 30,941,934 \$ 29,574,314 \$ 31,189,584 \$ 34,541,491 \$ 32,182,882 20,820,905	\$ 23,990,859 \$ 28,346,555 \$ 30,941,934 \$ 29,574,314 \$ 31,189,584 \$ 34,541,491 \$ 32,182,882 \$ 20,820,905 20,245,654 18,457,790 17,920,702 17,866,534 16,120,122 17,533,282 3,548,049 5,208,773 806,326 161,452 (837,444) (1,788,810) (2,541,211) \$ 48,359,813 \$ 53,800,982 \$ 50,206,050 \$ 47,656,468 \$ 48,218,674 \$ 48,872,803 \$ 47,174,953 \$ \$ 53,358,039 \$ 55,182,468 \$ 57,021,062 \$ 61,598,308 \$ 62,611,603 \$ 63,039,388 \$ 66,658,777 \$ 10,427,135 11,921,883 12,364,866 14,341,092 16,313,315 18,916,385 18,087,690 \$ 63,785,174 \$ 67,104,351 \$ 69,385,928 \$ 75,939,400 \$ 78,924,918 \$ 81,955,773 \$ 84,746,467 \$ \$ 77,348,898 \$ 83,529,023 \$ 87,962,996 \$ 91,172,622 \$ 93,801,187 \$ 97,580,879 \$ 98,841,659 \$ 20,820,905 20,245,654 18,457,790 17,920,702 17,866,534 16,120,122 17,533,282 13,975,184 17,130,656 13,171,192 14,502,544 15,475,871 17,127,575 15,546,479	\$ 23,990,859 \$ 28,346,555 \$ 30,941,934 \$ 29,574,314 \$ 31,189,584 \$ 34,541,491 \$ 32,182,882 \$ 36,297,226	\$ 23,990,859 \$ 28,346,555 \$ 30,941,934 \$ 29,574,314 \$ 31,189,584 \$ 34,541,491 \$ 32,182,882 \$ 36,297,226 \$ 20,820,905 20,245,654 18,457,790 17,920,702 17,866,534 16,120,122 17,533,282 16,392,206 (837,444) (1,788,810) (2,541,211) (2,326,241) \$ \$ 48,359,813 \$ 53,800,982 \$ 50,206,050 \$ 47,656,468 \$ 48,218,674 \$ 48,872,803 \$ 47,174,953 \$ 50,363,191 \$ \$ \$ 53,358,039 \$ 55,182,468 \$ 57,021,062 \$ 61,598,308 \$ 62,611,603 \$ 63,039,388 \$ 66,658,777 \$ 67,028,494 \$ 10,427,135 11,921,883 12,364,866 14,341,092 16,313,315 18,916,385 18,087,690 21,845,455 \$ 63,785,174 \$ 67,104,351 \$ 69,385,928 \$ 75,939,400 \$ 78,924,918 \$ 81,955,773 \$ 84,746,467 \$ 88,873,949 \$ \$ 77,348,898 \$ 83,529,023 \$ 87,962,996 \$ 91,172,622 \$ 93,801,187 \$ 97,580,879 \$ 98,841,659 \$ 103,325,720 \$ 20,820,905 20,245,654 18,457,790 17,920,702 17,866,534 16,120,122 17,533,282 16,392,206 13,975,184 17,130,656 13,171,192 14,502,544 15,475,871 17,127,575 15,546,479 19,519,214	\$ 23,990,859 \$ 28,346,555 \$ 30,941,934 \$ 29,574,314 \$ 31,189,584 \$ 34,541,491 \$ 32,182,882 \$ 36,297,226 \$ 40,365,621 \$ 20,820,905 \$ 20,245,654 \$ 18,457,790 \$ 17,920,702 \$ 17,866,534 \$ 16,120,122 \$ 17,533,282 \$ 16,392,206 \$ 18,150,536 \$ 3,548,049 \$ 5,208,773 \$ 806,326 \$ 161,452 \$ (837,444) \$ (1,788,810) \$ (2,541,211) \$ (2,326,241) \$ (611,267) \$ 48,359,813 \$ 53,800,982 \$ 50,206,050 \$ 47,656,468 \$ 48,218,674 \$ 48,872,803 \$ 47,174,953 \$ 50,363,191 \$ 57,904,890 \$ 48,359,813 \$ 55,182,468 \$ 57,021,062 \$ 61,598,308 \$ 62,611,603 \$ 63,039,388 \$ 66,658,777 \$ 67,028,494 \$ 67,367,298 \$ 10,427,135 \$ 11,921,883 \$ 12,364,866 \$ 14,341,092 \$ 16,313,315 \$ 18,916,385 \$ 18,087,690 \$ 21,845,455 \$ 18,582,709 \$ 63,785,174 \$ 67,104,351 \$ 69,385,928 \$ 75,939,400 \$ 78,924,918 \$ 81,955,773 \$ 84,746,467 \$ 88,873,949 \$ 85,950,007 \$ 77,348,898 \$ 83,529,023 \$ 87,962,996 \$ 91,172,622 \$ 93,801,187 \$ 97,580,879 \$ 98,841,659 \$ 103,325,720 \$ 107,732,919 \$ 20,820,905 \$ 20,245,654 \$ 18,457,790 \$ 17,920,702 \$ 17,866,534 \$ 16,120,122 \$ 17,533,282 \$ 16,392,206 \$ 18,150,536 \$ 13,975,184 \$ 17,130,656 \$ 13,171,192 \$ 14,502,544 \$ 15,475,871 \$ 17,127,575 \$ 15,546,479 \$ 19,519,214 \$ 17,971,442	\$ 23,990,859 \$ 28,346,555 \$ 30,941,934 \$ 29,574,314 \$ 31,189,584 \$ 34,541,491 \$ 32,182,882 \$ 36,297,226 \$ 40,365,621 \$ 20,820,905 20,245,654 18,457,790 17,920,702 17,866,534 16,120,122 17,533,282 16,392,206 18,150,536 3,548,049 5,208,773 806,326 161,452 (837,444) (1,788,810) (2,541,211) (2,326,241) (611,267) \$ 48,359,813 \$ 53,800,982 \$ 50,206,050 \$ 47,656,468 \$ 48,218,674 \$ 48,872,803 \$ 47,174,953 \$ 50,363,191 \$ 57,904,890 \$ \$ 53,358,039 \$ 55,182,468 \$ 57,021,062 \$ 61,598,308 \$ 62,611,603 \$ 63,039,388 \$ 66,658,777 \$ 67,028,494 \$ 67,367,298 \$ 10,427,135 11,921,883 12,364,866 14,341,092 16,313,315 18,916,385 18,087,690 21,845,455 18,582,709 \$ 63,785,174 \$ 67,104,351 \$ 69,385,928 \$ 75,939,400 \$ 78,924,918 \$ 81,955,773 \$ 84,746,467 \$ 88,873,949 \$ 85,950,007 \$ \$ 77,348,898 \$ 83,529,023 \$ 87,962,996 \$ 91,172,622 \$ 93,801,187 \$ 97,580,879 \$ 98,841,659 \$ 103,325,720 \$ 107,732,919 \$ 20,820,905 20,245,654 18,457,790 17,920,702 17,866,534 16,120,122 17,533,282 16,392,206 18,150,536 13,975,184 17,130,656 13,171,192 14,502,544 15,475,871 17,127,575 15,546,479 19,519,214 17,971,442





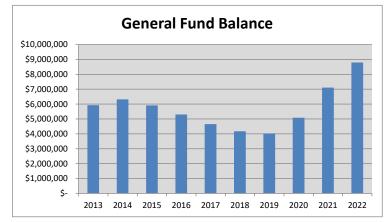
City of Gardner, Kansas Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

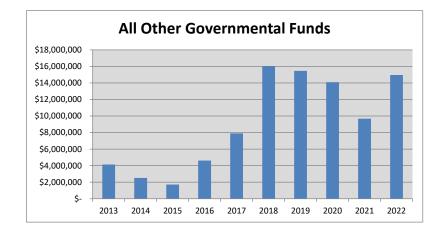
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Expenses										
Governmental activities:	\$ 2.817.304	\$ 3,558,824	\$ 3.896.677	\$ 4.598.982	ć 2,000.452	\$ 3.332.171	ć 2001.427	6 2504042	\$ 3,760,357	\$ 4.016.862
General government Police	\$ 2,817,304 3,874,682	\$ 3,558,824 4,688,596	\$ 3,896,677 4,383,506	\$ 4,598,982 5,315,430	\$ 3,068,153 4,395,424	\$ 3,332,171 5,040,277	\$ 3,091,437 5,600,299	\$ 3,504,843 5,992,914	\$ 3,760,357 6,128,179	\$ 4,016,862 6,843,357
Public Works	2,631,533	3,354,014	3,940,033	3,744,547	4,395,424	4,653,338	5,353,865	4,745,816	4,780,947	6,424,667
Culture and recreation	2,460,190	2,368,847	2,433,317	2,604,472	3,219,356	3,363,570	3,531,547	2,591,111	3,082,003	3,347,444
Community Development		2,500,047	2,433,317	-	893,753	947,501	1,061,554	967,771	861,708	899,992
Interest on long-term debt	1,595,184	1,100,397	808,488	609,604	696,847	1,453,025	1,404,127	1,319,387	1,208,794	1,179,226
Total governmental activities expenses	13,378,893	15,070,678	15,462,021	16,873,035	16,520,830	18,789,882	20,042,829	19,121,842	19,821,988	22,711,548
Business-type activities: Flectric	11,779,932			40.000.000	10.000.171	46 000 050			28.977.189	
Water	3,345,254	12,536,784 3,549,784	11,919,565 3,692,470	12,006,709 4,032,587	12,699,174 4,228,110	16,829,253 3,901,601	14,817,684 4,772,701	14,644,403 5,685,051	8,267,952	21,914,251 6,339,583
Wastewater	3,657,553	4.317.776	4,675,174	4,591,624	4,503,508	4,706,539	5.086.690	5,469,660	5.601.851	6.153.081
Stormwater	25,167	25,167	28,298	28,298	28,298	28,443	33,155	49,186	66,470	95,403
Airport	,	,	,	204,879	251,234	268,698	292,205	246,693	269,781	319,877
Total business-type activities expenses	18,807,906	20,429,511	20,315,507	20,864,097	21,710,324	25,734,534	25,002,435	26,094,993	43,183,243	34,822,195
Total primary government expenses	\$ 32,186,799	\$ 35,500,189	\$ 35,777,528	\$ 37,737,132	\$ 38,231,154	\$ 44,524,416	\$ 45,045,264	\$ 45,216,835	\$ 63,005,231	\$ 57,533,743
Program Revenues										
Governmental activities: Charges for services:										
General government	\$ 748,785	\$ 1,607,129	\$ 1,907,297	\$ 2,171,668	\$ 2,085,061	\$ 961,333	\$ 417,849	\$ 2,597,085	\$ 2,818,108	\$ 2,956,854
Police	7,853	9,253	7,439	8,228	6,525	8,616	8,427	8,687	7,745	9,576
Public Works	.,555	-,233	.,	-,-20	-,-23	-,510	-,127	5,165	7,853	7,585
Culture and recreation	858,658	910,947	910,041	963,169	1,002,553	1,074,914	923,514	413,567	807,255	1,141,611
Community Development					323,431	435,976	378,933	393,650	542,225	887,343
Operating grants and contributions	2,966,108	3,251,406	3,328,990	3,397,426	3,672,663	3,734,419	3,835,400	3,530,893	3,590,921	4,012,507
Capital grants and contributions	782,039	2,902,279	805,138	206,879	493,301	2,253,302	1,673,007	3,642,976	8,379,221	11,230,770
Total governmental activities program revenues	5,363,443	8,681,014	6,958,905	6,747,370	7,583,534	8,468,560	7,237,130	10,592,023	16,153,328	20,246,246
Business-type activities:										
Charges for services:										
Electric	14,196,340	14,393,780	14,539,925	14,440,663	14,414,445	17,534,000	16,545,548	16,749,055	25,221,237	23,213,696
Water	4,509,458	4,948,652	5,145,232	5,440,947	5,612,380	6,248,707	5,927,668	6,225,920	6,379,148	7,225,638
Wastewater	4,275,217	4,808,675	5,023,691	5,073,706	5,168,047	5,452,335	5,428,736	5,434,314	5,480,160	6,156,537
Stormwater	61,208	-	-	-	-	144		-	-	
Airport		-	-	648,050	252,380	258,295	249,908	229,035	250,068	263,251
Operating grants and contributions	-		246 442	358,459	57,574	22.424	700,141	98 2,403,147	1,098 1,405,534	2,333,423
Capital grants and contributions Total business-type program revenues	23.042.223	24,151,107	246,112	25,961,825	25,504,826	32,121 29.525.602	28,852,001	31.041.569	38,737,245	39,192,545
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 28,405,666	\$ 32.832.121	\$ 31,913,865	\$ 32,709,195	\$ 33,088,360	\$ 37,994,162	\$ 36,089,131	\$ 41,633,592	\$ 54.890.573	\$ 59,438,791
,	., ., .,,									
Net (Expense)/Revenue										
Governmental activities	\$ (8,015,450)	\$ (6,389,664)	\$ (8,503,116)	\$ (10,125,665)	\$ (8,937,296)	\$ (10,321,322)	\$ (12,805,699)	\$ (8,529,819)	\$ (3,668,660)	\$ (2,465,302)
Business-type activities	4,234,317	3,721,596	4,639,453	5,097,728	3,794,502	3,791,068	3,849,566	4,946,576	(4,445,998)	4,370,350
Total primary government net expense	\$ (3,781,133)	\$ (2,668,068)	\$ (3,863,663)	\$ (5,027,937)	\$ (5,142,794)	\$ (6,530,254)	\$ (8,956,133)	\$ (3,583,243)	\$ (8,114,658)	\$ 1,905,048
CI D	lat									
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Pos Governmental activities:	ition									
Taxes										
Property taxes	\$ 4,821,475	\$ 4,947,132	\$ 4,893,957	\$ 5,246,198	\$ 4,037,863	\$ 4,206,575	\$ 4,476,355	\$ 4,810,228	\$ 5,394,940	\$ 5,373,238
Sales taxes	3,190,773	3,467,735	3,535,132	3,827,653	4,041,798	4,171,850	4,333,660	5,079,085	5,931,142	6,702,300
Franchise taxes	348,956	352,792	312,625	269,736	360,268	282,893	257,002	245,477	264,835	325,352
Excise taxes						686,718	451,991	28,227	359,835	559,109
Transient guest taxes	42,493	42,976	62,892	74,272	71,383	66,361	153,661	217,553	244,697	299,861
Other Unrestricted investment earnings	33,418	75,467 11,456	30,737 9,867	70,505 9,533	28,852 65,538	328,963 311,797	78,002 335,633	235,353 137,134	496,004 17,313	449,241 240,530
Gain on disposal of asset	40,567	11,430	3,007	(82,063)	05,550	311,737	333,033	137,134	17,515	240,330
Transfers	1,029,100	413,163	829,600	(1,445,460)	893,800	969,500	1,008,200	965,000	(1,498,407)	(4,944)
Total governmental activities	9,506,782	9,310,721	9,674,810	7,970,374	9,499,502	11,024,657	11,094,504	11,718,057	11,210,359	13,944,687
Business-type activities:										
Unrestricted investment earnings	29,972	10,744	10,442	10,284	84,816	240,469	376,630	145,906	23,649	214,318
Lease interest revenue	(4.020.400)	(442.452)	(020.622)	4 445 450	(002.022)	(000 500)	(4.000.000)	- IDEE COOL	4 400 407	126
Transfers Total hydrogentype activities	(1,029,100)	(413,163)	(829,600)	1,445,460 1,455,744	(893,800)	(969,500)	(1,008,200)	(965,000)	1,498,407 1,522,056	4,944 219,388
Total business-type activities Total primary government	\$ 8,507,654	\$ 8,908,302	\$ 8.855.652	\$ 9.426.118	\$ 8,690,518	\$ 10.295.626	\$ 10.462.934	\$ 10.898.963	\$ 12,732,415	\$ 14.164.075
	J 3,307,034	2 0,300,302	y 5,033,032	- 5,420,110	- 0,030,310	- 10,233,020	y 10,402,334	2 20,000,000	y 12,/32,913	y 1-,104,07J
Change in Net Position										
Governmental activities	\$ 1,491,332	\$ 2,921,057	\$ 1,171,694	\$ (2,155,291)	\$ 562,206	\$ 703,335	\$ (1,711,195)	\$ 3,188,238	\$ 7,541,699	\$ 11,479,385
Business-type activities	3,235,189	3,319,177	3,820,295	6,553,472	2,985,518	3,062,037	3,217,996	4,127,482	(2,923,942)	4,589,738
Total primary government	\$ 4,726,521	\$ 6,240,234	\$ 4,991,989	\$ 4,398,181	\$ 3,547,724	\$ 3,765,372	\$ 1,506,801	\$ 7,315,720	\$ 4,617,757	\$ 16,069,123



City of Gardner, Kansas Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	<u>2013</u>	2014	<u>2015</u>	2016	2017	2018	2019	<u>2020</u>	2021	2022
General Fund										
Nonspendable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 29,694	\$ 23,758	\$ 28,584	\$ 75,719	\$ 122,108
Assigned	64,474	9,640	115,541	22,221	184,992	166,052	306,996	45,957	155,886	163,278
Unassigned	5,864,734	6,305,486	5,792,880	5,280,652	4,471,284	3,980,094	3,701,788	5,012,435	6,879,876	8,509,475
Total General Fund	\$ 5,929,208	\$ 6,315,126	\$ 5,908,421	\$ 5,302,873	\$ 4,656,276	\$ 4,175,840	\$ 4,032,542	\$ 5,086,976	\$ 7,111,481	\$ 8,794,861
All Other Governmental Funds										
Restricted	\$ 4,147,059	\$ 2,520,366	\$ 1,715,705	\$ 4,611,811	\$ 7,911,908	\$ 16,046,623	\$ 15,464,558	\$ 14,096,969	\$ 9,685,387	\$ 14,960,706
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 4,147,059	\$ 2,520,366	\$ 1,715,705	\$ 4,611,811	\$ 7,911,908	\$ 16,046,623	\$ 15,464,558	\$ 14,096,969	\$ 9,685,387	\$ 14,960,706





City of Gardner, Kansas Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

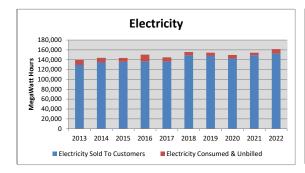
Revenues		<u>2013</u>		<u>2014</u>		2015	<u>2016</u>	2017		2018		<u>2019</u>		2020		<u>2021</u>		<u>2022</u>
Revenues																		
Taxes	\$	8,403,697	\$	8,810,635	\$	8,804,606	\$ 9,417,859	\$ 8,511,312	\$	9,414,397	\$	9,672,669	\$	10,380,570	9	\$ 12,195,449	\$	13,259,860
Licenses and permits		319,508		204,236		189,784	293,055	337,987		452,521		306,785		337,714		307,314		664,523
Fines and fees		415,312		451,700		524,540	591,913	632,258		634,207		651,540		704,130		795,294		1,195,077
Charges for services		744,055		1,867,940		2,103,849	2,253,903	2,444,420		2,593,495		2,882,631		2,371,488		3,080,578		3,143,369
Special assessments		1,401,884		977,266		1,129,613	1,869,075	1,235,823		1,220,611		1,119,494		1,216,401		1,124,026		1,280,106
Intergovernmental		3,368,473		4,306,908		3,769,237	3,604,305	4,165,964		4,780,797		4,008,417		5,963,090		6,507,828		5,965,238
Investment earnings		33,416		11,456		9,867	9,533	65,538		311,797		335,633		137,134		17,313		240,530
Other revenues		138,960		53,362		22,154	 68,397	 25,221		311,488		54,283	_	204,041	_	476,285		414,546
Total revenues		14,825,305		16,683,503		16,553,650	 18,108,040	 17,418,523		19,719,313	_	19,031,452		21,314,568	_	24,504,087		26,163,249
Expenditures																		
General government		2,728,857		3,429,383		3,825,458	4,408,175	2,980,122		3,202,406		2,919,687		3,191,213		3,478,577		3,786,701
Police		3,793,325		4,188,261		4,466,208	5,087,946	3,994,544		4,315,082		4,774,678		4,977,084		5,434,698		5,754,066
Public works		1,439,557		1,600,153		1,918,905	1,944,363	2,725,561		2,892,920		3,503,786		2,869,204		2,731,221		4,033,710
Culture and recreation		1,868,548		1,970,858		2,124,243	2,272,346	2,600,834		2,646,171		2,771,474		1,809,340		2,386,493		2,584,267
Community Development		-		-		-	-	883,428		925,371		1,030,985		946,782		865,692		863,715
Capital outlay		3,786,717		1,720,480		1,239,165	2,445,875	3,058,193		10,614,356		9,404,314		9,224,447		7,902,394		2,516,812
Debt service:																		
Interest		1,202,912		906,684		908,330	690,690	684,294		900,201		1,309,268		1,294,205		1,198,963		1,101,929
Principal		6,524,108		13,008,131		4,062,511	2,971,806	2,227,937		4,231,683		5,025,987		8,516,593		10,511,966		8,577,984
Other		73,359		245,493		58,379	 155,738	192,427		434,986		184,671		154,146		138,470		159,715
Total expenditures		21,417,383		27,069,443		18,603,199	19,976,939	19,347,340		30,163,176		30,924,850		32,983,014		34,648,474		29,378,899
Excess of revenues															_			
over (under) expenditures		(6,592,078)		(10,385,940)		(2,049,549)	(1,868,899)	(1,928,817)		(10,443,863)		(11,893,398)		(11,668,446)		(10,144,387)		(3,215,650)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)																		
Bonds issued		3,256,418		8,090,000			3,548,000	3,505,000		14,985,000		2,465,000		4,825,000		6,120,000		6,990,000
Proceeds from capital lease		3,230,418		8,030,000		-	3,346,000	3,303,000		1,218,000		180,000		4,823,000		0,120,000		0,990,000
Premium on G.O. Bonds		-		224,484		-	124,700	179,886		908,167		112,771		343,479		312,362		698,761
Bond Anticipation notes issued		-		224,404		-	124,700	175,000		308,107		7,365,000		5,205,000		312,302		1,385,000
Construction loan		251,482					_					7,303,000		3,203,000				1,363,000
Sale of capital assets		40,567		22,105		8,583	2,108	3,631		17,475		23,719		16,812		17,542		43,688
Transfers in		2,983,153		1,866,968		1,416,567	1,714,113	1,159,400		1,178,702		1,221,412		1,168,680		2,959,498		4,011,706
Transfers out		(1,954,053)		(1,032,587)		(586,967)	(835,173)	(265,600)		(209,202)		(213,212)		(203,680)		(1,652,092)		(2,954,806)
Total other financing sources (uses)		4,676,077	-	9,170,970	_	838,183	 4,553,748	 4,582,317		18,098,142	_	11,154,690	-	11,355,291	-	7,757,310	_	10,174,349
Total other illianting sources (uses)	-	4,070,077	_	3,170,370	_	636,163	 4,333,746	 4,362,317	-	10,030,142	_	11,134,030	_	11,333,231	_	7,737,310	_	10,174,349
Net change in																		
fund balances	\$	(1,916,001)	\$	(1,214,970)	\$	(1,211,366)	\$ 2,684,849	\$ 2,653,500	\$	7,654,279	\$	(738,708)	\$	(313,155)	9	\$ (2,387,077)	\$	6,958,699
Debt service as a																		
percentage of noncapital expenditures		43.6%		53.6%		28.8%	20.9%	17.9%		26.3%		29.4%		41.3%		43.8%		36.0%

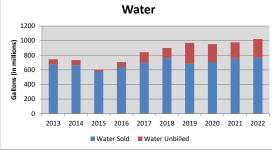
City of Gardner, Kansas Utilities Produced, Consumed, and Treated Last Ten Fiscal Years

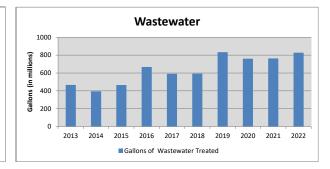
					Gallons of									Total Dir	ect Ra	ite			
	Electricity	Electricity	^(a) Electricity	^(a) Average	Water	Gallons of	(a)Gallons of	^(a) Average	Gallons of		Ele	ectric		w	ater		Wast	ewate	er
Fiscal	Generated &	Sold To	Consumed &	Percent	Produced &	Water	Water	Percent	Wastewater	E	Base		Usage	Base	ι	Jsage	Base		Isage
Year	Purchased	Customers	Unbilled	Unbilled	Purchased	Sold	Unbilled	Unbilled	Treated	(b)	Rate		^(c) Rate	(b)Rate	(Rate	^(b) Rate	(c)	Rate
2013	139,849	129,350	10,499	7.51%	745	675	70	9.40%	467	\$	6.72	\$	0.1082	\$ 11.55	\$	5.15	\$ 11.90	\$	7.60
2014	143,884	134,608	9,276	6.45%	753	664	70	9.30%	395	\$	6.72	\$	0.1082	\$ 12.45	\$	5.55	\$ 13.20	\$	8.44
2015	143,731	135,754	7,977	5.55%	673	577	28	4.16%	466	\$	6.72	\$	0.1082	\$ 13.45	\$	5.99	\$ 13.73	\$	8.78
2016	150,351	136,060	14,291	9.51%	794	633	74	9.32%	668	\$	6.72	\$	0.1082	\$ 13.45	\$	5.99	\$ 13.73	\$	8.78
2017	144,632	136,157	8,723	6.03%	841	699	142	16.88%	591	\$	6.72	\$	0.1082	\$ 13.45	\$	5.99	\$ 13.73	\$	8.78
2018	155,841	148,934	6,907	4.43%	999	761	138	13.81%	593	\$	6.72	\$	0.1082	\$ 13.45	\$	5.99	\$ 13.73	\$	8.78
2019	154,281	147,686	6,595	4.27%	969	684	285	29.41%	833	\$	6.72	\$	0.1082	\$ 13.45	\$	5.99	\$ 13.73	\$	8.78
2020	149,688	142,404	7,284	4.87%	952	708	244	25.63%	760	\$	6.72	\$	0.1038	\$ 13.95	\$	6.21	\$ 13.73	\$	8.78
2021	154,373	149,224	5,149	3.34%	977	754	223	22.82%	763	\$	6.72	\$	0.1038	\$ 14.47	\$	6.44	\$ 13.73	\$	8.78
2022	161,712	152,339	9,373	5.80%	1022	764	258	25.24%	827	\$	6.72	\$	0.1038	\$ 15.01	\$	6.68	\$ 13.73	\$	8.78

Notes: Electricity is presented in MegaWatt Hours and gallons are presented in millions.

Source: City of Gardner Public Works Department & Utility Department







^(a) Unbilled amounts include electric and water used by the City of Gardner for government operations.

⁽b) Rates shown are for residential customers. For more detail on utility rates see the Electric, Water, and Sewer Rate schedule in this section.

⁽c) Per 1,000 gallons.

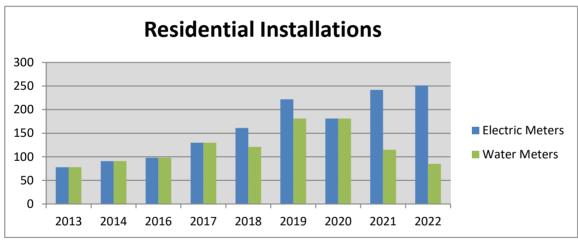
City of Gardner, Kansas

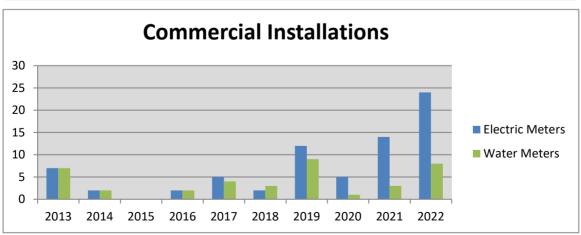
Annual Electric and Water Meter Installations

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal	Electric Meter	Installations	Water Meter	Installations	Total
Year	Residential	Commercial	Residential	Commercial	Installations
2013	78	7	78	7	170
2014	91	2	91	2	186
2015	66	-	66	-	132
2016	98	2	98	2	200
2017	130	5	130	4	269
2018	161	2	121	3	287
2019	222	12	181	9	424
2020	181	5	181	1	368
2021	242	14	115	3	374
2022	251	24	85	8	368

Source: City of Gardner Utility Department





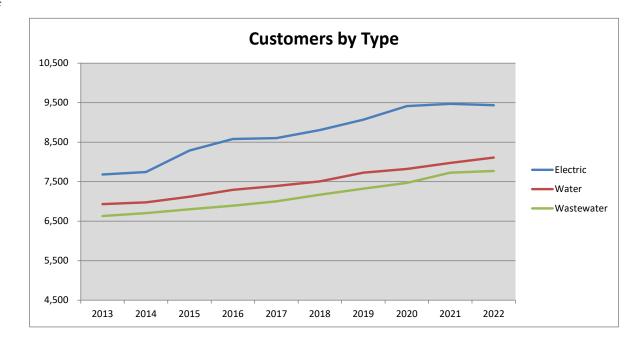
City of Gardner, Kansas

Number of Electric, Water, and Wastewater Customers by Type

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal		Electric			Water			Wastewater			Total	
Year	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Electric	Water	Wastewater
2013	7,214	462	6	6,655	270	7	6,408	216	7	7,682	6,932	6,631
2014	7,274	465	4	6,709	261	7	6,480	219	6	7,743	6,977	6,705
2015	7,806	479	4	6,821	290	7	6,577	219	6	8,289	7,118	6,802
2016	8,089	488	4	6,977	309	7	6,664	221	6	8,581	7,293	6,891
2017	8,081	517	4	7,069	316	7	6,766	229	6	8,602	7,392	7,001
2018	8,288	515	5	7,189	313	7	6,937	228	7	8,808	7,509	7,172
2019	8,541	522	7	7,402	319	7	7,081	235	7	9,070	7,728	7,323
2020	8,869	536	9	7,490	326	7	7,224	239	7	9,414	7,823	7,470
2021	8,917	545	9	7,509	455	9	7,475	245	9	9,471	7,973	7,729
2022	8,866	562	8	7,679	423	9	7,521	241	9	9,436	8,111	7,771

Source: City of Gardner Utility Department



City of Gardner, Kansas Electric, Water, and Wastewater Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

(a)	2013	2014	2015	<u>2016</u>	2017	2018	2019	2020 ^(b)	2021	2022
Water Rates ^(a)										
(All Meter Sizes)										
Base Rate	\$ 11.55	\$ 12.45	\$ 13.45	\$ 13.45	\$ 13.45	\$ 13.45	\$ 13.45	\$ 13.95	\$ 14.47	\$ 15.01
Usage Rate (per 1,000 gallons) First 40,000 gallons	5.15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Usage Rate per 1,000 gallons) Over 40,000 gallons	4.20									
Usage Rate (per 1,000 gallons) First 6,000 gallons	-	5.55	5.99	5.99	5.99	5.99	5.99	6.21	6.44	6.68
Usage Rate per 1,000 gallons) 6,001-10,000 gallons	-	6.11	6.60	6.60	6.60	6.60	6.60	6.84	7.09	7.35
Usage Rate (per 1,000 gallons) 10,001-14,000 gallons	-	6.38	6.89	6.89	6.89	6.89	6.89	7.14	7.40	7.67
Usage Rate (per 1,000 gallons) 14,001-18,000 gallons	-	6.67	7.20	7.20	7.20	7.20	7.20	7.47	7.75	8.04
Usage Rate (per 1,000 gallons)18,001 or more gallons	-	6.97	7.53	7.53	7.53	7.53	7.53	7.81	8.10	8.40
Wastewater Rates										
Base Rate	\$ 11.90	\$ 13.20	\$ 13.73	\$ 13.73	\$ 13.73	\$ 13.73	\$ 13.73	\$ 13.73	\$ 13.73	\$ 13.73
Usage Rate (per 1,000 gallons)	7.60	8.44	8.78	8.78	8.78	8.78	8.78	8.78	8.78	8.78
Electric Rates										
Residential										
Base Rate	\$ 6.72	\$ 6.72	\$ 6.72	\$ 6.72	\$ 6.72	\$ 6.72	\$ 6.72	\$ 6.72	\$ 6.72	\$ 6.72
Usage Rate (per kWh)	0.10819	0.10819	0.10819	0.10819	0.10819	0.10819	0.10819	0.10380	0.10380	0.10380
Commer cial (c)										
Base Rate	\$ 7.35	\$ 7.35	\$ 7.35	\$ 7.35	\$ 7.35	\$ 7.35	\$ 7.35	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Usage Rate (per kWh)	0.11152	0.11152	0.11152	0.11152	0.11152	0.11152	0.11152	-	-	-
Commercial Small With Demand										
Base Rate for Demand	\$ 16.70	\$ 16.70	\$ 16.70	\$ 16.70	\$ 16.70	\$ 16.70	\$ 16.70	\$ 10.00	\$ 10.00	\$ 10.00
Usage Rate (per KW)	14.06	14.06	14.06	14.06	14.06	14.06	14.06	5.00	5.00	5.00
Usage Rate (per kWh)	0.05708	0.05708	0.05708	0.05708	0.05708	0.05708	0.05708	0.07860	0.07860	0.07860
Usage Rate (per kWh) Over 5,000 kWh (c)	0.05053	0.05053	0.05053	0.05053	0.05053	0.05053	0.05053	_	_	_
Commercial Medium With Demand										
Base Rate for Demand	_	_	_	_	-	-	-	\$ 20.00	\$ 20.00	\$ 20.00
Usage Rate (per KW)	-	-	-	_	_	-	-	9.75	9.75	9.75
Usage Rate (per kWh)	_	_	_	_	-	-	-	0.07860	0.07860	0.07860
Commercial Large With Demand										
Base Rate for Demand	\$ 22.26	\$ 22.26	\$ 22.26	\$ 2.26	\$ 2.26	\$ 2.26	\$ 2.26	\$ 35.00	\$ 35.00	\$ 35.00
Usage Rate (per KW)	14.06	14.06	14.06	14.06	14.06	14.06	14.06	14.50	14.50	14.50
Usage Rate (per kWh)	0.05080	0.05080	0.05080	0.05080	0.05080	0.05080	0.05080	0.05400	0.05400	0.05400
Usage Rate (per kWh) Over 5,000 kWh (c)	0.05053	0.05053	0.05053	0.05053	0.05053	0.05053	0.05053	-	-	-
All Electric Rates (c)										
Residential										
Base Rate	\$ 6.20	\$ 6.20	\$ 6.20	\$ 6.20	\$ 6.20	\$ 6.20	\$ 6.20	\$ -	Ś -	\$ -
Summer Usage Rate (per kWh)	0.11088	0.11088	0.11088	0.11088	0.11088	0.11088	0.11088	· .	٠.	· .
Winter Usage Rate (per kWh) First 800 kWh	0.11088	0.11088	0.11088	0.11088	0.11088	0.11088	0.11088			
Winter Usage Rate (per kWh) Over 800 kWh	0.04853	0.04853	0.04853	0.04853	0.04853	0.04853	0.04853			
Commercial	0.04653	0.04653	0.04653	0.04653	0.04653	0.04653	0.04633	-	-	-
Base Rate	\$ 7.35	\$ 7.35	\$ 7.35	\$ 7.35	\$ 7.35	\$ 7.35	\$ 7.35	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Usage Rate (per KW)	\$ 7.35 5.30	ş -	- ډ	ş -						
	0.04198	0.04198	0.04198	0.04198	0.04198	0.04198	0.04198	-	-	-
Summer Usage Rate (per kWh)	0.04198	0.04198	0.04198	0.04198	0.04198	0.04198	0.04198	-	-	-
Winter Usage Rate (per kWh)	0.03894	0.03894	0.03894	0.03894	0.03894	0.03894	0.03894	-	-	-

Source: City of Gardner Utility Department

Note: (a) The City of Gardner implemented a new step rate structure for water in 2014
(b) The City of Gardner implemented new rate structures for water and electric in 2020
(c) Some rates and rate classes were eliminated as part of the implementation of new rate structures in 2020

City of Gardner, Kansas Ten Largest Electric, Water, and Wastewater Customers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

Fiscal Year 2022

	Electric Re	venue		Water Rever	nue		Wastewater Rev	/enue
Customer	Amount	%	Customer	Amount	%	Customer	 Amount	%
Walmart	\$ 344,045.3	1.94%	New Century Airport	\$ 666,280.06	10.54%	Go Car Wash Management Corp	\$ 51,295.65	1.05%
U.S.D. 231 - 425 N Waverly Rd	333,214.2	1.88%	Go Car Wash Management Corp	141,223.76	2.23%	Nottingham Village LP	30,724.46	0.63%
Price Chopper #117	251,369.8	5 1.42%	Nottingham Village LP	50,977.64	0.81%	Trailswest Carwash	23,765.40	0.49%
Coleman Company, Inc.	208,959.0	3 1.18%	Trailswest Carwash	22,903.68	0.36%	Moonlight Plaza	23,545.90	0.48%
Excelligence Learning Corp	193,410.2	5 1.09%	Moonlight Plaza	22,726.00	0.36%	U.S.D. 231 - 425 N Waverly Rd	20,600.08	0.42%
COG - KillCreek WWTP	187,976.7	3 1.06%	U.S.D. 231 - 495 E Grand St	22,047.83	0.35%	U.S.D. 231 - 495 Grand St	20,557.88	0.42%
U.S.D. 231 - 16200 Kill Creek Rd	165,948.8	3 0.93%	U.S.D. 231 - 425 N Waverly Rd	21,209.42	0.34%	Hampton Inn	17,874.02	0.37%
U.S.D. 231 - 495 E Grand St	151,295.0	0.85%	Nottingham Village LP	18,557.54	0.29%	Bristol Partners	17,171.62	0.35%
ITW Labels	144,919.5	3 0.82%	Recover Care, LLC	18,302.10	0.29%	Jacobs Properties	15,257.58	0.31%
Tradenet Publishing	113,815.4	0.64%	Hampton Inn	17,798.42	0.28%	Nottingham Village	15,087.28	0.31%
Subtotal (10 largest)	\$ 2,094,954.3	2 11.80%	Subtotal (10 largest)	1,002,026.45	15.85%	Subtotal (10 largest)	235,879.87	4.84%
Balance from other customers	\$ 15,661,728.2	88.20%	Balance from other customers	 5,321,801.01	84.15%	Balance from other customers	 4,645,211.46	95.16%
Grand Totals	\$ 17,756,682.5	3 100.00%	Grand Totals	\$ 6,323,827.46	100.00%	Grand Totals	\$ 4,881,091.33	100.00%

Fiscal Year 2013

	Electric I	evenue			Water Reve	nue			Wastewater Re	venue
Customer	Amount	%	Customer	Am	ount	%	Customer	Am	ount	%
Wal-Mart	\$ 335,211	52 2.43%	New Century Airport	\$	222,922.00	5.30%	USD 231- WMS Main	\$	30,264.75	0.81%
Price Chopper	269,235	79 1.95%	USD 231- High School Irrigation		36,549.60	0.87%	Jacobs Properties		28,786.20	0.77%
USD 231 - High School Main	219,907	92 1.59%	USD 231- Pioneer Ridge Irrigation		22,580.25	0.54%	R&B Autowash		15,800.15	0.42%
Coleman	217,917	67 1.58%	USD 231- WMS Main		18,283.05	0.43%	Wal-Mart		14,272.25	0.38%
USD 231 - Poineer Ridge	150,377	23 1.09%	Jacobs Properties		17,374.35	0.41%	USD 231- High School Main		13,528.90	0.36%
ITW Labels	144,012	90 1.04%	USD 231- Grand Star Elementary		12,292.44	0.29%	Medical Lodges		11,762.10	0.32%
Tradenet	122,808	48 0.89%	USD 231- High School Irrigation		10,721.40	0.25%	Bristol Partners- 205 N Moonlight		10,221.80	0.27%
USD 231 - WMS Main	86,546	13 0.63%	USD 231- High School Main		10,563.75	0.25%	CMG Operations		10,174.05	0.27%
USD 231 - Sunflower Elementary	80,537	77 0.58%	R&B Autowash		10,269.20	0.24%	Pinnacle Healthcare		9,554.50	0.26%
Century Link- 107 S Elm	70,537	49 0.51%	Wal-Mart		10,018.05	0.24%	Sonic		7,937.85	0.21%
Subtotal (10 largest)	1,697,092	90 12.29%	Subtotal (10 largest)		371,574.09	8.83%	Subtotal (10 largest)		152,302.55	4.08%
Balance from other customers	12,108,412	74 87.71%	Balance from other customers		3,836,558.20	91.17%	Balance from other customers		3,581,683.29	95.92%
Grand Totals	\$ 13,805,505	64 100.00%	Grand Totals	\$	4,208,132.29	100.00%	Grand Totals	\$	3,733,985.84	100.00%

Notes: Dollar values reflected include base rate charges, as well as multiple meters on various accounts.

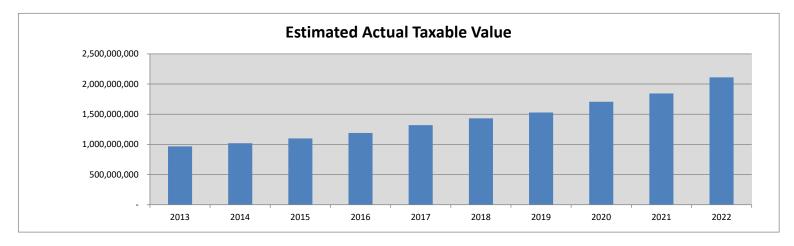
Source: City of Gardner Utility Department

City of Gardner, Kansas
Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property
Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Vacant Lots/Not-	Agricultural							Taxable Assessed Value as
		Commercial	for-Profit	and Other	Personal	State Assessed	Not Otherwise	Total Taxable	Total Direct	Estimated Actual	a Percentage of Actual
Fiscal Year	Residential Property	Property	Property	Property	Property	Utility	Subclassified	Assessed Value	Tax Rate	Taxable Value	Taxable Value
2013	99,823,425	22,122,018	1,276,279	111,138	2,521,248	3,529,808	-	129,383,916	31.133	967,523,973	13.37%
2014	104,947,182	23,509,159	1,445,888	121,944	2,132,218	3,823,250	-	135,979,641	29.434	1,019,076,374	13.34%
2015	113,212,121	25,623,792	1,319,507	135,798	1,803,988	3,836,836	-	145,932,042	29.455	1,098,396,946	13.29%
2016	121,390,107	28,593,736	2,212,724	140,268	1,614,159	4,113,956	-	158,064,950	20.544 ^(a)	1,188,848,018	13.30%
2017	134,815,031	30,564,675	2,827,897	226,029	1,551,718	4,117,515	-	174,102,865	20.540	1,318,882,556	13.20%
2018	147,751,168	31,962,125	2,188,661	162,813	1,551,694	4,756,452	239,102	188,612,015	20.720	1,431,422,817	13.18%
2019	158,457,041	33,314,049	2,073,812	223,801	1,491,583	4,923,303	-	200,483,589	20.710	1,529,171,279	13.11%
2020	170,300,580	50,169,157	2,956,301	296,698	1,874,266	4,957,080	-	230,554,082	20.665	1,707,176,072	13.50%
2021	184,623,605	50,527,253	4,279,461	285,009	1,893,113	4,947,052	-	246,555,493	19.854	1,844,143,869	13.37%
2022	210,995,374	56,254,055	6,162,614	287,430	1,486,496	5,146,883	-	280,332,852	18.699	2,112,071,819	13.27%

Note: Property in Johnson County is reassessed every year. The county assesses property at approximately 25 percent of actual value for commercial, 30 percent for agricultural, 12 percent for not-for-profit, and 11.5 percent for residential. Estimated actual taxable value is calculated by dividing taxable assessed value by those percentages. Tax rates are per \$1,000 of assessed value.

Sources: City of Gardner Finance Department and Johnson County Department of Records and Tax Administration - County Clerk's Office



⁽a) The significant change in the mill levy is due to a \$1.4 million reduction in property tax revenue for the termination of the fire services contract, which is equivalent to a reduction of approximately 9 mills.

City of Gardner, Kansas Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Direct Rat	tes				Overlapping Ra	ites			
Fiscal Year	Gardner General Operating	Bond and Interest	Total Direct Rate - Gardner City	State of Kansas	Johnson County	Johnson County Library	Johnson County Parks and Recreation	Johnson County Community College	Fire District #1	U.S.D. 231 (School District)	Total Direct & Overlapping Rates
2013	23.108	8.025	31.133	1.500	17.745	3.155	2.347	9.551	-	79.170	144.601
2014	21.401	8.033	29.434	1.500	17.764	3.157	2.349	9.461	-	69.711	133.376
2015	19.415	10.040	29.455	1.500	19.582	3.912	3.101	9.469	-	69.185	136.204
2016	13.504	7.040	20.544	1.500	19.590	3.915	3.102	9.473	12.443	67.787	138.354
2017	11.977	8.563	20.540	1.500	19.318	3.921	3.112	9.503	12.440	66.981	137.315
2018	14.116	6.604	20.720	1.500	19.024	3.901	3.088	9.266	12.383	65.969	135.851
2019	14.109	6.601	20.710	1.500	19.036	3.904	3.090	9.121	12.454	65.775	135.590
2020	14.622	6.043	20.665	1.500	18.799	3.905	3.093	9.191	15.715 ^(a)	64.682	137.550
2021	14.048	5.806	19.854	1.500	18.564	3.908	3.096	9.110	15.278 ^(b)	62.995	134.305
2022	12.941	5.758	18.699	1.500	17.772	3.815	3.021	8.617	14.795 ^(b)	61.901	130.120

Source: Johnson County Department of Records and Tax Administration - County Clerk's Office

Note: One mill is \$1 of property tax for each \$1,000 of assessed valuation.

(a) Fire District #1 added 1.953 mills in 2020 for the first year of debt service on the "B" bonds.

(b) The stated mill rate does not include 1.816 mills in 2021 and 1.838 mills in 2022 for Fire District Bond "A" that apply only to recently annexed properties.

City of Gardner, Kansas Principal Tax Payers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

			2022			2013	
	Turn of Business	Taxable Assessed Value	Parel.	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value	Pa-di	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value
Taxpayer	Type of Business	\$ 15,618,110	Rank 1	5.57%	Assessed value	Rank	value
NNN AGP OPP II Owner IV, LLC/Midwest Commerce Center Walmart	Warehousing Retail	3,901,646		1.39%	\$ 1,807,251	1	1.47%
Moonlight Apartments, LLC	Real Estate	3,604,215	2 3	1.29%	1,789,284	2	1.47%
Conestoga TitleHolder, LLC	Real Estate	2,971,828	4	1.06%	1,709,204	2	1.45%
Horizon Trails, LLC	Real Estate	2,139,460	5	0.76%	1,240,390	5	1.01%
Hudson SFR Property Holdings II, LLC/Plum Creek Manor	Real Estate	2,054,385	6	0.73%	1,240,390	5	1.01%
RH Partners Owner Co, LLC/Genesis Farms	Real Estate	1,823,386	7	0.65%			
Group Gardner/Price Chopper	Retail	1,789,000	8	0.64%			
Axiom-Aspen, LLC	Real Estate	1,777,900	9	0.63%			
Santa Fe Storage, LLC	Storage	1,625,050	10	0.58%			
C.L.S. Investment Company	Real Estate	1,023,030	10	0.3876	1,249,315	3	1.01%
Martens Rentals, LLC	Real Estate				1,244,923	4	1.01%
Kansas Gas Service	Utilities				1,076,326	6	0.87%
DJC Properties	Real Estate				991,061	7	0.80%
Energy Center Industrial, LLC	Real Estate				927,001	8	0.75%
Fountain Gate Village, LLC	Real Estate				838,213	9	0.68%
Bristol Partner XVI, LLC	Real Estate				810,500	10	0.66%
Woodstone Apartments, L.P.	Real Estate				010,500	10	0.0070
woodstone Apartments, c.r.	Near Estate						
Totals		\$ 37,304,980		13.31%	\$ 11,974,264		9.71%

Source: Johnson County Clerk's Office

Note: This schedule excludes agreements that the City has with certain entities to make payments in lieu of taxes on property that is currently statutorily exempt from ad volorem property taxes and therefore has no assessed valuation

City of Gardner, Kansas

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS GENERAL AND DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

For years ended December 31, 2013 through December 31, 2022

	_	Current Year	r Collections	_	Total Tax Collections			
	_			Collections in				
Year Ended	Adjusted		Percentage of	Subsequent		Percentage of		
December 31 ⁽¹⁾	Tax Levy	Amount	Levy	Years	Amount	Levy		
2013	4,024,583	3,968,415	98.60%	54,143	4,022,558	99.95%		
2014	4,070,856	4,013,682	98.60%	56,406	4,070,089	99.98%		
2015	4,063,209	3,997,901	98.39%	64,805	4,062,706	99.99%		
2016	4,406,651	4,370,729	99.18%	33,247	4,403,976	99.94%		
2017	3,350,248	3,319,439	99.08%	29,380	3,348,818	99.96%		
2018	3,658,443	3,656,109	99.94%	390	3,656,499	99.95%		
2019	4,002,520	3,970,824	99.21%	27,134	3,997,959	99.89%		
2020	4,261,312	4,223,131	99.10%	31,831	4,254,961	99.85%		
2021	4,701,388	4,680,118	99.55%	4,636	4,684,754	99.65%		
2022	4,833,541	4,795,368	99.21%	(5,856)	4,789,512	99.09%		

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

TAX INCREMENT FINANCING DISTRICTS

For years ended December 31, 2013 through December 31, 2022

	_	Current Year	Collections		Total Tax Collections			
Year Ended	Adjusted		Percentage of	Collections in Subsequent		Percentage of		
December 31 ⁽¹⁾	Tax Levy	Amount	Levy	Years	Amount	Levy		
2013	252,151	252,151	100.00%	-	252,151	100.00%		
2014	252,950	252,950	100.00%	-	252,950	100.00%		
2015	238,635	238,635	100.00%	-	238,635	100.00%		
2016	136,471	136,471	100.00%	-	136,471	100.00%		
2017	-	-	-	-	-	-		
2018	-	-	-	-	-	-		
2019	-	-	-	-	-	-		
2020	622	622	100.00%	-	622	100.00%		
2021	13,457	13,457	100.00%	-	13,457	100.00%		
2022	170,063	170,063	100.00%		170,063	100.00%		

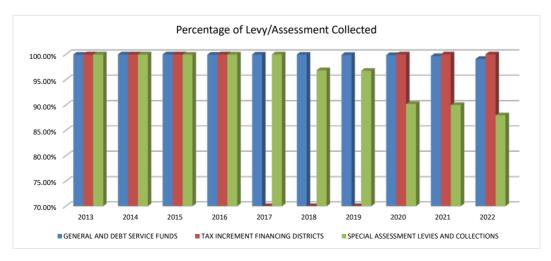
SPECIAL ASSESSMENT LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

For years ended December 31, 2013 through December 31, 2022

		Current Year	Collections		Total Assessment Collections			
Year Ended	Assessments Certified to		Percentage of	Collections in Subsequent		Percentage of		
December 31 ⁽¹⁾	County	Amount	Assessment	Years	Amount	Assessment		
2013	1,262,280	1,068,469	84.65%	193,535	1,262,004	99.98%		
2014	1,225,206	857,846	70.02%	367,093	1,224,939	99.98%		
2015	1,309,313	1,028,131	78.52%	280,515	1,308,646	99.95%		
2016	1,305,642	1,288,438	98.68%	16,780	1,305,218	99.97%		
2017	1,263,310	1,225,138	96.98%	37,843	1,262,981	99.97%		
2018	1,272,825	1,186,403	93.21%	46,314	1,232,717	96.85%		
2019	1,178,720	1,093,669	92.78%	46,792	1,140,461	96.75%		
2020	1,172,880	1,041,270	88.78%	16,638	1,057,908	90.20%		
2021	1,188,355	1,055,291	88.80%	14,121	1,069,412	89.99%		
2022	1,380,633	1,214,412	87.96%		1,214,412	87.96%		

(1) The year shown is the year in which the collections were received. The levy or assessment is certified to the County the previous year.

Source: Johnson County Treasurer's Office

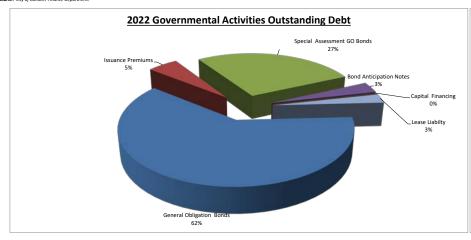


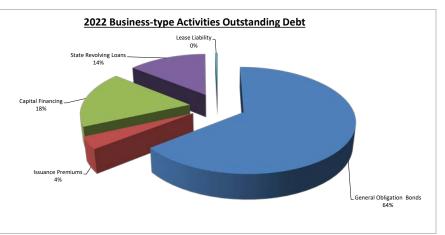
City of Gardner, Kansas Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Governmental Activities								Business-type Activities									
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Issuance Premiums	Special Assessment GO Bonds	Certificates of Participation	Bond Anticipation Notes	Capital Financing	Lease Liability	State Revolving Loans	Lease Revenue Bonds	General Obligation Bonds	Issuance Premiums	Bond Anticipation Notes	Capital Financing	Lease Liability	State Revolving Loans	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income ^(a)	Per Capita ^(a)
2013	6,153,300	147.910	12.385.000	2.670.000	4.915.000	77.489		4,515,624	2.880.000	21.181.700	1.146.323	1.330.000			16.155.452	73.557.798	13.52%	3,593
2013	8,816,334	359,318	15,035,000	1,670,000	4,513,000	59,064	-	4,313,024	2,620,000	18,113,666	1,032,792	1,330,000	-		16,679,528	64,863,586	11.89%	3,139
							-	,										
2015	9,310,684	332,742	12,215,000	475,000	-	226,113	-	244,290	2,330,000	18,049,316	1,108,699	-	-	-	11,590,158	55,882,002	9.68%	2,678
2016	9,216,264	345,252	12,805,000		-	792,116	-	67,609	2,015,000	15,398,736	859,776	-	-	-	10,890,162	52,389,915	8.12%	2,482
2017	9,786,170	492,721	14,012,500	-	-	611,000	-	-	1,670,000	12,231,330	699,751	-	-	-	10,321,146	49,824,618	6.30%	2,309
2018	23,398,487	1,314,814	11,592,500	-	-	1,765,000	-	-	1,295,000	9,039,013	545,189	-	10,750,645	-	9,738,473	69,439,121	8.31%	3,175
2019	24,400,000	1,310,866	8,570,000	-	7,365,000	1,800,000	-	-	900,000	8,845,000	428,989	-	10,418,367	-	9,141,842	73,180,064	9.36%	3,317
2020	25,965,000	1,515,045	7,680,000	-	8,845,000	1,588,407	-	-	470,000	34,115,000	1,993,552	-	10,074,798	-	8,530,826	100,777,628	11.66%	4,444
2021	23,942,500	1,660,260	9,637,500	-	5,205,000	1,371,441	-	-	-	31,720,000	1,794,375	-	9,716,712	-	7,905,171	92,952,959	10.42%	3,992
2022	25,930,000	2,146,680	11,505,000	-	1,385,000	18,987	1,129,758	-	-	34,045,000	1,991,274	-	9,340,883	200,174	7,264,494	94,957,250	10.66%	3,709

Notes: (a) See the Demographic and Economic Statistics schedule in this section for personal income and population data.

Source: City of Gardner Finance Department



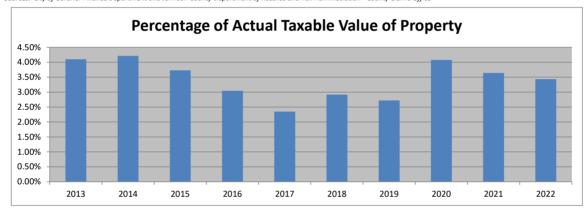


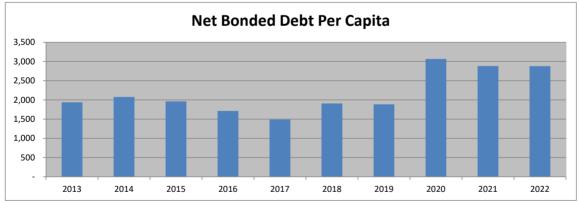
City of Gardner, Kansas Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

	General		Special	Less: Amounts		Percentage of Actual Taxable	
Fiscal	Obligation	Issuance	Assessment	Available in Debt		Value ^(a) of	Per
Year	Bonds	Premiums	GO Bonds	Service Fund	Total	Property	Capita ^(b)
2013	27,335,000	1,294,233	12,385,000	1,351,864	39,662,369	4.10%	1,937
2014	26,930,000	1,392,110	15,035,000	425,504	42,931,606	4.21%	2,077
2015	27,360,000	1,441,441	12,215,000	55,734	40,960,707	3.73%	1,963
2016	24,615,000	1,205,028	12,805,000	2,427,189	36,197,839	3.04%	1,715
2017	22,017,500	1,192,472	14,012,500	5,117,019	32,105,453	2.35%	1,488
2018	32,437,500	1,860,003	11,592,500	4,154,425	41,735,578	2.92%	1,908
2019	33,245,000	1,739,855	8,570,000	1,940,213	41,614,642	2.72%	1,886
2020	60,080,000	3,508,597	7,680,000	1,713,707	69,554,890	4.07%	3,067
2021	55,662,500	3,454,635	9,637,500	1,612,653	67,141,982	3.64%	2,883
2022	59,975,000	4,137,954	11,505,000	1,930,139	73,687,815	3.43%	2,878

Notes: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Sources: City of Gardner Finance Department and Johnson County Department of Records and Tax Administration - County Clerk's Office





⁽a) Property value data can be found in the Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property schedule in this section.

⁽b) Population data can be found in the Demographic and Economic Statistics schedule in this section.

City of Gardner, Kansas Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of December 31, 2022

Governmental Unit	 Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable ^(a)	Estimated Share of Direct and Overlapping Debt
GO Debt repaid with property taxes			
Unified School District No. 231	\$ 105,365,000	63.48%	\$ 66,888,112
Johnson County	16,711,626	2.08%	347,610
Johnson County Community College	43,865,000	2.08%	912,413
Johnson County Park and Recreation	41,090,000	2.08%	854,692
Johnson County Fire District #1	9,095,000	64.22%	5,841,144
Other			
Johnson County: Public Building Commission	250,410,000	2.08%	 5,208,648
Subtotal, overlapping debt			80,052,619
City Direct Debt			 42,115,425
Total direct and overlapping debt			\$ 122,168,044

Notes: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City. ^(a) For debt repaid with property taxes, the percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the governmental unit's taxable assessed value that is within the City's boundaries and dividing it by each unit's total taxable assessed value.

 $\textbf{\textit{Sources:}}\ \ \textit{Johnson County Treasury and Financial Management and the City of Gardner Finance Department}$

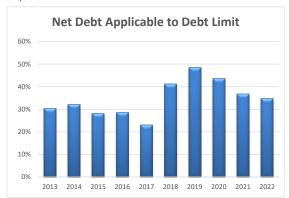
City of Gardner, Kansas Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

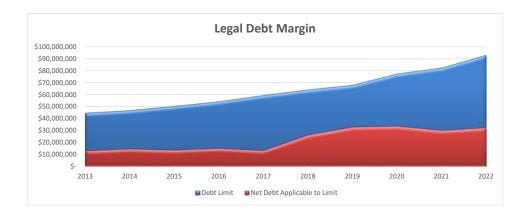
	2013	2014		2015		2016	 2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Debt Limit	\$ 44,867,292	\$ 47,105,324	\$	50,654,924	\$	54,443,006	\$ 59,663,274	\$ 64,350,457	\$ 68,190,386	\$ 77,576,243	\$ 82,542,551	\$ 93,225,575
Total net debt applicable to limit	13,584,740	15,085,450		14,197,925		15,602,174	 13,783,024	 26,568,798	33,054,021	33,830,413	30,302,055	32,468,701
Legal debt margin	\$ 31,282,552	\$ 32,019,874	\$	36,456,999	\$	38,840,832	\$ 45,880,250	\$ 37,781,659	\$ 35,136,365	\$ 43,745,830	\$ 52,240,496	\$ 60,756,874
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	30.28%	32.02%		28.03%		28.66%	23.10%	41.29%	48.47%	43.61%	36.71%	34.83%
	Le	egal Debt Margin Calcula	ation for F	Fiscal Year 202	2							
	Assessed value (a)						\$ 310,751,916					
	Debt limit (30% of as	sessed value) (b)					93,225,575					
	Debt applicable to lin											
		nporary Notes Outstandi side for utilities, refundin	•				72,865,000					
	and revenue-sup	,	ıg,				(40,396,299)					
	Total net debt appl						 32,468,701					
	Legal debt margin						\$ 60,756,874					

Notes: (a) Assessed value includes property tax collected for motor vehicles.

(h) The City is subject to Kansas statutes which limit the amount of net bonded debt (exclusive of revenue, utility, and refunding bonds) the City may have outstanding to 30% of the current assessed valuation of property.

Source: City of Gardner Finance Department



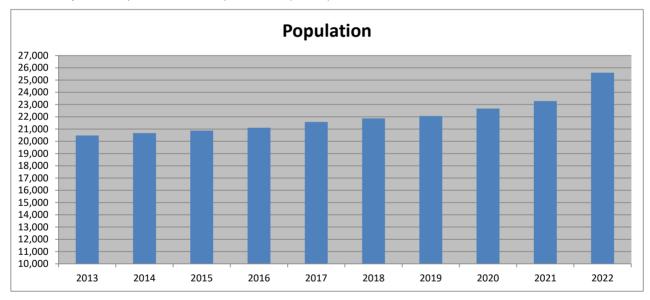


City of Gardner, Kansas Demographics and Economic Statistics Last Ten Calendar Years

Calendar Year	Population ⁽¹⁾	Personal Population ⁽¹⁾ Income		Median Age ⁽⁴⁾	School Enrollment ⁽³⁾	Unemployment Rate ⁽²⁾
2013	20,473	543,988,083	26,571	30.7	5,452	3.8%
2014	20,667	545,629,467	26,401	31.8	5,647	3.1%
2015	20,868	577,104,540	27,655	31.9	5,858	2.9%
2016	21,110	639,907,430	30,313	31.9	6,041	3.1%
2017	21,583	790,952,201	36,647	32.3	6,116	2.9%
2018	21,871	835,865,878	38,218	32.3	6,121	3.0%
2019	22,065	781,498,170	35,418	31.9	6,174	2.5%
2020	22,677	864,333,855	38,115	32.0	5,837	3.3%
2021	23,287	891,822,239	38,297	32.0	5,977	2.0%
2022	25,602	890,719,182	34,791	33.1	6,082	2.9%

Sources: City of Gardner Finance Department and

⁽⁴⁾ Gardner Trade Area Profile. Provided by Southwest Johnson County Economic Development Corportion



⁽¹⁾ US Census Bureau estimate 2011-2018; worldpopulationreview.com 2019; Gardner Trade Area Profile 2020; 2020 US Census Results 2021, Trade Area Profile 2022

⁽²⁾ Unemployment Rate is for Johnson County, Kansas. The City rate is not available. Provided by Southwest Johnson County Economic Development Corporation

⁽³⁾ Unified School District No. 231

City of Gardner, Kansas Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

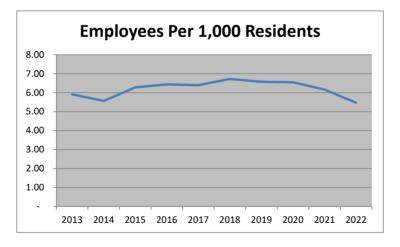
		2022		2013				
			Percentage of Total City			Percentage of Total City		
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment		
Unified School District No. 231	926	1	24.02%	750	1	31.62%		
Walmart	225	2	5.84%	240	2	10.12%		
Coleman	160	3	4.15%	167	3	7.04%		
City of Gardner	150	4	3.89%	134	5	5.65%		
Excelligence Learning Corp	150	4	3.89%			0.00%		
Price Chopper	130	5	3.37%	115	6	4.85%		
TradeNet Publishing	120	6	3.11%	140	4	5.90%		
Meadowbrook Rehabilitation Hospital	113	7	2.93%	104	7	4.38%		
D.O.T. Label, Inc. (ITW)	86	8	2.23%	50	9	2.11%		
Medical Lodge of Gardner	83	9	2.15%	52	8	2.19%		
Cramer Products, Inc.	24	10	0.62%	50	9	2.11%		
Gardner Bank				23	10	0.97%		
Metcalf Bank (First Bank in 2003)				20_		0.84%		
Total	2,167		56.20%	1,845		77.78%		

Source: Southwest Johnson County Economic Development Corportion

City of Gardner, Kansas
Full-time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2013	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	2017	2018	<u>2019</u>	2020	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>
Function										
General government										
Administration/City Clerk	6	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	7
Human Resources/Risk	2	2	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Information Systems	1	1	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Finance										
Finance Admin/Fiscal Services	5	5	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Court	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2.5	2.5	3
Utilities	8	8	9	9	9	9	9	8	6	6
Planning	3	3	5	5	5	5	5	5	4	6
Codes	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	2
Building Services	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Airport	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.5	0.5	0.5
Police										
Administration	5	3	5	6	7	7	7	7	8	6
Operations	23	24	28	28	27	30	30	33	31	29
Animal Control	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
Public Works										
Administration	4	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	2	2
Fleet	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Engineering	4	4	5	5	5	5	5	5	6	6
Streets & Line Maintenance	15	17	12	15	15	18	18	17	17	16
Electric	16	10	14	16	18	18	17	20.5	18.5	16.5
Water	5	6	6	6	6	6	6	5	7	7
Wastewater	5	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	5	5
Culture and Recreation										
Parks Admin/Recreation Services	5	5	6	7	6	6	7	7	5	6
Park Maintenance	6	6	6	6	6	8	6	6	6	6
Total	121	115	131	137	138	147	145	148.5	143.5	140.0

Source: City of Gardner Human Resources Department



City of Gardner, Kansas Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	2013	2014	2015	<u>2016</u>	2017 ^(a)	2018	<u>2019</u>	2020 ^(b)	<u>2021</u>	2022
General government (1)										
Building permits issued	534	607	594	744	852	889	1,155	2,067	1,172	1,163
Building inspections conducted	1,916	2,760	2,723	3,046	4,118	5,553	6,093	6,586	5,647	6,786
Police Department (2)	•		,			·	•		,	
Violations	3,251	3,056	3,426	4,252	4,389	4,008	5,054	4,417	6,124	4,969
Fire responses	415	235	186	188	227	234	242	240	277	430
Medical responses	1,114	904	1,048	1,001	1,064	1,112	1,056	1,238	1,352	1,549
Public Works (3)										
Street resurfacing (shown in linear feet)	3,453	2,420	-	29,276	100,320	100,320	72,225	15,356	7,715	3,545
Curb replacement (shown in linear feet)	2,575	1,945	648	16,310	10,441	28,140	13,868	15,816	7,035	408
Electric (4)										
Average daily consumption (in kWh)	357,700	370,924	371,929	386,687	373,025	372,086	404,619	408,982	422,940	443,047
Electric meters installed	85	93	66	112	80	161	234	157	256	275
Water (4)										
Average daily consumption (in thousands)	1,678	1,896	1,746	1,696	1,765	1,857	1,874	2,380	2,469	2,800
Water meters installed	85	93	66	178	107	253	190	181	118	93
Wastewater (4)										
Average daily sewage treatment (in thousands)	1,280	1,083	1,277	1,295	1,619	1,627	2,282	2,078	2,092	2,266
Culture and Recreation (5)	,	,	,		,	•	•	,	,	•
Athletic Program Participants	4,838	4,894	5.085	4,758	4.691	3,820	3,556	1,743	3.008	2,966
Aquatic Admissions	64,636	66,179	65,301	71,627	64,403	71,111	58,971	, -	43,011	57,974
Airport (6)	,	,	,		,	•	•		,	•
Hangars	-	-	-		94	94	94	94	94	94
Aviation Fuel 100LL purchased (gallons)	-	-	-	-	18,500	14,000	19,626	7,980	13,489	12,705

Sources: City of Gardner Finance Department and

(1) City of Gardner Community Development Department
(2) City of Gardner Police Department

⁽³⁾ City of Gardner Street Department
(4) City of Gardner Utility Department

City of Gardner Utuity Department
 City of Gardner Parks and Recreation Department
 City of Gardner Public Works
 Note: (a) In 2017, the City of Gardner acquired the Airport as a Department of the City.
 (b) In 2020, the City of Gardner did not open the Aquatic Center and athletic program participation was down due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

City of Gardner, Kansas **Capital Asset Statistics by Function** Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2013	2014	2015	<u>2016</u>	2017 ^(b)	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Function	<u></u>									
Police (1)										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol/AC Units	16	16	16	19	20	20	20	20	20	22
Public Works (2)										
Streets (lane miles) (a)	109.61	109.61	191.00	192.00	192.60	194.35	203.00	212.00	219.20	235.00
Streetlights	1,264	1,264	1,750	1,750	1,750	1,759	1,423	1,402	1,434	1,534
Electric (3)										
Generators	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Substations	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Overhead lines (miles)	58.8	58.8	58.4	45.0	44.5	44.4	47.0	47.0	48.5	48.9
Underground lines (miles)	55.8	56.3	56.8	97.0	97.8	99.7	91.0	93.1	96.0	101.9
Water (3)										
Water mains (miles)	107.60997	107.61	134.00	135.00	136.00	137.20	138.00	139.00	141.00	142.20
Treatment Plants	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Wastewater (3)										
Sanitary sewers (miles) (c)	125.97	125.97	109.00	109.00	130.50	132.00	111.00	116.00	120.00	124.00
Storm sewers (miles) (d)	43.92	43.92	45.00	45.00	45.00	46.00	65.00	69.00	71.00	75.00
Treatment Plants	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Culture and Recreation (4)										
Acreage	341.95	341.95	341.95	341.95	341.95	341.95	341.95	341.95	344.35	344.35
Parks	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13
Baseball/softball/soccer fields	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14
Community Centers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Golf Course	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Airport (5)										
Asphalt Runway (feet)	-	-	-	-	2,960	2,960	2,960	2,960	2,960	2,960
Turf Runways (feet)	-	-	-	-	5,394	5,394	5,394	5,394	5,394	5,394

Sources: City of Gardner Finance Department and

(1) City of Gardner Police Department
...

Note: (a) In 2015, street miles reported was changed to street lane miles

(b) In 2017, the City of Gardner acquired the Airport as a Department of the City.

(c) In 2019, the City began reporting only active sanitary sewer lines

(d) In 2019, the City began including open concrete channels/ditches in the storm sewer miles

⁽²⁾ City of Gardner Street Department

⁽³⁾ City of Gardner Utility Department
(4) City of Gardner Parks and Recreation Department

⁽⁵⁾ City of Gardner Public Works

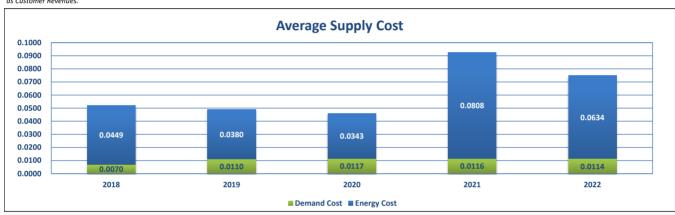
City of Gardner, Kansas Electric Average Power Supply Cost Analysis per KWh and Customer Revenues **Last Five Fiscal Years**

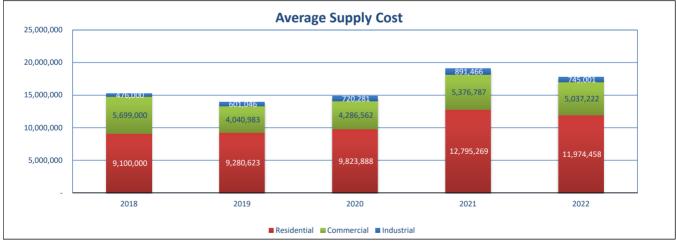
Customer Revenues (a)

	Ave	rage Supply Cost		Customer Revenues ^(a)				
Fiscal Year	Demand Cost	Energy Cost	Total Cost	Peak Load MW	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	
2018	0.0070	0.0449	0.0519	39.4	9,100,000	5,699,000	476,000	
2019	0.0110	0.0380	0.0490	40.4	9,280,623	4,040,983	601,046	
2020	0.0117	0.0343	0.0460	37.8	9,823,888	4,286,562	720,281	
2021	0.0116	0.0808	0.0924	42.2	12,795,269	5,376,787	891,466	
2022	0.0114	0.0634	0.0748	42.1	11,974,458	5,037,222	745,001	

Source: City of Gardner Utility Department

Note: (a) Customers Revenues may differ from the Operating Revenues as shown in the City's Financial statements due to certain Operating Revenues not being classified as Customer Revenues.







ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

For the fiscal year ended

December 31, 2022

ANNUAL OPERATING DATA SECTION

ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND OPERATING DATA FILING

FOR

GARDNER, KANSAS

CITY PROPERTY VALUES

The determination of assessed valuation and the collection of property taxes for all political subdivisions in the State of Kansas is conducted by Kansas counties. The Johnson County Appraiser's office determines annually the assessed valuation that is used as a basis for the mill levy on property located in the City. The County Appraiser's determination is based on criteria established by Kansas statutes.

The market valuation of every property must be updated every year, with physical inspection required once every six years. Valuations as of January 1 are made available in September of each year for taxes payable during the next calendar year. The State Constitution provides that, for ad valorem taxation purposes, real and personal property are divided into classes and assessed at percentages of market value.

2022 Market Value of Taxable Property: \$2,849,825,544*

* Market value is calculated by dividing the City's 2022 appraised value of \$2,145,918,635 by the 2021 final median sales ratio of 75.3% for Johnson County as determined by the State Department of Revenue. (The 2021 sales ratio is the most current ratio available.)

2022 Taxable Assessed Value: \$280,332,852

2022 Equalized Assessed Tangible Valuation: \$310,751,916

		Percent
		of Total
Real Estate	\$273,699,473	97.6%
Personal Property	1,486,496	0.5
State Assessed Utilities	5,146,883	1.9
Taxable Assessed Value	\$280,332,852	100.0%
Motor and Recreational Vehicles	30,419,064	
Equalized Assessed Tangible Valuation	\$310,751,916	

Trend of Values

									Equalized		
					Taxable		Motor and		Assessed		
	Market	Sales	Appraised	Assessed		Assessed Recreational			Tangible		
Year	Value ^(a)	Ratio ^(b)	Value		Value		Value Vehicles		Vehicles	cles Valuati	
2022 \$	2,849,825,544	75.3% \$	2,145,918,635	\$	280,332,852	\$	30,419,064	\$	310,751,916		
2021	2,495,357,827	75.3%	1,879,004,444		246,555,493		28,586,342		275,141,835		
2020	2,275,183,084	76.6%	1,742,790,242		230,554,082		28,033,395		258,587,477		
2019	1,988,616,298	78.5%	1,561,063,793		200,483,589		26,817,699		227,301,288		
2018	2,115,930,445	69.2%	1,464,223,868		188,612,015		25,889,508		214,501,523		

- (a) Market values are calculated by dividing the City's appraised value by the annual sales ratios for Johnson County as provided by the Kansas Sales Ratio Study, Kansas Department of Revenue.
- (b) The 2021 median sales ratio is the most current ratio available.

Sources: City of Gardner, the Johnson County Clerk's Office, and the Kansas Department of Revenue

Ten of the Largest Taxpayers

Taxpayer	Type of Property	2022 Taxable Assessed Value
Midwest Commerce Center	Warehousing	\$15,618,110
Walmart	Retail	3,901,646
Moonlight Apartments, LLC	Real Estate	3,604,215
Conestoga Titleholder, LLC	Real Estate	2,971,828
Horizon Trails, LLC	Real Estate	2,139,460
Plum Creek Manor	Real Estate	2,054,385
Genesis Farms	Real Estate	1,823,386
Group Gardner/Price Chopper	Retail	1,789,000
Axiom-Aspen, LLC	Real Estate	1,777,900
Santa Fe Storage, LLC	Storage	1,625,050
	Total	\$ 37,304,980

Source: Johnson County, KS

CITY INDEBTEDNESS

2022 Total Equalized Assessed Tangible Valuation Debt Limit Ratio	\$310,751,916 <u>30</u> %
Debt Limit Outstanding Debt Subject to Debt Limit	\$ 93,225,575 <u>(32,468,701</u>)*
Debt Authority Remaining December 31, 2022	\$60,756,874
*G.O. Bonds and Temporary Notes Outstanding as of December 31, 2022 Less: Bonds or Notes for Utility Improvements, Refunding, and Revenue Debt	\$72,865,000 (40,396,299)
Total Outstanding Debt Subject to Debt Limit as of December 31, 2022	\$32,468,701

NOTE: G.O. bonds and temporary notes issued to finance utility improvements, revenue bonds, and refunding bonds are not subject to the debt limit.

Direct Debt*

General Obligation Debt

Total G.O. debt being paid from taxes and other City revenues	\$ 70,165,000
Total G.O. debt being paid from water & wastewater revenues	1,315,000
Total General Obligation Debt**	\$ 71,480,000
Temporary General Obligation Debt	
General Obligation Temporary Notes	\$ 1,385,000
Non-General Obligation Debt***	
Total Non-G.O. debt being paid from water & wastewater revenues	\$ 7,264,494
Leases***	
Total lease liabilities	\$ 1,329,932
Capital Financing***	
Capital financed obligations ^a	\$ 9,359,870

^{*} Outstanding debt is as of December 31, 2022

General Obligation Debt

				Amount	% Subject
Date of	Original		Final	Outstanding	to the Debt
<u>Issue</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Purpose</u>	<u>Maturity</u>	as of 12-31-22	<u>Limit</u>
03/27/13	\$7,015,000	Refunding	10/01/24	\$70,000	0.00%
04/10/14	4,895,000	Improvements	10/01/29	2,550,000	80.70
12/23/14	4,140,000	Refunding & Improvements	10/01/29	1,855,000	100.00
07/15/15	3,945,000	Refunding	10/01/25	1,315,000	0.00
12/29/16	2,870,000	Refunding & Improvements	10/01/28	1,515,000	48.10
12/26/16	855,000	Improvements	10/01/26	365,000	0.00
12/20/17	3,505,000	Refunding & Improvements	10/01/27	1,595,000	38.52
06/28/18	14,985,000	Improvements	10/01/37	11,950,000	100.00
06/12/19	1,970,000	Improvements	10/01/28	1,355,000	0.00
12/12/19	2,465,000	Improvements	10/01/29	1,780,000	100.00
05/28/20	27,450,000	Improvements	10/01/40	25,305,000	0.00
12/10/20	4,825,000	Refunding & Improvements	10/01/30	3,960,000	68.50
08/26/21	4,710,000	Refunding & Improvements	10/01/32	4,340,000	17.63
08/26/21	2,185,000	Improvements	10/01/41	2,100,000	100.00
08/10/22	\$11,425,000	Improvements	10/01/42	11,425,000	61.18
Total				\$71,480,000	

^{**} Total General Obligation Debt does not include General Obligation Temporary Note debt

^{***} Non-general obligation debt has not been included in the Debt Ratios section below.

^a Capital financed obligations include \$9,340,883 representing the financing for the City's interest in the Dogwood Energy Facility which are being paid from electric revenues.

Temporary Notes

08/10/22 \$ 1,385,000 Improvements 10/01/23 **\$ 1,385,000** 66.07%

Leases

				-	Amount
Date of	Original		Final	Ou	tstanding
<u>Issue</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Purpose</u>	Maturity	as c	of 12-31-22
2016	\$ 678,000	Land Purchase	10/01/2026	\$	286,208
2018	1,218,000	Improvements	10/01/2028		809,001
2019	135,000	Equipment	10/01/2023		34,549
2020	230,345	Equipment	08/17/2025		99,817
2020	235,422	Equipment	08/31/2025		100,357
Total				\$ 1	1,329,932

Capital Financing

Data of	Outstand		Final	Amount
Date of	Original	Dumaga	Final	Outstanding
<u>Issue</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Purpose</u>	<u>Maturity</u>	as of 12-31-22
2018	10,750,645	Improvements	12/31/2038	9,340,883
2019	45,000	Equipment	04/25/2024	18,987
Total				\$ 9,359,870

State Revolving Loans

During 2006, the City entered into a loan agreement with the Kansas Department of Health and Environment's Kansas Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund. The agreement enabled the City to borrow \$3,483,009 to finance improvements to the wastewater system. The loan will be repaid over twenty years at an interest rate of 2.40%. The total outstanding balance at 12/31/22 is \$864,467.

During 2012, the City entered into a loan agreement with the Kansas Department of Health and Environment's Kansas Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund. The agreement enabled the City to borrow \$10,167,808 to finance improvements to the wastewater system. The loan will be repaid over twenty years at an interest rate of 2.05%. The total outstanding balance at 12/31/22 is \$6,400,027.

Total Obligations Outstanding Excluding the State Revolving Loans

General Obligation Debt	<u>Direct Debt</u> \$72,865,000
Leases	1,329,932
Capital Financing	9,359,870
Total Obligations Outstanding	\$83,554,802

Annual Debt Service Payments Excluding All Temporary Notes

	GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT			CAPITAL FINANCING				
			Р	RINCIPAL &			Р	RINCIPAL &
YEAR		PRINCIPAL		INTEREST		PRINCIPAL		INTEREST
2023	\$	5,905,000	\$	8,289,744	\$	404,506	\$	862,373
2024		6,210,000		8,317,901		424,207		861,486
2025		5,930,000		7,823,625		435,510		851,180
2026		5,685,000		7,371,326		456,479		849,849
2027		5,600,000		7,083,425		479,061		849,043
2028		5,400,000		6,685,827		503,256		848,680
2029		5,190,000		6,293,425		529,064		848,680
2030		4,370,000		5,311,332		554,872		847,390
2031		3,530,000		4,338,932		583,906		847,954
2032		3,380,000		4,087,281		612,940		847,067
2033		2,700,000		3,303,657		643,587		846,301
2034		2,775,000		3,308,031		675,847		845,575
2035		2,845,000		3,299,144		709,720		844,809
2036		2,930,000		3,302,588		743,593		842,349
2037		3,025,000		3,304,843		782,305		842,913
2038		1,770,000		1,954,038		821,017		841,542
2039		1,825,000		1,956,062		-		-
2040		1,875,000		1,950,826		-		-
2041		330,000		349,125		-		-
2042		205,000		213,200		-		-
TOTAL	\$	71,480,000	\$	88,544,331	\$	9,359,870	\$	13,577,191

Annual Debt Service Payments Excluding All Temporary Notes (Continued)

	LEASES			STATE REVOLVING LOANS				
	PRINCIPAL &				PI	RINCIPAL &		
YEAR	PRINCIPAL		INTEREST		F	PRINCIPAL		INTEREST
2023	\$	297,753	\$	342,166	\$	656,066	\$	804,529
2024		270,792		306,955		671,824		806,181
2025		254,003		282,127		687,959		807,866
2026		212,384		232,435		704,487		809,600
2027		144,000		156,171		721,410		811,369
2028		151,000		156,323		551,772		627,327
2029		-		-		564,536		628,715
2030		-		-		577,594		630,133
2031		-		-		590,956		631,586
2032		-		-		604,626		633,071
2033		-		-		618,612		634,592
2034		-		-		314,652		317,877
2035		-		-		-		-
TOTAL	\$	1,329,932	\$	1,476,177	\$	7,264,494	\$	8,142,846

Indirect Debt

Debt Applicable to Value in City

	G.O. Debt			
<u>Taxing Unit(a)</u>	As of 12/31/22	<u>Percent</u>	<u>Amount</u>	
	(b)			
Johnson County	\$270,086,626	2.08%	\$5,617,932	
Johnson County Fire District #1	9,095,000	64.22%	5,841,144	
U.S.D. No. 231 (Gardner)	105,365,000	63.48%	66,888,112	
Total			\$78,344,313	_

- (a) Only those taxing units which have general obligation debt outstanding are shown here.
- (b) Excludes general obligation debt supported by revenues and revenue debt. Includes airport debt and \$250,410,000 of lease purchase revenue bonds issued by the Public Building Commission of Johnson County (PBC) which are payable solely from lease payments received by the PBC from the County and the Library Board, respectively.

Debt Ratios*

	G.O.	G.O. Indirect &	
	Direct Debt	Direct Debt	
To 2022 Appraised Valuation (\$2,145,918,635)	1.5%	5.2%	
To 2022 Equalized Assessed Tangible Valuation (\$ 310,751,916)	10.5%	35.7%	
Per Capita (25,602 – 2022 Trade Area Profile Estimate)	\$1,269	\$4,329	

^{*}Excludes bonds and notes supported by revenues, refunding bonds, state loans, and the aforementioned financing of the Dogwood Energy Facility being paid from electric revenues. Includes other temporary notes and bonds.

CITY TAX RATES, LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

Property taxes are certified by the City to the County Clerk by August 25 of each year for the following fiscal year, unless the City has notified the County Clerk of their intent to levy above the revenue neutral rate (RNR). If the City intends to exceed the RNR, the deadline to certify property taxes is October 1. Taxes are levied by the County Clerk and payable to the County Treasurer. Property taxes may be paid in two installments, the first due December 20 in the year the taxes are levied and the second due May 10 of the following year. Taxes become delinquent after May 10 and interest accrues at a rate set by state statute until paid or until the property is sold for taxes. Special assessments are levied and collected in the same manner as property taxes.

Tax Rates of the City (Expressed in Mills)

Levy	Budget		Bond	
<u>Year</u>	<u>Year</u>	General	<u>Indebtedness</u>	<u>Total</u>
2022	2023	12.941	5.758	18.699
2021	2022	14.048	5.806	19.854
2020	2021	14.622	6.043	20.665
2019	2020	14.109	6.601	20.710
2018	2019	14.116	6.604	20.720

Source: Johnson County Clerk's Office.

Tax Mill Levies*

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Johnson County	19.024	19.036	18.799	18.564	17.772
State of Kansas	1.500	1.500	1.500	1.500	1.500
City of Gardner	20.720	20.710	20.665	19.854	18.699
Johnson Co.Park & Rec.	3.088	3.090	3.093	3.096	3.021
Johnson County Library	3.901	3.904	3.905	3.908	3.815
Johnson County	9.266	9.121	9.191	9.110	8.617
Community College					
Fire District #1	12.383	12.454	15.715	15.278	14.795
U.S.D. No. 231 (Gardner	65.969	65.775	64.682	62.995	61.901
Edgerton)					

^{*} Tax Levy Rates for a resident of the City (per \$1,000 assessed valuation).

Source: Johnson County Abstract of Taxes.

Tax Levies and Collections

The City may levy taxes in accordance with the requirements of its adopted budget and within the restrictions of Kansas statute. The County Clerk determines property tax levies based on the assessed valuation provided by the County Appraiser and spreads the levies on the tax rolls.

City of Gardner, Kansas

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS GENERAL AND DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

For years ended December 31, 2013 through December 31, 2022

		Current Year Collections		_	Total Tax C	Collections
				Collections in		
Year Ended	Adjusted		Percentage of	Subsequent		Percentage of
December 31 ⁽¹⁾	TaxLevy	Amount	Levy	Years	Amount	Levy
2013	4,024,583	3,968,415	98.60%	54,143	4,022,558	99.95%
2014	4,070,856	4,013,682	98.60%	56,406	4,070,089	99.98%
2015	4,063,209	3,997,901	98.39%	64,805	4,062,706	99.99%
2016	4,406,651	4,370,729	99.18%	33,247	4,403,976	99.94%
2017	3,350,248	3,319,439	99.08%	29,380	3,348,818	99.96%
2018	3,658,443	3,656,109	99.94%	390	3,656,499	99.95%
2019	4,002,520	3,970,824	99.21%	27,134	3,997,959	99.89%
2020	4,261,312	4,223,131	99.10%	31,831	4,254,961	99.85%
2021	4,701,388	4,680,118	99.55%	4,636	4,684,754	99.65%
2022	4,833,541	4,795,368	99.21%	(5,856)	4,789,512	99.09%

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS TAX INCREMENT FINANCING DISTRICTS

For years ended December 31, 2013 through December 31, 2022

		Current Year Collections			Total Tax C	Collections
Year Ended December 31 ⁽¹⁾	Adjusted Tax Levy	Amount	Percentage of Levy	Collections in Subsequent Years	Amount	Percentage of Levy
2013	252,151	252,151	100.00%	-	252,151	100.00%
2014	252,950	252,950	100.00%	-	252,950	100.00%
2015	238,635	238,635	100.00%	-	238,635	100.00%
2016	136,471	136,471	100.00%	-	136,471	100.00%
2017	-	-	-	-	-	-
2018	-	-	-	-	-	-
2019	-	-	-	-	-	-
2020	622	622	100.00%	-	622	100.00%
2021	13,457	13,457	100.00%	-	13,457	100.00%
2022	170,063	170,063	100.00%		170,063	100.00%

⁽¹⁾ The year shown is the year in which the collections were received. The levy or assessment is certified to the County the previous year.

Source: Johnson County Treasurer's Office

Special Assessment Collections

Special assessments are spread on benefited real estate with the property tax levy in August of each year. Interest on special assessments is computed relative to the rate of the obligations which financed the public improvements. The following table presents special assessments levied and collected.

SPECIAL ASSESSMENT LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

For years ended December 31, 2013 through December 31, 2022

		Current Yea	ar Collections		Total Assessme	ent Collections
Year Ended	Assessments Certified to		Percentage of	Collections in Subsequent		Percentage of
December 31 ⁽¹⁾	County	Amount	Assessment	Years	Amount	Assessment
2013	1,262,280	1,068,469	84.65%	193,535	1,262,004	99.98%
2014	1,225,206	857,846	70.02%	367,093	1,224,939	99.98%
2015	1,309,313	1,028,131	78.52%	280,515	1,308,646	99.95%
2016	1,305,642	1,288,438	98.68%	16,780	1,305,218	99.97%
2017	1,263,310	1,225,138	96.98%	37,843	1,262,981	99.97%
2018	1,272,825	1,186,403	93.21%	46,314	1,232,717	96.85%
2019	1,178,720	1,093,669	92.78%	46,792	1,140,461	96.75%
2020	1,172,880	1,041,270	88.78%	16,638	1,057,908	90.20%
2021	1,188,355	1,055,291	88.80%	14,121	1,069,412	89.99%
2022	1,380,633	1,214,412	87.96%	-	1,214,412	87.96%

⁽¹⁾ The year shown is the year in which the collections were received. The levy or assessment is certified to the County the previous year.

Source: Johnson County Treasurer's Office

Sales Tax Collections

The current total sales tax rate of the City is 9.475%, of which the City's portion is 1.50%, the County's portion is 1.475%, and the State's portion is 6.5%.

The following table sets forth the City's portion of sales tax collections within the City in the years indicated:

	Amount
<u>Year</u>	<u>Received</u>
2022	4,884,620
2021	4,389,698
2020	4,065,662
2019	3,689,312
2018	3,594,603
2017	3,510,641
2016	3,323,159

Note: The figures above do not include collections from community improvement district sales taxes. At the request of developers and all of the property owners within each proposed community improvement district, the City has established three community improvement districts (CIDs). The CIDs typically impose a 1.0% CID sales tax within each district, which amount is in excess of the City's 9.475% sales tax rate. The CID sales tax collections are typically made available to developers to reimburse certain eligible costs of development and are not generally available to support governmental functions of the City.